

To: Council

On: 12 December 2024

Report by: Director of Finance & Resources

Heading: Review of the Scheme for the Establishment of Community

Councils

1. Summary

- 1.1 The purpose of this report is to amend the Draft Scheme that sets out the Council's proposals to revise the Scheme for the Establishment of Community Councils (the Scheme) to take account of representations received following statutory public consultation on the content and provisions of the Draft Scheme.
- 1.2 An amended Draft Scheme reflecting the revisions now proposed is appended to this report.
- 1.3 Should these revisions be approved, it will be necessary, in terms of the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973, to undertake a second and final phase of statutory public consultation on the revisions now proposed.
- 1.4 At the conclusion of the second and final phase of statutory public consultation, a report will be submitted to a special meeting of the Council called for that purpose, to consider the adoption of a duly revised Scheme for the Establishment of Community Councils (2025).

2. Recommendations

2.1 That the revisions to the Draft Scheme, as set out in the amended Draft Scheme appended to this report, be approved;

- 2.2 That it be noted that a second and final phase of statutory public consultation will be carried out on the content and provisions of the amended Draft Scheme; and
- 2.3 That it be noted that at the end of the second and final phase of public consultation a report will be submitted to a special meeting of the Council called for that purpose, to consider the adoption of a duly revised Scheme for the Establishment of Community Councils (2025).

3. Background Information

- 3.1 The Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973 (the Act) places a duty on the Council to have in place a Scheme detailing the provisions it will make to establish and support community councils in its area.
- 3.2 The Scheme sets out arrangements for community council: boundaries; elections; membership; meetings; level of annual grant; liability; suspension and dissolution and includes the Constitution and Standing Orders to apply to community councils, together with a Code of Conduct for community council members and a summary of expectations.
- 3.3 The Council also has a duty under the Act to keep the content and provisions of its Scheme under review having regard to changing circumstances, and any representations received in this respect. The Act also sets out the steps to be taken to review the Scheme and makes provision for statutory public consultation to be carried out on any proposals to revise the Scheme. The last review was conducted during 2018 and a revised Scheme was adopted by the Council in 2019.
- 3.4 On 26 September 2024, the Council agreed to review the current Scheme and to undertake statutory public consultation on the content and provisions of a Draft Scheme.
- 3.5 Invitations to participate in the consultation were issued to all community councils and to Renfrewshire Community Council Forum together with information and advice on how to respond by the deadline.
- 3.6 The consultation was highlighted on the 'Have your say' section of the Council's website where a range of information documents were available including a Consultation Response Form (for written responses) and access to an online survey (for online responses).
- 3.7 Renfrewshire Council's Elected Members, all community councils and Community Council Forum members were notified that the consultation had commenced on 1 October 2024 for an eight-week period and would conclude on 26 November 2024. Electronic links to the consultation documentation and online survey materials were also provided.

4. Public Consultation

- 4.1 Community councils and the public were invited to make representations on the content and provisions of a Draft Scheme containing a number of proposed amendments. The majority of these amendments updated or clarified existing information and had little or no impact on the operation of community councils
- 4.2 One amendment introduced and/or referenced the Community Council Complaints Procedure and Guidance which, in terms of its implementation, would have a significant impact on community councils and their members and require the Council to provide appropriate training both prior to implementation and at regular intervals thereafter.
- 4.3 Representations on the content and provisions of the Draft Scheme were received from one community council.
- 4.4 Details of all comments received are attached at Appendix 1 to this report and are summaries below.
- 4.5 Councillor Andy Doig submitted comments on the proposed new complaints process; various administrative issues; the need to disclosure check all community councillors; and the barring of political party members from being Chairs of community councils. An updated model complaints process based on the comments made by Councillor Doig is attached as Appendix G to the Revised Scheme.
- 4.6 Howwood Community Council submitted representations in relation to the submission of community council minutes. The Community Council supported the introduction of a community council complaints procedure to encourage good working practice and continued improvement.
- 4.7 An individual member of Hawkhead and Lochfield Community Council raised a number of issues relating to what community councils were able to consider and the clerking of community councils.
- 4.8 There were three requests for changes to community council boundaries at Hawkhead and Lochfield/Paisley East & Whitehaugh; Erskine/Bishopton; and Inchinnan/Erskine. These proposals will be considered as part of the next stage of the Review and in all three cases robust evidence will require to be produced to demonstrate that local residents are happy with these proposals.
- 4.9 No comments were received relative to the inclusion in the Scheme of a section relating to the holding of virtual meetings.
- 4.10 A copy of the revised Scheme is attached at Appendix 2 to this report.

Implications of the Report

- 1. **Financial** None
- 2. **HR & Organisational Development** None
- 3. Community/Council Planning
 - Our Renfrewshire is fair Community councils represent all residents in their area with fairness and equality and, although not part of local government, are considered the first tier of local democracy.
 - Our Renfrewshire is safe Community councils contribute towards keeping residents safe and, to help them do so, have developed strong working relationships with local community police and warden services.
 - Reshaping our place, our economy and our future Community councils are statutory consultees on planning and some licensing matters.
 - Building strong, safe and resilient communities As advocates for their neighbourhoods, community councils have developed strong working relationships with all public sector service providers and in that way help to plan services and communicate those plans to residents.
- 4. **Legal** As set out in the report.
- 5. **Property/Assets** None.
- 6. **Information Technology** None.
- 7. Equality & Human Rights

The Recommendations contained within this report have been assessed in relation to their impact on equalities and human rights. No negative impacts on equality groups or potential for infringement of individuals' human rights have been identified arising from the recommendations contained in the report. If required following implementation, the actual impact of the recommendations and the mitigating actions will be reviewed and monitored, and the results of the assessment will be published on the Council's website.

- 8. **Health & Safety** None.
- 9. **Procurement** None.
- 10. **Risk** None.
- 11. **Privacy Impact None**

- 12. **Climate Risk** None.
- 13. **Cosla Policy Position** None.

14. **Children's Rights** – None.

List of Background Papers:

- (a) Renfrewshire Council <u>Scheme for the Establishment of Community Councils</u> (2019)
- (b) Report to Council, 26 September 2024: Review of the Scheme for the Establishment of Community Councils

Author: Dave Low

Democratic Services Manager

0141 487 1118

david.low@renfrewshire.gov.uk

(a) Councillor Andy Doig

1. Councillor Doig suggested an alternative community council complaints process and attached a copy of the Aberdeen model as such an alternative.

There are no obvious barriers to using the Aberdeen model as the basis of the Renfrewshire Community Council Complaints process and an adapted version of this model is attached as Appendix G to the Scheme. It is proposed that the updated complaints process now be included as part of the second phase of consultation.

2.In terms of wording the ruling to display minutes of previous meetings within seven days publicly should be changed to "draft minutes shall be displayed within seven days, subject to final approval at the next CC meeting", therefore making it clear that the minutes displayed may be subject to democratic amendment.

The existing Scheme sets out that the Council should receive an agenda from every community council seven days before a meeting. The agenda should include all attachments, including the previous Minute – this replicates the Council's practice where the volume of draft Minutes is included on each standard Council agenda for approval and the Minutes are only freely available to members of the public after they have been approved by Council. This will be highlighted in the Scheme and replicated throughout governance documents to ensure consistency. A copy of the approved Minutes should be sent with seven days of them having been approved.

3. In terms of the number of times CC's meet per year rather than ten Councillor Doig has suggested that it be a minimum of seven subject to adjustment by the CC Committee. The reason being some CCs are very active and need monthly meetings, but many are not, and a two monthly cycle would suit them better.

Paragraph 10.2 of the current Scheme sets out that "the frequency of meetings will be determined by each community council, subject to a minimum of 7 meetings each year (one annual general meeting and 6 ordinary meetings). Standing Orders shall identify the months in which meetings are to take place. The annual general meeting shall be held in OCTOBER each year." Therefore, no further change is required to the Scheme to reflect this proposal.

4. Councillor Doig has suggested that there is increasing evidence of party political interference in a minority of community councils and has proposed that it should be a stipulation that CC Conveners should not be members of a

political party. This is more important than ever given that CC Conveners have a vote and a voice on LP applications, we need to ensure there is no political insider dealing whereby grants are given to community organisations which may also be members of the same party.

All members of a community council are bound by a Code of Conduct which sets out key principles which all community councillors should conform to. In terms of the requirement for selflessness,

Community councillors have a duty to take decisions solely in terms of the interest of the community that they represent. They must not use their position as a community council member to gain financial, material, political or other personal benefit for themselves, family or friends.

Other key principles include Service to the Community (Public Service); Integrity; Objectivity; Accountability and Stewardship; Openness; Honesty; Leadership; and Respect.

Given the foregoing, any community councillor who breaches the code, including office holders, would face sanction, more so given the proposed introduction of a community council complaints process.

In relation to Local Partnerships, all members are required to declare interests/transparency statements when there may be a perceived conflict of interest in any matter under discussion. Elected Members on Local Partnerships are bound by the Councillors' Code of Conduct and any suspected breaches may be reported to the Standards Commission.

Given the above, it is not proposed to incorporate Councillor Doig's proposal into the revised Scheme.

5.Councillor Doig further suggested that all CC members be checked by Disclosure Scotland, given that many community councils organise fetes and other public events.

Disclosure Scotland may only release information held under the scheme to a third party if that party, "declares that the disclosure is requested for the purpose of enabling or assisting the person ... to consider the scheme member's suitability to do, or to be offered or supplied for, that type of regulated work," (s.55 of the Protection of Vulnerable Groups (Scotland) Act 2007). In other words, if the Council were to insist on community council members being PVG checked, it would need to be able to satisfy Disclosure Scotland that they would be engaged in 'regulated work'.

'Regulated work' breaks down into work with children and work with adults; and the types of work which fall within each definition are set out comprehensively in Schedules 2 and 3 of the 2007 Act. These categories would not be expected to apply

to community councillors. On that basis, Disclosure Scotland would not be permitted to disclose an individual's scheme record to the Council for the purpose of checking they could act as a community councillor. It follows that this could not be a restriction that could be imposed by the Council.

(b) Howwood Community Council

The community council responded via the consultation proforma

The community council has suggested the amendment of paragraph 4 of Section 3 of the Scheme: Roles & Responsibilities of Community Councils.

Howwood Community Council highlights that it has always issued its minutes to the Council when they are approved at the following community council meeting. Otherwise, they suggest, they would be sending both 'draft' and signed off minutes, which requires double handling at both ends. This also creates the possibility of the wrong version being held by the Council and increases workload.

The community council has suggested the following revisal:

"4. Submit meeting minutes to Renfrewshire Council as soon as possible following sign off."

A response to the change to the regime for the submission of Minutes to the Council was provided in relation to Councillor Doig's proposal. This is replicated below:-

"The existing Scheme sets out that the Council should receive an agenda from every community council seven days before a meeting. The agenda should include all attachments, including the previous Minute – this replicates the Council's practice where the volume of draft Minutes is included on each standard Council agenda for approval and the Minutes are only freely available to members of the public after they have been approved by Council. This will be highlighted in the Scheme and replicated throughout governance documents to ensure consistency. A copy of the approved Minutes should be sent with seven days of them having been approved."

The Community Council supported the introduction of a community council complaints procedure to encourage good working practice and continued improvement.

(c) Individual member of Hawkhead and Lochfield community Council

"I do not know the history of complaints regarding Community Councils. My only comment therefore is to question whether there is any history of discontent about the working of Community Councils, as I don't see the point of introducing procedures unnecessarily, if no problems have been previously identified?

I note that Renfrewshire Council, in particular, values their contribution regarding planning matters. I think that this is an important issue, especially for Hawkhead Lochfield CC, as, in my brief time being associated with that Council, have yet to see any planning applications being brought to a CC meeting.

I believe that it is imperative that local people should be given the opportunity to discuss planning applications informally, outside of the planning committee, and the CC is an appropriate forum for this discussion. Therefore I would urge that all CCs, especially Hawkhead Lochfield, be required to table all planning applications that affect their community at their meetings and allow time for some discussion.

If this means more frequent or longer meetings, then so be it, although a maximum of 2 hours for a CC meeting would be an appropriate safeguard against verbosity.

Similarly, I think that CCs should also be encouraged to discuss other local services that affect them, without censor (as per para. 3.1 of existing scheme). For instance, the impact of local schools and the conduct of school pupils outside of school. Areas where litter bins should be provided, such as bus stops. Local bus services etc.

CCs should be encouraged to be a conduit for local people to feed back to their councillors, so attendance of Renfrewshire Councillors at their CCs should be a matter of public record.

As to boundaries, this is a matter of reflecting population changes and expediency, so I am happy for Council officials to monitor this and make recommendations as and when they feel fit, or when asked to do so by two or more adjacent CCs.

It is important that if a CC decides that in person meetings should be held, which would be my preference, then adequate space be allowed for all CC members, councillors and members of the public to attend. I feel that this is a problem at Hawkhead and Lochfield CC that should be addressed, as I believe it is a disincentive for CC members and others to attend.

I also feel that to achieve consistency across CCs, secretarial support should be offered to take minutes at every meeting, by Renfrewshire Council. These minutes should then be published on the appropriate social media and voted on by the CC at its next meeting. They should include any recommendations made regarding planning applications. Similarly, Council officials should assist in publishing CC information on social media, as members (including me) may have little experience of the most effective methods of doing this?

I agree that an agenda does need to be published, at least one week before the meeting, including details of all planning applications received by the CC since the last meeting and not previously addressed. As previously mentioned, members of the CC should be encouraged to ask for discussion on local issues to be added to the agenda. Every encouragement should be given to members to attend meetings, including electronic reminders a day or two before the event."

A number of the issues raised in the above submission highlight matters that require to be addressed by the community council itself rather than this Council as part of the ongoing Review of the Scheme.

Community Councils, unlike other community organisations, are included in the consultation process for all planning applications. They have the right to receive copies of applications and are recognised as competent bodies to make representations regarding applications.

Community Councils are also statutory consultees in terms of section 21 of the Licensing (Scotland) Act 2005 and are consulted on all applications for provisional/premises licences and major variations to premises licences. They are also consulted on the development of the Licensing Policy Statement and any supplementary Licensing Policy Statement.

Community councils are included in many other Renfrewshire council consultations and have standing membership of relevant Local Partnership.

The content of community council agendas is a matter for each individual community council and its members. The statutory purposes of community councils established under this Scheme are set out in Section 51 (2) of the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973, as follows: -

"In addition to any other purpose which a community council may pursue, the general purpose of a community council shall be to ascertain, co-ordinate and express to the local authorities for its area, and to public authorities, the views of the community which it represents, in relation to matters for which those authorities are responsible, and to take such action in the interests of that community as appears to it to be expedient and practicable"

The Community Empowerment (Scotland) Act 2015, further strengthens the purpose of community councils by including voluntary bodies within the community planning framework. As voluntary bodies, community councils:

- (1) can participate in all parts of the community planning process to produce Local Outcome Improvement Plans, in the development, design and delivery of these plans and in the review, revision and reporting of progress;
- (2) can make Participation Requests;
- (3) can make Asset Transfer requests;
- (4) can be involved in forestry leasing;
- (5) have a right to be consulted on the disposal or change of use of common good assets; and
- (6) can be involved in Participatory Budgeting.

Community councils are voluntary bodies that exist within a statutory framework. They can complement the role of the local authority but are not part of local government and therefore it would not be appropriate for the Council to provide secretaries to each community council.

Consensus amongst Scottish local authorities suggests community councils could engage the services of a minute secretary but that they could only be paid via an honorarium. The person engaged could not be a current member of the community council nor would they have voting rights or be a member of the community council. The honorarium for this role would need to be met from the community council's annual administration grant. It's also worth noting that the distinct formal role of secretary would still need to be filled.

For these reasons it is proposed that no change be made to the Scheme.

Boundary Issues

(d) Councillor Mylet

Councillor Mylet has proposed that the new Hawkhead estate be included in the Hawkhead and Lochfield Community Council area and not the Paisley East & Whitehaugh Community Council area.

(e) Councillor J MacLaren

At the special meeting of Renfrewshire Council held on 26 September, Councillor James MacLaren proposed that the boundaries of Erskine and Bishopton communities councils should be realigned to the ward boundaries.

(e) Inchinnan Community Council

Inchinnan Community Council (ICC) is of the view that areas of Inchinnan developed/rezoned into Erskine housing would be better served by Erskine Community Council (ECC) but ICC would prefer other lands not yet developed to remain with ICC.



In all these three instances, where there are requests that boundaries be amended, the Council cannot act to change a community council boundary without evidence that residents affected by the proposed change support such a change. To do otherwise would erode democratic principles and risk conflict between residents and the relevant community councils and ultimately the Council should it later be discovered that there is opposition to the proposed change.

The proposals should be robust and could include, but would not be not limited to:

- the reason(s) for the proposed change (ie: to better reflect the sense of community felt by local residents currently living in the area and those moving into newly-built homes nearby, etc)
- as much evidence as possible to support the reasons for changing the boundary and creating a new boundary: such as
- written confirmation from the community council losing an area that it supports the removal of a section of its current area into the other area and why;

- written confirmation from residents currently living in the 'receiving' community council area that they see the new area as part of their community, and why;
- written confirmation from residents currently living in the community council losing the area that they identify more readily with the 'receiving' community council, and why;
- a detailed map showing the new boundary proposed and a written definition thereof; and
- the number of households/population to be moved from one community council area to the other.



Scheme for the Establishment of Community Councils

	Document Title	Scheme for the Establishment of Community Councils			
	Service	Finance & Resources	Lead Author	Dave Low	
	Date Effective	December 2010	Review Date	2015	
	Revised	February 2015	Review Date	2019	
Г	Revised	September 2019	Review Date	2023	
	Revised				

CONTENTS

		Page
1.	Introduction	3
2.	Statutory Purposes	3
3.	The Role & Responsibilities of Community Councils	4
4.	Community Council Areas	6
5.	Membership of Community Councils	6
6.	Establishment of Community Councils	6
7.	Community Council Elections Eligibility Elections Returning Officer Nominations Process Method of Election Filling of casual vacancies between elections Co-option to Community Councils Additional Membership	7
8.	Equalities	10
9.	Disqualification of Membership	10
10). Meetings	11
11	I. Communication with Renfrewshire Council	11
12	2. Resourcing a Community Council	12
13	3. Liability of Community Councils	13
14	I. Suspension of a Community Council	13
15	5. Dissolution of a Community Council	14
	Contact Information	15
	APPENDICES:	
	 A - Community Council Constitution B - Community Council Standing Orders C - Code of Conduct for Community Councillors D - Community Council Funding/Population/Members E - Community Council Boundary Maps F - Summary of Expectations 	

RENFREWSHIRE COUNCIL

SCHEME FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF COMMUNITY COUNCILS

1. Introduction

- 1.1 Community Councils were first established in Scotland following the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973. Thereafter, the Local Government etc. (Scotland) Act, 1994, which produced the current system of unitary local authorities, made provision for the continuation of community councils. Every local community in Scotland is entitled to petition their local authority to start a community council in their area.
- 1.2 Renfrewshire Council published its first Scheme for the Establishment of Community Councils (the Scheme) in 2001. Following statutory public consultation, that Scheme was revoked and a new Scheme was adopted in December 2010, the contents of which were revised and amended in 2015 and 2019. The Scheme describes how community councils in Renfrewshire are formed, the conditions under which they operate and the minimum standards to be met for recognition as a community council.
- 1.3 Guidance on the practical implementation of this Scheme is available on request from Renfrewshire Council:

Contact: community-council.cs@renfrewshire.gov.uk or call 0141 487 1118.

2. Statutory Purposes

2.1 The statutory purposes of community councils established under this Scheme are set out in Section 51 (2) of the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973, as follows: -

"In addition to any other purpose which a community council may pursue, the general purpose of a community council shall be to ascertain, co-ordinate and express to the local authorities for its area, and to public authorities, the views of the community which it represents, in relation to matters for which those authorities are responsible, and to take such action in the interests of that community as appears to it to be expedient and practicable"

2.2 Community councils are voluntary bodies that exist within a statutory framework. They can complement the role of the local authority but are not part of local government.

- 2.3 **Other Purposes:** The Community Empowerment (Scotland) Act 2015, further strengthens the purpose of community councils by including voluntary bodies within the community planning framework. As voluntary bodies, community councils:
 - 1. can participate in all parts of the community planning process to produce Local Outcome Improvement Plans, in the development, design and delivery of these plans and in the review, revision and reporting of progress;
 - 2. can make Participation Requests;
 - 3. can make Asset Transfer requests;
 - 4. can be involved in forestry leasing;
 - 5. have a right to be consulted on the disposal or change of use of common good assets; and
 - 6. can be involved in Participatory Budgeting.
- 2.4 To support community councils to undertake their role within the community planning process, governance arrangements for Renfrewshire Community Planning Partnership will include recognition of community councils as members of Local Partnerships and advice and support will be provided to assist community councils to make Participation and Asset Transfer requests. This support will include access to advice on appropriate sources of funding available from the Council and other organisations.

3. The Role and Responsibilities of Community Councils

- 3.1 The general purpose of community councils is to act as a voice for their local area. This will involve them articulating the views and concerns of local people in their area on a wide range of issues of public concern and make representations to their local authority, other public sector bodies and private agencies on matters within their sphere of interest.
- 3.2 It is essential that these views be demonstrated to be accurately representative of the community. Accordingly, the community council will have in place, in consultation with the local authority, recognised consultative mechanisms, which may include social media, to validate their views and devise strategies to secure greater involvement by all sectors of the community.
- 3.3 Community councils have a statutory right to be consulted by the Council on planning applications, certain licensing matters and on the disposal or change of use of common good assets.

- 3.4 Community councils may carry out other activities that are in the general interests of the communities they represent, provided these activities fall within the objects of their Constitution and the terms of this Scheme for the Establishment of Community Councils.
- 3.5 There should be mutual engagement in the establishment of working relationships with Renfrewshire Council and other public agencies.
- 3.6 In carrying out their activities community councils must adhere to the law and the terms of this Scheme, including the Constitution (Appendix A), Standing Orders (Appendix B) and the Code of Conduct for Member of Community Councils (Appendix C)
- 3.7 Each community council is therefore required to:
 - 1. adopt a "Constitution" as set out in Appendix A;
 - 2. adhere to "Standing Orders" for the proper conduct of meetings, as set out in Appendix B; and
 - 3. ensure members abide by the "Code of Conduct for Members of Community Councils" as set out in Appendix C

These standard documents have been approved by Renfrewshire Council and cannot be amended without the authority of the Director of Finance & Resources.

- 3.8 Community councils have a duty under statute to represent the views of their local community. It is vital therefore, that they reflect the broad spectrum of opinion and interests of all sections of the community. To fulfil their responsibilities community councils:
 - 1. should act without religious bias and remain neutral of party political activity:

Community councils must not endorse any political party or the activities of any political party. Community councils (and community council members in their role as members) must not show bias for or against any political party. Community council social media accounts should not display content from political parties and should not be used to comment, follow, like, display, forward etc any party-political postings.

Community councils should seek to develop good working relationships with all Elected Members of Renfrewshire Council;

2. should inform the community of their work by making agendas and minutes of meetings available in public places such as libraries, community notice boards and online through social media accounts;

- 3. provide the name and address of community council members, when requested;
- 4. submit agendas together with any attachments to Renfrewshire Council at least 7 days prior to the date of each meeting;

Contact: community-council.cs@renfrewshire.gov.uk

- 5. distribute agenda and minutes to community council members, *ex officio* members and any other interested parties at least 7 days prior to each meeting as per the requirements of the Constitution and Standing Orders;
- 6. seek to broaden both representation and expertise by promoting Associated Membership of the community council of persons (not eligible for election to the community council) for specific projects/issues;
- 7. make particular efforts to encourage young people and other underrepresented groups to attend/participate at community council meetings and to ensure equality of opportunity in the way the community council carries out its function;
- 8. maintain proper financial records, present regular financial reports to community council meetings and produce annual accounts each year. (A recognised format for financial recording keeping is available from Renfrewshire Council);

Contact: community-council.cs@renfrewshire.gov.uk

9. inform Renfrewshire Council, as soon as possible, of **any changes** to membership.

Contact: community-council.cs@renfrewshire.gov.uk

- 10. hold appropriate Public Liability insurance;
- 11. register as a Data Controller with the Information Commissioner's Office and ensure the security of any confidential, personal and/or sensitive information held by the community council; and

Contact: https://ico.org.uk/

12. monitor its social media accounts to ensure content is appropriate, engaging and promotes the work of the community council in a positive manner. The community council's social media platforms should not be used to conduct arguments, bully or harass any individual or organisation. The opinions expressed on the

community council's social media platforms should reflect the views of the community council and not of individual members.

4. Community Council Areas within Renfrewshire

4.1 Following consultation, local demand has determined that community councils be established in 25 neighbourhood areas. A list of named community council areas and their approximate population is attached as Appendix D and maps defining the boundaries to apply to each community council area are attached as Appendix E.

5. Membership of Community Councils

- 5.1 There shall be minimum and maximum numbers of members elected to a community council. Where the population in any community council area is less than 5,000 the minimum membership number will be 7 and the maximum 21. Where the population in any community council area is 5,000 or greater the minimum membership number will be 10 and the maximum 30. The number of members to be elected to each community council is detailed in Appendix D.
- **5.2** Members must be nominated and elected to the community council and must be 16 years of age or over.
- **5.3** Members must reside within the specific community council area i.e. the individual's permanent home must be within the community council area.
- 5.4 Members must also be named on the electoral register for the community council area in which they reside. Members who are 16 17 years of age and not yet listed on the Electoral Register must be proposed and seconded by residents of the community council area who are 18 years of age or over and listed on the electoral register.
- 5.5 There shall be provision made for non-voting Associate Membership for purposes as defined by each community council, for example, persons under 16 years of age. Such persons will not be counted in terms of meeting a quorum or towards the total number of community council members.
- **5.6** Elected members of Renfrewshire Council and members of the Scottish and United Kingdom Parliaments are entitled to become *ex officio* members of community councils, with no voting rights.

6. Establishment of Community Councils

6.1 The Council will give public notice of its intention to revoke the existing Scheme and make a new Scheme and will carry out statutory public consultation before adopting a new Scheme.

- **6.2** Renfrewshire Council, in compliance with current legislation, will request petitions from 20 residents in each community council area identified in the Scheme and will establish community councils in those areas that return a valid petition.
- **6.3** Renfrewshire Council will review the Scheme at regular intervals to update and amend the content as appropriate.

7. Community Council Elections

7.1 Eligibility

- 1. Candidates wishing to stand for election to a community council must meet the criteria for membership outlined in paragraph 5 of this Scheme. The same criteria shall apply to voters in a community council election.
- 2. Sixteen and 17year-olds residing in the community council area are also entitled to both stand for the community council and vote in any election. To be eligible to stand for election such candidates must comply with paragraph 5 of this Scheme. To be eligible to vote at an election, residents who are 16 17 years old and not yet listed on the Electoral Register must provide evidence of identity, for example a statement from parent, guardian or school.
- 3. Any community council member who no longer resides within that community council area is deemed to have resigned from that community council.
- 4. Any individual who is elected to serve on Renfrewshire Council, or the Scottish or UK parliament shall be ineligible for membership of a community council, or to stand for election to a community council. Such persons, upon taking office, become *ex-officio* members of the community councils contained in whole or in part of their electoral constituency.

7.2 Elections

- 1. The first elections to be held under the Scheme shall be held on a date to be determined by the Director of Finance & Resources.
- Subsequent elections will be held on a four-yearly-cycle, outwith local government election years, on dates to be determined by the Director of Finance & Resources. Where the number of established community councils exceeds a level to be determined by the Director of Finance & Resources, elections for a proportion of the total number of established community councils within the 4-yearly cycle may be arranged. Should community councils' election cycle fall in the year of Scottish local government or parliamentary elections, the electoral

proceedings may be postponed at the discretion of the Director of Finance & Resources.

3. Renfrewshire Council will administer all elections. The Local Government Election rules shall apply to any election subject to any changes as determined by the Director of Finance & Resources to facilitate the conduct of the election.

7.3 Returning Officer

The Council will appoint an Independent Returning Officer. The Independent Returning Officer must not be a current member of that community council nor intending to stand for election to that community council.

7.4 Nominations

- Individuals seeking election to a community council require to be nominated by a proposer and seconder, both of whom must be resident in the Community Council areas and appear on the Electoral Register for that area. Nominations required to be submitted with the candidate's consent. Self-nomination is not permitted.
- 2. A nomination form must be completed and submitted by each candidate. Nomination forms require to be submitted by the date set down in the election timetable. No nomination forms submitted after that date will be accepted.

7.5 Process

On the expiry of the period for lodging nominations:

- 1. Should the number of candidates validly nominated equal or exceed THE MINIMUM, but be less than or equal to the total maximum permitted membership as specified for the community council area in Appendix D of the Scheme, the said candidates will be declared to be elected and no ballot shall be held.
- 2. Should the number of candidates validly nominated exceed the total maximum permitted membership as specified for the community council area, arrangements for a Poll shall be implemented. At the Poll, residents of the Community Council area shall be entitled to vote for candidates up to the number of vacancies on the community council. The candidate with the most votes shall be elected to the community council then the candidate with the second most votes shall be elected and so on until all vacancies are filled.
- 3. Should the number of candidates elected, be below **THE MINIMUM** permitted membership as specified for the community council area, no community council will be established at that time. However, that

does not preclude the local authority from issuing a second call for nominations for a community council area failing to meet the minimum membership requirement within 6 months of the closing date for the registration of the first call for nominations.

7.6 Method of Election

Where appropriate, elections will take place across the Renfrewshire Council area at one time, and with regard to the terms of paragraph 7.2.2 above. The Director of Finance & Resources may determine the circumstances to apply to a staged approach to council-wide elections.

7.7 Filling of casual vacancies between elections

- 1. Casual vacancies on a community council may arise in the following circumstances:
- (a) when an elected community council member submits her/his resignation;
- (b) when an elected community council member ceases to be resident within that community council area; or
- (c) when an elected community council member has his/her membership disqualified (Paragraph 9).
- 2. Should a vacancy or vacancies arise on a community council between elections, it shall be a requirement that the community council undertake appropriate election arrangements, in consultation with the Council. Filling a vacancy can be undertaken either through the process of an interim election or by co-option. However, should circumstances arise that lead to the number of elected community councillors falling below **THE MINIMUM** permitted membership the Council shall be informed and shall undertake arrangements for an interim election to be held.

7.8 Co-option to Community Councils

- Co-opted members must be eligible for membership of the community council as detailed in paragraph 5 of this Scheme. Such co-opted members shall have full voting rights, and will serve until the next round of elections (general and interim). Notice of any proposed cooption of a member should be included on the agenda for the next available meeting of the community council.
- The number of co-opted members may not exceed a THIRD of the current elected (general and interim) community council membership Should the ratio of co-opted to elected community councillors become greater than one third, due to any circumstances, an interim election process shall be triggered.

7.9 Additional Membership

1. Associate Members

Associate members may be appointed by a community council where there may be a need for individuals with particular skills or knowledge. These individuals do not have voting rights. Associate members may serve for a fixed period as determined by the community council or for the term of office of the community council that has appointed them. Associate members may also include representation from other constituted local voluntary organisations.

2. Ex-Officio Members

Renfrewshire Councillors, MPs and MSPs whose wards or constituencies fall wholly or partly within the geographical area of the community council area shall be deemed *ex-officio* members of the community council. *Ex-officio* members shall have no voting rights on the community council.

For the avoidance of doubt, the attendance of any associate or *ex-officio* member at a meeting of the community council will not count towards the quorum for that meeting.

8. Equalities

Recognition should be given to the contribution of everyone participating in the work of the community council. Community councils must comply with Equal Opportunities legislation and ensure that equality of opportunity be given to every participant to have their knowledge, opinion, skill and experience taken into account.

9. Disqualification of Membership

- 9.1 Members who cease to reside in the community council area will be deemed to have resigned.
- 9.2 If any member of a community council fails to attend 6 consecutive meetings (where the community council meets monthly) or 3 consecutive meetings (where the community council meeting every 2 months), with or without submitting apologies, the community council shall advise the Director of Finance & Resources and terminate their membership. However, at the discretion of individual community councils, and at the request of the individual member of the community council, a period of leave of absence of up to three consecutive meetings may be granted at any meeting of the community council.

Contact: community-council.cs@renfrewshire.gov.uk

10. Meetings

10.1 The first meeting of a community council following the community council election, will be called by Renfrewshire Council and will take place within 21 days of the date of the election, or as soon as practicable thereafter. The business of that meeting will include adoption of a Constitution and Standing Orders, appointment of office bearers and any outstanding business mattersfrom the outgoing community council.

- 10.2 The frequency of meetings will be determined by each community council, subject to a minimum of 7 meetings each year (one annual general meeting and 6 ordinary meetings). Standing Orders shall identify the months in which meetings are to take place. The annual general meeting shall be held in OCTOBER each year.
- 10.3. Each community council will be responsible for arranging a venue for meetings and payment of any fees.
- 10.4 Every meeting of the community council shall have a quorum of voting members present before the meeting can proceed. The quorum for community council meetings shall be one-third of the current number of members of the community council eligible to vote, or 3 members, whichever is the greatest.
- 10.5 An outline for the content of business that community councils should adhere to when holding ordinary, special and annual general meetings is contained within Standing Orders.

No comments were received in relation to the following sections 11 and 12 and they will be incorporated into the final Scheme for consultation.

11. Virtual Meetings

- 11.1 Community Councils may decide to take an in-person, online or hybrid approach to their meetings, and the platform to be used for any meeting is for the Community Council to decide.
- 11.2 Virtual meetings may include members of the public where this can be accommodated, but this is not mandatory and for each Community Council to determine.
- 11.3 Whether or not they are able to attend, proper provision must be made to afford members of the public the opportunity to address the Community Council as set out in the following paragraph.
- 11.4 An Agenda for the meeting shall be published in the usual way and all Members of the Community Council and members of the public invited, in advance, to submit comments on any Agenda item to the Community Council's generic email address or by other appropriate means; such views to be considered by the Members dealing with the items of business. Comments may also be submitted during the meeting itself, but the ability to receive comments in advance will assist the Community Council in managing a remote meeting.
- 11.5 Minutes of the meeting and details of any decisions taken must be recorded, in writing, in the usual way and made publicly available. Video or audio recording of meetings can only take place with the clear consent of all present, such consent to be recorded in the written minutes.

- 12. Communication with Renfrewshire Council
- 12.1 In order to facilitate the effective functioning of community councils, the Council has identified that nominated officers in the Committee Services section will provide a liaison service to community councils.
- 12.2 For the avoidance of doubt, this means that community councils should send the Committee Services section, by the timescales prescribed, all information/documents that are required by Renfrewshire Council/Director of Finance & Resources under the terms of this Scheme.
- 12.3 The Committee Services section will act as the main point of contact for advice and support to interpret and implement the Scheme, Constitution, Standing Orders and the Code of Conduct for Community Council Members.

Contact: <u>community-council.cs@renfrewshire.gov.uk</u>

- 12.4 Responding to Consultations: Community councils may make representations to the Council, its planning partners, and other public and private agencies, on matters for which that organisation is responsible and which the community council considers to be of local interest. The community council should respond by the timescale and method advised bythe agency undertaking the consultation.
- 12.5 Responding to Planning & Licensing Applications: Community councils receive statutory notice of planning applications and some licensing applications and should respond by the timescale and method set out in thenotification.
- 12.6 Making Enquiries about Renfrewshire Council Services

Community councils should send **all** enquiries about services to:

communitycouncilenquiries@renfrewshire.gov.uk

Service enquiries will be:

- logged and tracked;
- receipt acknowledged within 5 working days;
- replied to within 10 working days where possible, or otherwise advised (within 10 working days) of an appropriate alternative date for reply should the matter be complex and require detailed investigation

13. Resourcing a Community Council

13.1 The financial year of each community council shall be provided for in the

- constitution of each community council and shall be from <u>1 September</u> to <u>31 August</u> in each succeeding year to allow for the proper submission of independently examined Annual Accounts to the community council's annual general meeting in <u>OCTOBER</u> each year.
- 13.2 The Annual Accounts of each community council shall be independently examined by at least two persons appointed by the community council, who are not members (or related to members) of that community council. A copy of the independently examined Annual Accounts and balance sheet shall be forwarded immediately after the statement is approved at the community council's annual general meeting, to Renfrewshire Council. The Director of Finance & Resources may require the community council to produce such records, vouchers and account books, as may be required to satisfy the Council that the financial concerns of the community council are in order.
- 13.3 Each community council shall have the power to secure resources for schemes, projects and all other purposes consistent with its functions.
- 13.4 Each community council shall be eligible to apply for Council grants for suitable projects under the appropriate grant system.
- 13.5 The Council will provide an annual administrative grant to community councils to assist with the operating costs of the community council. The level of the administrative grant will be set by the Council. The amount of grant to apply to each community council is detailed in Appendix E.
- 13.6 The Administration Grant is provided to meet the operational costs listed below. Expenditure under each heading must be recorded in annual accounts. The Director of Finance & Resources will have discretion to approve, on request, any expenditure from the Administration Grant not listedbelow. The approved list will be reviewed on an annual basis.
 - advertising/general publicity and promotional activities
 - accommodation/lets
 - auditors' fees
 - bank charges
 - consultation with the community
 - data protection registration
 - insurance
 - IT software/hardware/website construction and maintenance
 - photocopying/printing
 - postage
 - production and circulation of minutes, agenda and annual reports
 - subscriptions
 - telephone costs/ISP costs
 - travel costs
- 13.7 The Council will review the level of administrative grant and other support to community councils on an annual basis.
- 13.8 The Committee Services section shall facilitate advice and assistance to community councils and arrange for the establishment of a training programme for community councils on the duties and responsibilities of

- community council office bearers, the role of community councils, the functions of the local authority and other relevant topics.
- 13.9 The Council will facilitate regular meetings of Renfrewshire Community Council Forum as a mechanism for community councils to act together.

14. Liability of Community Councils

14.1 Community councils must have in place appropriate Public Liability Insurance.

15. Complaints

- 15.1 Community Councils should adhere to the Governance, including the Code of Conduct, for Community Councils. However, from time to time, complaints from the general public may be made about Community Councils and individually against Community Councillors.
- 15.2 If you are dissatisfied or have concerns about the standard of service, actions or lack of action provided by your Community Council or one or more of its members, these can be reported through the Complaints Procedure for Community Councils (see Scheme Appendix G).

16. Suspension of a Community Council

- 16.1 In the interests of protecting the public, residents, elected members, the Council and its partner agencies from community councils that have demonstrated a major single failure or a series of failures to comply with (i) the Scheme; (ii) the Constitution and/or (iii) the Code of Conduct for Community Councillors, where said failure(s) have not been remedied after being brought to the community council's attention, the Head of Corporate Governance can take action to suspend a community council and issue notice to that effect.
- 16.2 Whilst suspended, no meetings of the community council can take place. The community council will revert to the status of a steering group whose main task will be to consider and take such action as is necessary to ensure a re-instated community council can comply with the provisions of the Scheme, Constitution and Code of Conduct for Community Councillors.
- 16.3 On satisfying the Head of Corporate Governance that the community council will in the future be able to comply with the provisions of the Scheme, the community council will be re-instated by written notice from the Director of Finance & Resources at which time meetings can recommence.
- 16.4 In the event that a steering group is unable to demonstrate that the community council can comply with the provisions of the Scheme, within a period of three months from the date of suspension, then the Director of Finance & Resources may recommend to Renfrewshire Council that the community council be dissolved.
- 16.5 However, should the steering group be able to demonstrate sufficient

progress towards conforming with the Scheme, to the satisfaction of the Head of Corporate Governance, then the period of suspension can be extended by an additional 3 months and a notice issued by the Head of Corporate Governance to that effect.

16.6 A summary of community council and Renfrewshire Council expectations is attached as Appendix F.

17. Dissolution

- 17.1 The terms for dissolution of a community council are contained with the Constitution.
- 17.2 Should a community council fail to hold a meeting for a period of 3 consecutive prescribed meeting dates, or its membership falls below the prescribed minimum for a period of 3 consecutive prescribed meeting dates (during which time the community council and the local authority have taken action to address the situation), the local authority shall take action to dissolve that community council.
- 17.3 The Council may take action to dissolve a community council where it is satisfied and can demonstrate a major single failure or a series of failures by a community council to comply with (i) the Scheme; (ii) the community council Constitution; and (iii) the Code of Conduct for Community Councillors, where said failure(s) have not been remedied after being brought to the communitycouncil's attention.

CONTACT:

All enquiries about the operation of community councils in Renfrewshire or the implementation of this Scheme should be directed to:

Committee Services Renfrewshire Council Cotton Street PAISLEY PA1 1TR

community-council.cs@renfrewshire.gov.uk

Date of Publication: ******* 2025

DRAFT CONSTITUTION FOR COMMUNITY COUNCILS

1. Name

The name of the Community Council shall be (referred to as "the Community Council" in this document).

2. Area of the Community Council

The area of the Community Council shall be as shown on the map attached to Renfrewshire Council's Scheme for the Establishment of Community Councils.

3. Objectives

The objectives of the Community Council shall be:

- (a) to ascertain, co-ordinate and reflect the views of the community which it represents, to liaise with other community groups within the area, and to fairly express the diversity of opinions and outlooks of the people;
- (b) to express the views of the community to the local authority for the area to public authorities and other organisations;
- (c) to take such action in the interests of the community as appears to it to be desirable and practicable;
- (d) to promote the well-being of the community and to foster community spirit;
- (e) to be a means whereby the people of the area shall be able to voice their opinions on any matter affecting their lives, their welfare, their environment, its development and amenity.

4. Role and Responsibilities

In the discharge of their functions and the conduct of their business, the Community Council and its membership shall have regard to their role and responsibilities as set out in paragraph 3 of the Scheme for the Establishment of Community Councils, approved by Renfrewshire Council, and the Code of Conduct for Members of Community Councils.

5. Membership

The Community Council's membership is as governed by paragraph 5 of the Scheme for the Establishment of Community Councils and as determined from time to time by Renfrewshire Council.

6. Method of Election

Election procedures shall be governed by the method of election laid down in paragraph 7 of the Scheme for the Establishment of Community Councils.

7. Casual Vacancies on the Community Council

Where a vacancy arises which does not result in the number of members falling below the minimum number as specified in paragraph 5 of the Scheme for the Establishment of Community Councils, and at least 6 months has passed since the last election, the Community Council may, if it considers it to be desirable, agree to:-

- (a) fill the vacancy (and any other outstanding vacancies) by holding an Interim Election, administered by the Council, on the basis that such vacancies would be publicised, nominations invited and an election held where the number of candidates exceeded the number of places available.
- (b) fill the vacancy by co-opting a resident in terms of paragraphs 7.7 and 7.8 of the Scheme for the Establishment of Community Councils
- (c) leave the vacancy unfilled until local public interest is expressed or until the next set of regular elections.

8. Voting Rights of Members of the Community Council

The right to vote at any meeting of the Community Council or any committee thereof, shall be held by all members whether elected or co-opted, but not by Associate Members appointed for specific issues on a temporary basis, or *exofficio* members. Decisions of the Community Council will be decided by a simple majority of those present and eligible to vote, with the exception of circumstances which may arise under Clause 16 – Alterations to the Constitution and its Clause 17 – Dissolution.

In the event of an equality of votes the chairperson shall have a casting vote.

9. Election of Office-Bearers

(a) At the first meeting of the Community Council after elections in the year when elections are held and at the Annual General Meeting in OCTOBER in the year when elections are not held, the Community Council shall appoint a Chair, Secretary, Treasurer and other such office-bearers as it shall from time to time decide.

- (b) All office-bearers shall be elected for one year, but shall be eligible for re-election, without limitation of time.
- (c) Without the express approval of Renfrewshire Council, no one member shall hold more than one of the following offices at any one time: Chairperson, Secretary or Treasurer.

10. Committees of the Community Council

The Community Council may set up committees and appoint representatives of the Community Council to committees and shall determine their composition, terms of reference, duration, duties and powers.

11. Meetings of the Community Council

- (a) The quorum for Community Council meetings shall be one-third of the current membership that is eligible to vote, or 3 whichever is the greatest.
- (b) Once in each year in the month of <u>OCTOBER</u> the Community Council shall convene an annual general meeting for the purpose of receiving and considering the Chairperson's annual report on the Community Council, the submission and approval of the independently examined annual statement of accounts and the appointment of office bearers.
- (c) the Community Council shall meet not less than 7 times throughout the year not less than one AGM and 6 ordinary meetings.
- (d) Dates, times and venues of regular meetings of the Community Council shall be fixed at the first meeting of the Community Council following ordinary elections and thereafter at its annual general meeting. Special meetings, either called by the Chairperson, or on the request of not less than one-half of the total number of community council members, shall require at least 7 days public notice. Renfrewshire Council's Director of Finance & Resources has discretion to call a meeting of the Community Council for a specific purpose.
- (e) Copies of all minutes of meetings of the Community Council and of committees thereof shall be approved at the next ordinary meeting of the Community Council.
- (f) In accordance with Standing Orders, an agenda (listing business to be discussed) together with a minute of the previous meeting shall be produced and distributed to all members at least 7 days before the date of each meeting. A copy of the agenda and minute must also be submitted to Renfrewshire Council.

- (g) The Community Council and its members shall abide by its Standing Orders for the proper conduct of its meetings.
- (h) The Community Council has a duty to be responsive to the community it represents. Should the Community Council receive a written request (petition), signed by at least 20 persons resident within the Community Council area to convene a special meeting for a particular matter or matters to be debated, it shall call such a meeting within 14 days of receipt of such a request and advertise it in the manner prescribed locally for special meetings called by the Community Council.
- (i) The Community Council will meet in public and all items of business shall be taken in public. However, in exceptional cases items of business can be taken in private where the community council considers it appropriate to do so. An example of an exceptional case would be where genuinely personal or confidential matters were being discussed such as where the facts of a complaint against a member of the Community Council require to be substantiated. The agenda will state whether the meeting or a part thereof is to be held in private.
- (j) Outwith regular meetings when urgent responses are required, office bearers can take decisions in the best interests of the Community Council and report on these decisions at the next ordinary meeting.
- (k) The Community Council will be non sectarian and non political.
- (I) The Community Council will comply with Equal Opportunities legislation and ensure that equality of opportunity be given to every participant to have their knowledge, opinion, skill and experience taken into account.

12. Public Participation in the Work of the Community Council

- (a) All meetings of the Community Council and its committees (subject to 11(i), above) shall be open to members of the public. Proper provision is to be made for the accommodation of members of the public and the opportunity should be afforded at each meeting to permit members of the public to address the Community Council, under the guidance of the Chairperson.
- (b) Notices/Agenda calling meetings of the Community Council and its committees shall be posted prominently within the Community Council area for a minimum period of 7 days before the date of any such meeting, and, where possible, be advertised by other suitable means such as websites and social media.

13. Information to the Local Authority

Renfrewshire Council's Senior Committee Services Officer (Community Council Liaison) shall be sent:

- an annual calendar of the Community Council's ordinary meeting dates, times and venues, which should be agreed at the Community Council's annual general meeting;
- minutes of all meetings;
- the annual report,
- the annual financial statement; and,
- any other such suitable information, as may from time to time be agreed between the Community Council and Renfrewshire Council.

When special meetings of the Community Council are to be held, the above officer should be advised of the date, time venue and subject(s) of debate of such meetings, at least 7 days in advance of the meeting date.

14. Control of Finance

- (a) All monies raised by or on behalf of the Community Council or provided by Renfrewshire Council and other sources shall be applied to further the objectives of the Community Council and for no other purpose. Monies raised from other sources may be used in accordance with the terms of this provision (so long as they are consistent with the objectives of the Community Council), or in the absence of such terms, for the furtherance of the objectives of the Community Council.
- (b) The annual Administration Grant will be used to meet the cost of the undernoted expenditures and for no other purpose without the approval of the Director of Finance & Resources:-
 - advertising/general publicity and promotional activities
 - accommodation/lets
 - auditors' fees
 - bank charges
 - consultation with the community
 - registration as a Data Controller with the Information Commissioner's Office under the provisions of the Data Protection Act;
 - insurance
 - IT software/hardware/website construction and maintenance
 - photocopying/printing
 - postage
 - production and circulation of minutes, agenda and annual reports
 - subscriptions
 - telephone costs/Internet Service Provider costs
 - travel costs

- (c) The Administration Grant (or any portion thereof) shall not be used to provide grant funding to any other body.
- (d) The treasurer shall undertake to keep proper accounts of the finances of the Community Council, and specifically record all items of spend from the Administrative Grant.
- (e) Any two of three authorised signatories, who would normally be officebearers of the Community Council, may sign cheques on behalf of the Community Council. Authorised signatories shall not be co-habitees.
- (f) A statement of accounts for the last financial year, independently examined by two persons appointed by the Community Council who are not members, relatives of members, or co-habiting with members of the Community Council, shall be submitted to an annual general meeting of the Community Council and shall be available for inspection by members of the public at a convenient location.
- (g) The financial year of the Community Council shall be from 1 <u>September to 31 August</u> the following year. Examined accounts as received and approved by the Community Council at the annual general meeting shall be submitted to Renfrewshire Council following approval at the Community Council's annual general meeting.

15. Title to Property

Property and other assets belonging to the Community Council shall be vested in the Chair, Secretary and Treasurer of the Community Council and their successors in these respective offices.

16. Alterations to the Constitution

Any proposal by the Community Council to alter this Constitution must be first considered by a meeting of the Community Council and the terms of the proposal to alter the Constitution shall be stated on the notice calling the meeting, which shall be issued not less than 7 days prior to the meeting. Any proposed alterations may not prejudice the terms and objectives contained within the Scheme for the Establishment of Community Councils.

If the proposal is supported by two-thirds of the total voting membership of the Community Council and is approved in writing by the local authority, the alteration shall be deemed to have been duly authorised and can then come into effect.

17. Dissolution

If the Community Council by a two-thirds majority of the total voting membership decides at any time that it is necessary or advisable to dissolve, it shall agree a date for a public meeting to be held to discuss the proposed resolution to dissolve. It is a requirement that not less than ten days prior to the date of such meeting a public notice be given by means of notification in the local newspaper. If the resolution is supported by a majority of those persons present and qualified to vote and is approved by the local authority, the Community Council shall be deemed to be dissolved and all assets remaining, subject to the approval of the local authority, after the satisfaction of any proper debts or liabilities shall transfer to the local authority who shall hold same in Trust for a future Community Council representing that area.

Where for any reason, the number of Community Council members falls below the minimum specified in the Scheme for the Establishment of Community Councils, Renfrewshire Council may, by suspending the Constitution of the Community Council, cause the Community Council to be dissolved.

The Council may take action to suspend and then dissolve a community council where it is satisfied and can demonstrate a major single failure or a series of failures by a community council to comply with (i) the Scheme; (ii) the community council Constitution; and (iii) the Code of Conduct for Community Councils where said failure(s) have not been remedied after being brought to the community council's attention.

In the event that a Community Council is dissolved and twenty or more electors subsequently wish the re-establishment of a Community Council for the area, these electors shall submit a requisition to the local authority in accordance with Section 52(7) of the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973, on receipt of which the Returning Officer shall arrange for elections to be held in accordance with the Scheme for the Establishment of Community Councils.

18. Approval and adoption of the Constitution

This Constitution was adopte	d by
COMMUNITY COUNCIL, on	(Date)
Signed:	(Chairperson)
Signed:	(Member)
Signed:	(Member)

and was approved on behalf of Renfrewshire Council on(Date				
	Signed			
	Name			
	Designation			

DRAFT STANDING ORDERS

1. Meetings (all held in public)

- (b) Special Meetings may be called at any time on the instructions of the Chairperson of the community council on the request of not less than one-half of the total number of Community Council members; or the receipt of a common written request (petition), signed by at least 20 persons, resident within the Community Council area, to convene a special meeting for a particular matter or matters to be debated, it shall call such a meeting. A special meeting shall be held within 14 days of the receipt of the request made to the Secretary of the Community Council. Annual general meetings are held annually.
- (c) The notice of ordinary and annual general meetings of the Community Council, featuring the date, time and venue, shall be provided to each Community Council member and the local authority's named official by the Secretary of the Community Council, at least 7 days before the date fixed for the meeting.
- (d) The Community Council may decide to take an in-person, online or hybrid approach to its meetings, and the platform to be used for any meeting is for the Community Council to decide.
- (e) Virtual meetings may include members of the public where this can be Accommodated.
- (f) Whether or not they are able to attend, proper provision must be made to afford members of the public the opportunity to address the Community Council as set out in the following paragraph.
- (g) An Agenda for the meeting shall be published in the usual way and all Members of the Community Council and members of the public invited, in advance, to submit comments on any Agenda item to the Community Council's generic email address or by other appropriate means; such views to be considered by the Members dealing with the items of business. Comments may also be submitted during the meeting itself, but the ability to receive comments in advance will assist the Community Council in managing a remote meeting.
- (h) Minutes of the meeting and details of any decisions taken must be recorded, in writing, in the usual way and made publicly available. Video or audio recording of meetings can only take place with the clear consent of all present, such consent to be

recorded in the written minutes.

2. Minutes

Minutes of the proceedings of a meeting of the Community Council shall be drawn up within fourteen days from the date of that meeting, distributed in accordance with paragraph 3 of the Scheme of Community Councils, submitted to the next meeting of the Community Council for approval, and retained for future reference.

3. Quorum

A quorum shall be one-third of the current membership eligible to vote (and not less than 3).

4. Order of Business

(i) Ordinary Meeting

The order of business at every ordinary meeting of the Community Council shall be as follows: -

- (a) Recording of membership present and apologies received.
- (b) The minutes of the last meeting of the Community Council shall be submitted for approval.
- (c) Any other item of business, which the Chairperson has directed, should be considered.
- (d) Any other competent business.
- (e) Questions from the floor.
- (f) Chairperson to declare date of next meeting and close meeting.

(ii) Annual General Meeting

It will not be uncommon that the Community Council has arranged for an ordinary meeting of the Community Council to begin at the close of the annual general meeting, to enable any outstanding reporting on business matters to be heard; and for Community Council members and members of the public to have an opportunity to bring matters to the attention of the Community Council, possibly for inclusion on a future agenda.

The order of business at every annual general meeting of the Community Council shall be as follows: -

- (a) Recording of membership present and apologies received.
- (b) The minutes of the last annual general meeting of the Community Council shall be submitted for adoption.
- (c) Chairperson's Annual Report (and questions from the floor).
- (d) Secretary's Annual Report (and questions from the floor).
- (e) Treasurer's submission of Balance Sheet and Annual Accounts duly independently examined and certified correct (and questions from the floor).
- (f) Demit of current office bearers/election of office bearers.
- (g) Chairperson to declare date of next annual general meeting and close meeting.

(iii) Special Meeting

The order of business at every special meeting of the Community Council shall be as follows: -

- (a) Recording of membership present and apologies received.
- (b) Business for debate, as described in the calling notice for the special meeting.
- (c) Chairperson to close meeting.

5. Order of Debate

- (a) The Chairperson shall decide all questions of order, relevancy and competency arising at meetings of the Community Council and her/his ruling shall be final and shall not be open to discussion. In particular, the Chairperson shall determine the order, relevancy and competency of all questions from the public in attendance at meetings of the Community Council raised at 4, above. The Chairperson in determining the order, relevance and competency of business and questions shall have particular regard to the relevance of the issue to the community and ensure that the discussion and proceedings are conducted in such a manner that decisions are reached in a democratic manner. The Chairperson shall have the power, in the event of disorder arising at any meeting, to adjourn the Community Council meeting to a time he/she may then, or afterwards, fix.
- (b) Every motion or amendment shall be moved and seconded.

- (c) After a mover of a motion has been called on by the Chairperson to reply, no other members shall speak to the question.
- (d) A motion or amendment once made and seconded shall not be withdrawn without the consent of the mover and seconder thereof.
- (e) A motion or amendment which is contrary to a previous decision of the Community Council shall not be competent within six months of that decision.

6. Voting

- (a) Decisions shall be reached by majority vote.
- (b) Voting shall be taken by a show of hands of those present and eligible to vote, with the exception that, at an annual general meeting, the election of office bearers may be held by secret ballot.
- (c) In the event of an equality of votes, the Chairperson of a meeting of the Community Council shall have a casting vote.

7. Alteration of Standing Orders

A proposal to alter or add to these Standing Orders may be proposed to Renfrewshire Council at any time by the Community Council provided that notice of motion to that effect is given at the meeting of the Community Council previous to that at which the motion is discussed. Renfrewshire Council shall have final discretion on any proposed change.

8. Committees

The Community Council may appoint such committees as it may from time to time decide and shall determine their composition, terms of reference, duration, duties and powers.

9. Suspension of Standing Orders

These Standing Orders shall not be suspended except at a meeting at which three-quarters of the total number of Community Council members are present and then only if the mover states the object of his motion and if two-thirds of the Community Council members present consent to such suspension.

CODE OF CONDUCT FOR MEMBERS OF COMMUNITY COUNCILS

The Code of Conduct for Members of Community Councils is based largely on the Code of Conduct for local authority councillors and relevant public bodies as provided for in The Ethical Standards in Public Life etc (Scotland) Act 2000.

As representatives of their local communities, community council members have a responsibility to make sure that they are familiar with, and that their actions comply with, the principles set out in this Code of Conduct. The Code of Conduct and its principles, shall apply to all community council members and those representing the Community Council. These principles are as follows:

- Service to the Community (Public Service)
- Selflessness
- Integrity
- Objectivity
- Accountability and Stewardship
- Openness
- Honesty
- Leadership
- Respect

Service to the Community

As a community council member you have a duty to act in the interests of the local community which you have been elected or nominated to represent. You also have a duty to act in accordance with the remit of the Council's Scheme for the Establishment of Community Councils, as set out by Renfrewshire Council under the terms of the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973.

You have a duty to establish and reflect, through the Community Council, the views of the community as a whole, on any issue, irrespective of personal opinion.

You should ensure that you are, within reason, accessible to your local community and local residents and make your contact details available to the public. Various mechanisms to allow the general community to express their views, i.e. suggestion boxes, community surveys, opinion polls should, where possible, be made available.

Selflessness

You have a duty to take decisions solely in terms of the interest of the community that you represent. You must not use your position as a community council member to gain financial, material, political or other personal benefit for yourself, family or friends.

Integrity

You must not place yourself under any financial or other obligation to any individual or organisation that might reasonably be thought to influence you in your representation of your community. If you have any private and/or personal interest in a matter to be considered by the Community Council, you have a duty to declare this and if deemed necessary by other members, withdraw from discussions and the decision making process with regard to that matter.

You should not accept gifts or hospitality that may be seen to influence or be intended to influence your opinion or judgement. The offer and/or receipt of any gifts, regardless of form, should always be reported to and noted by the Secretary of the Community Council.

Objectivity

In all your decisions and opinions as a community council member, you must endeavour to represent the overall views of your community, taking account of information which is provided to you or is publicly available, assessing its merit and gathering information as appropriate, whilst laying aside personal opinions or preferences.

You may be appointed or nominated by your Community Council to serve as a member of another representative body. You should ensure that this Code of Conduct is observed when carrying out the duties of the other body.

You are free to have political and/or religious affiliations; however you must ensure that you represent the interests of your community and Community Council and not the interests of a particular political party or other group.

Accountability and Stewardship

You are accountable for the decisions and actions that you take on behalf of your community through the Community Council. You must ensure that the Community Council uses its resources prudently and in accordance with the law.

Community council members will individually and collectively ensure that the business of the Community Council is conducted according to the Council's Scheme for the Establishment of Community Councils and this Code of Conduct.

Community council members will individually and collectively ensure that annual accounts are produced showing the financial undertakings of the Community Council as set out in the Council's Scheme for the Establishment of Community Councils. They must also ensure that all resources are used efficiently, effectively and fairly and are used strictly for the purposes of Community Council business and for no other purpose.

Minutes of Meetings recording all actions and decisions made should be produced and circulated to all members of the Community Council as soon as possible and not later than 14 days after each meeting.

Any breach of the Council's Scheme for the Establishment of Community Councils as set out by Renfrewshire Council under the terms of the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973 may be reported to your local authority to determine what action, if necessary, should be taken.

Openness

You have a duty to be open about your decisions, actions and representations, giving reasons for these where appropriate. You should be able to justify your decisions and be confident that you have not been unduly influenced by the views and/or opinions of others.

If you have dealings with the Media, members of the public, or others not directly involved in your Community Council, you should ensure that an explicit distinction is made between the expression of your personal views and opinions from any views or statement made about or on behalf of the Community Council.

Honesty

You have a duty to act honestly. You also have an obligation to work within the law at all times. You must declare any private interest relating to your Community Council duties and take steps to resolve any conflicts arising in a way that protects the interest of the community and the Community Council.

Leadership

You have a duty to promote and support the principles of this Code of Conduct by leadership and example, to maintain and strengthen the community's trust and confidence in the integrity of the Community Council and its members in representing the views and needs of the local area. You must also promote social inclusion and challenge discrimination in any form.

You should act to assist the Community Council, as far as possible, in the interest of the whole community that it serves. Where particular interest groups' concerns are in conflict with those of other groups or other areas you should help to ensure that the Community Council is aware of them.

Respect

You must respect fellow members of your Community Council and those that you represent, treating them with courtesy, respect and in a non-discriminatory manner at all times. This should extend to any person, regardless of their position, you have dealings with in your capacity as a community council member.

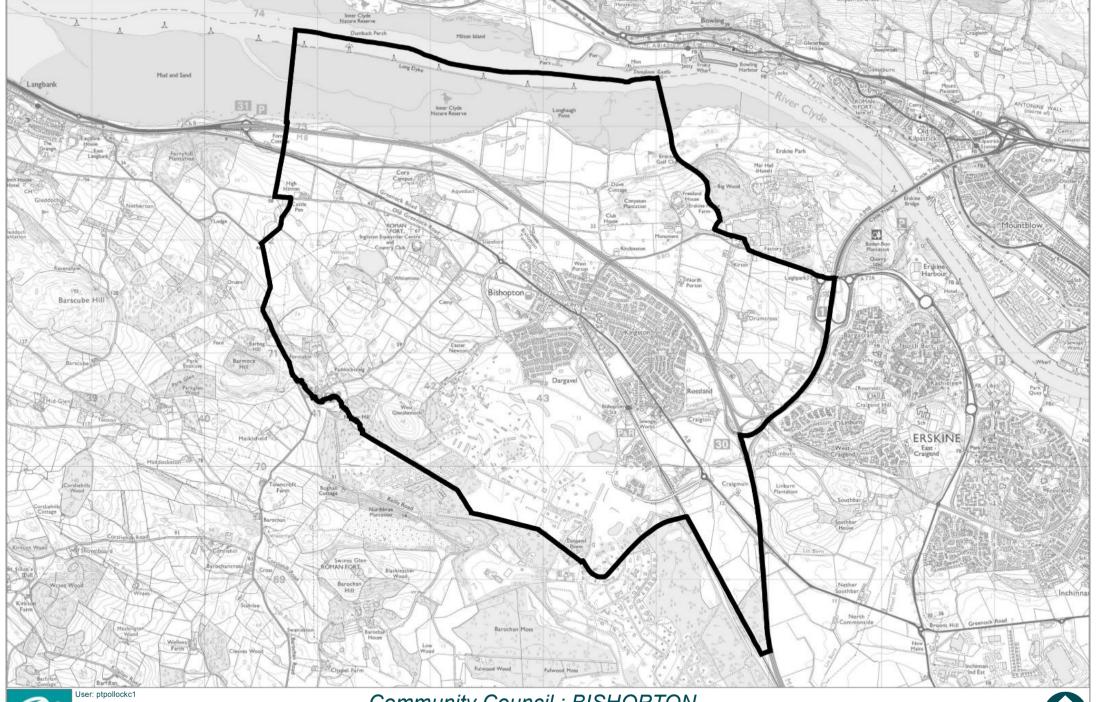
Recognition should be given to the contribution of everyone participating in the work of the Community Council. You must comply with Equal Opportunities legislation and ensure that equality of opportunity be given to every participant to have their knowledge, opinion, skill and experience taken into account.

You should ensure that confidential material, including details about individuals, is reated as such and that it is handled with dignity and discretion and is not used for personal, malicious or corrupt purposes.
personal, mailclous of corrupt purposes.

Community Councils	2019 Population	2024 Population	2019 Annual Admin Grant**	2024 Annual Admin Grant **	Minimum members	Maximum members
			£600 + 3p			
Bishopton	6491	13006	£795	£990.00	10	30
Bridge of Weir	4776	4788	£743	£744.00	7	21
Brookfield	771	788	£623	£623	7	21
Charleston	6113	5061	£783	£752	10	30
Elderslie	6319	7897	£790	£837	10	30
Erskine	15170	13848	£1,055	£1,015	10	30
Ferguslie	4116	4190	£723	£725	7	21
Foxbar & Brediland	13051	13434	£992	£1,003	10	30
Gallowhill	5600	6108	£768	£783	10	30
Glenburn	9291	8353	£879	£851	10	30
Hawkhead & Lochfield	7003	7335	£810	£820	10	30
Houston	6535	6220	£796	£787	10	30
Howwood	1798	1637	£654	£649	7	21
Hunterhill	2698	3301	£681	£699	7	21
Inchinnan	1900	1812	£657	£654	7	21
Johnstone	16084	16089	£1,083	£1,083	10	30
Kilbarchan	3709	3573	£711	£707	7	21
Langbank	1019	895	£631	£627	7	21
Linwood	8685	8394	£861	£852	10	30
Lochwinnoch	3436	3207	£703	£696	7	21
Paisley East & Whitehaugh	8163	9963	£845	£899	10	30
Paisley North	5051	4918	£752	£748	10	30
Paisley West & Central	10452	10450	£914	£914	10	30
Ralston	4770	4623	£743	£739	7	21
Renfrew	22929		£1,288	£1,319	10	30
	175930	183868	£20,278	£20,516.00	220	660

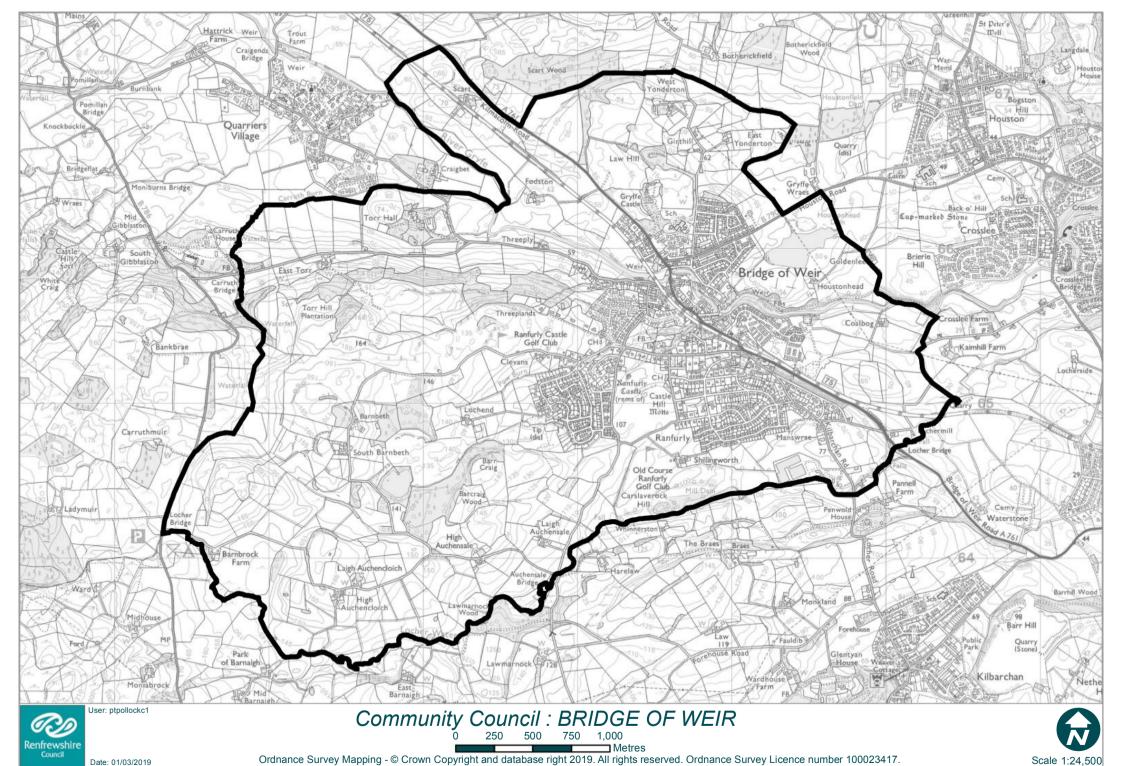
^{*}Sources: Census 2022 Population data

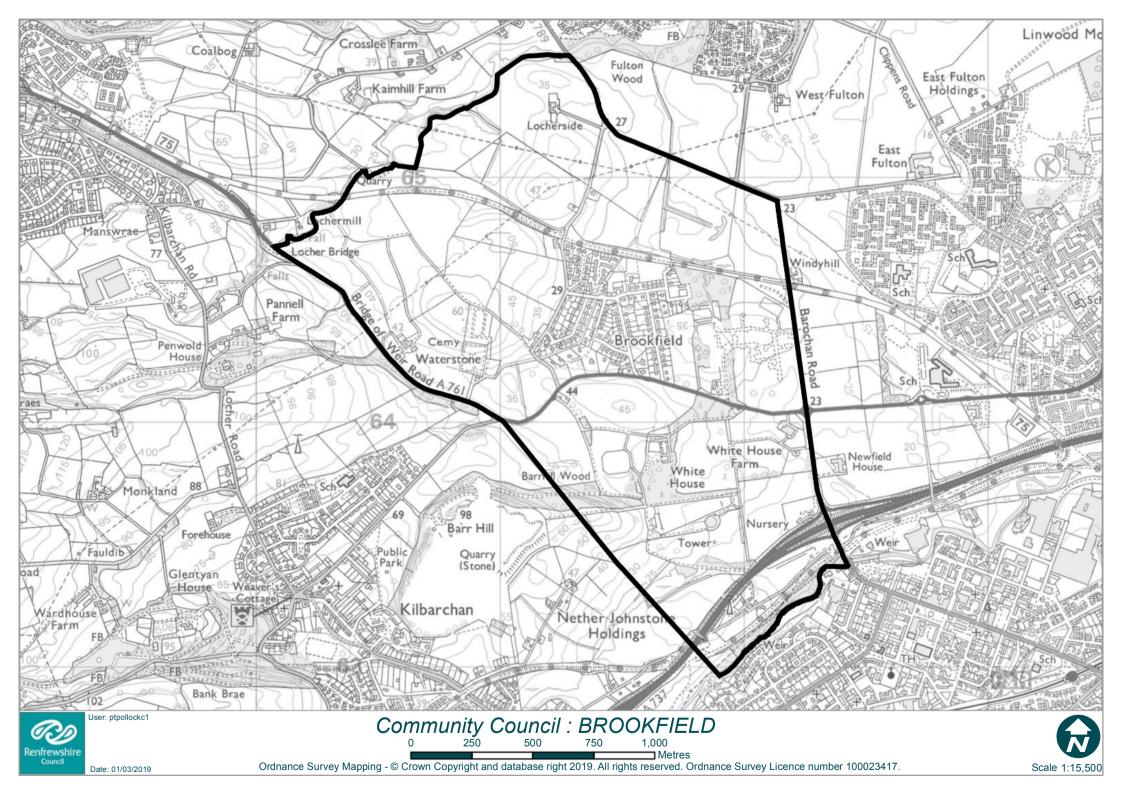
^{**}Figures have been rounded to the nearest £

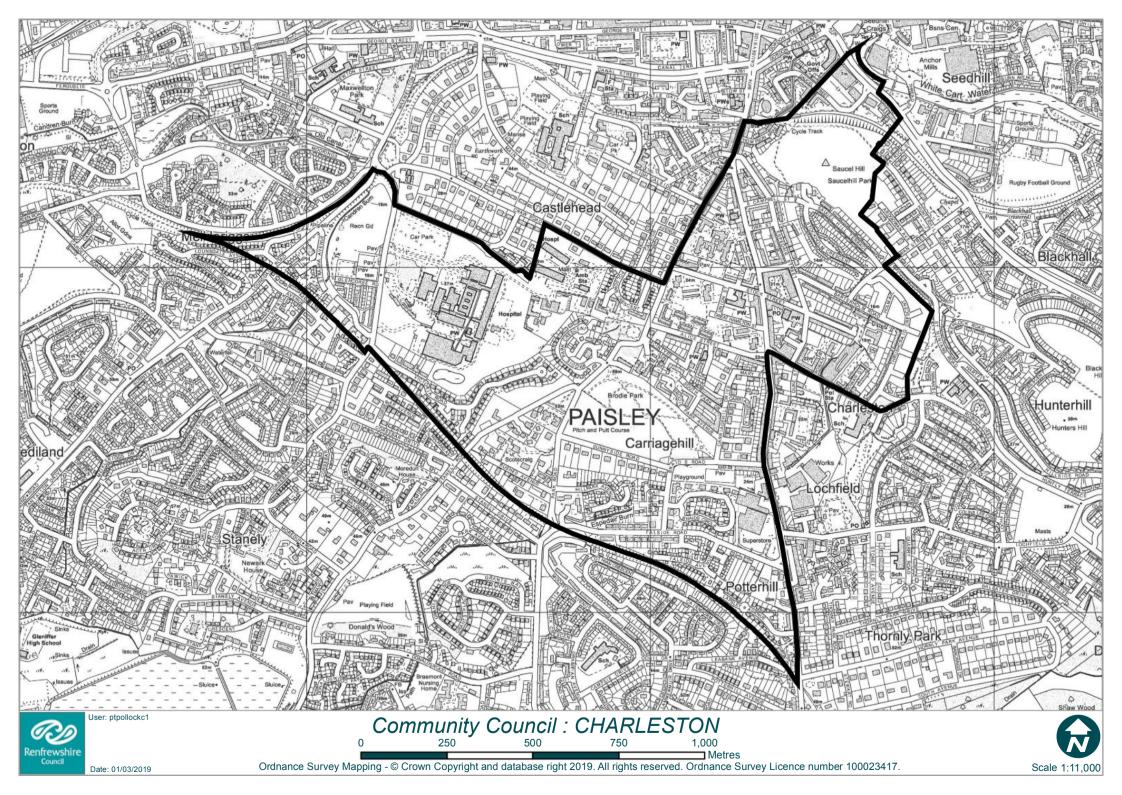


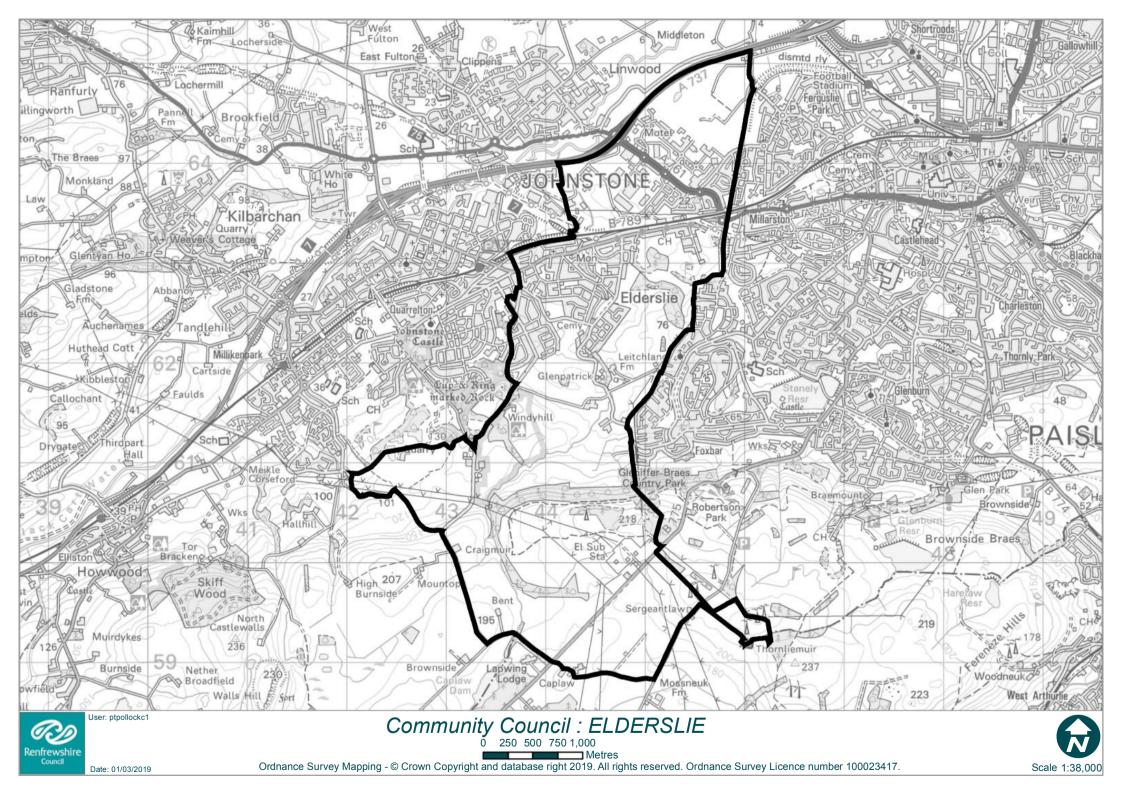


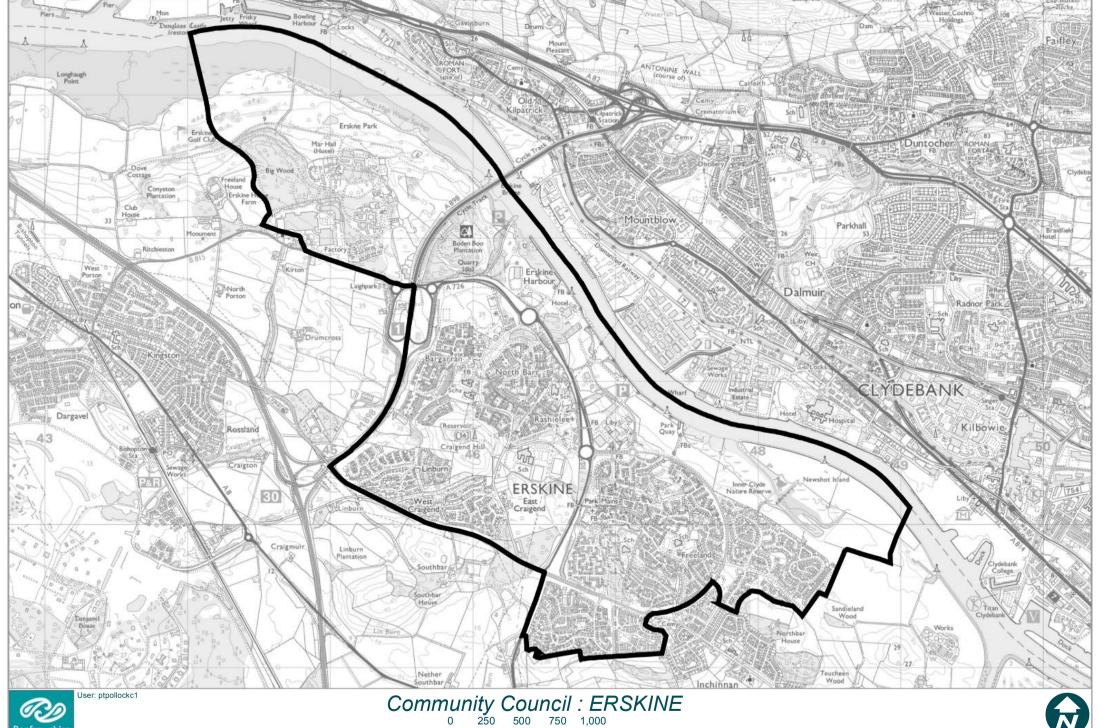
Community Council: BISHOPTON

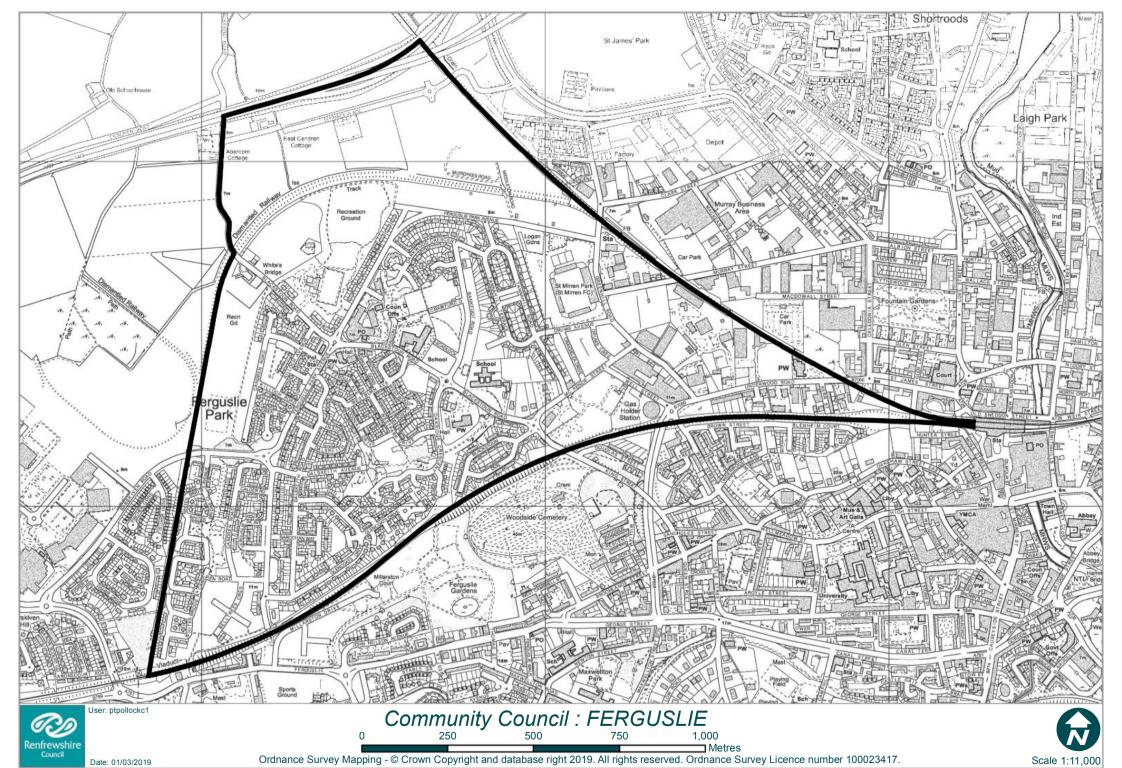


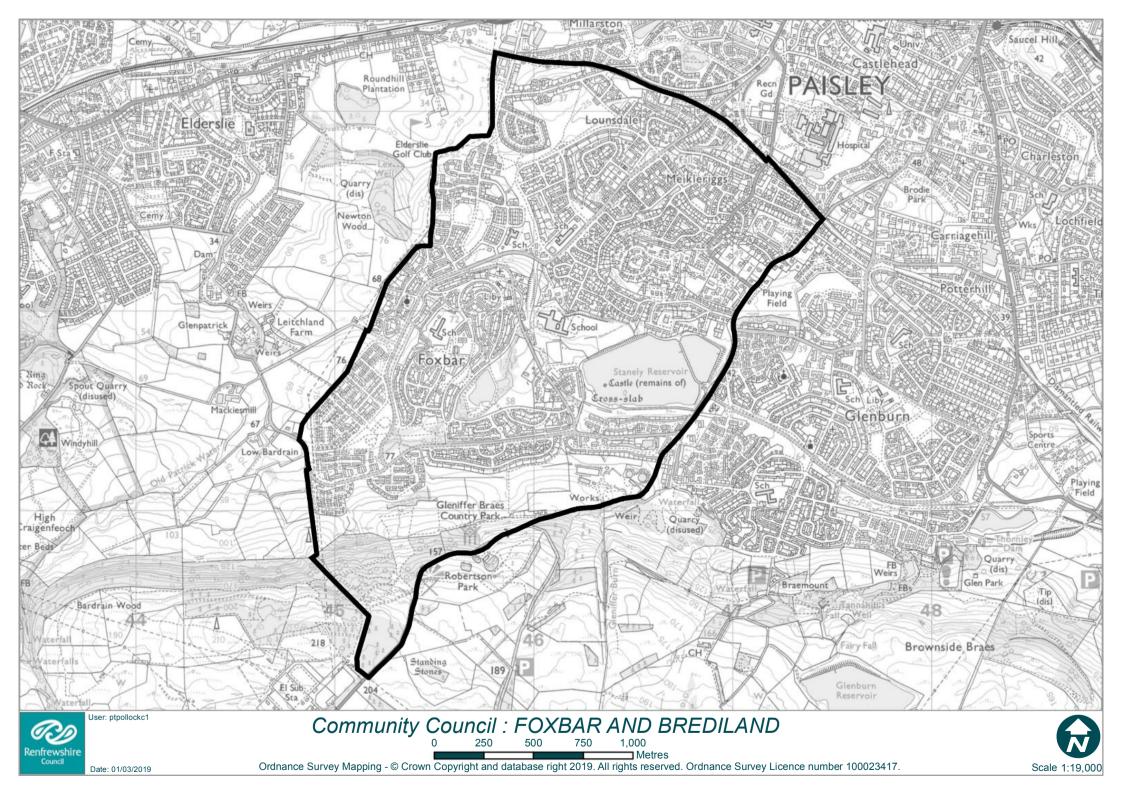


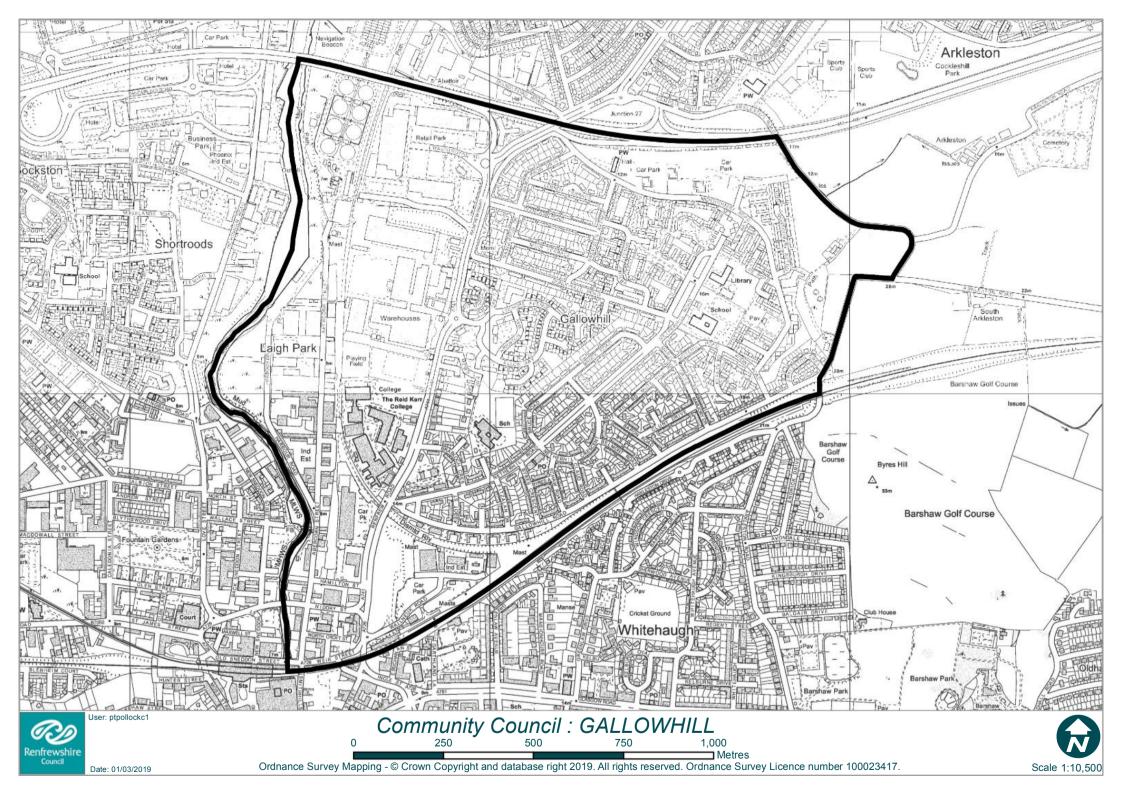


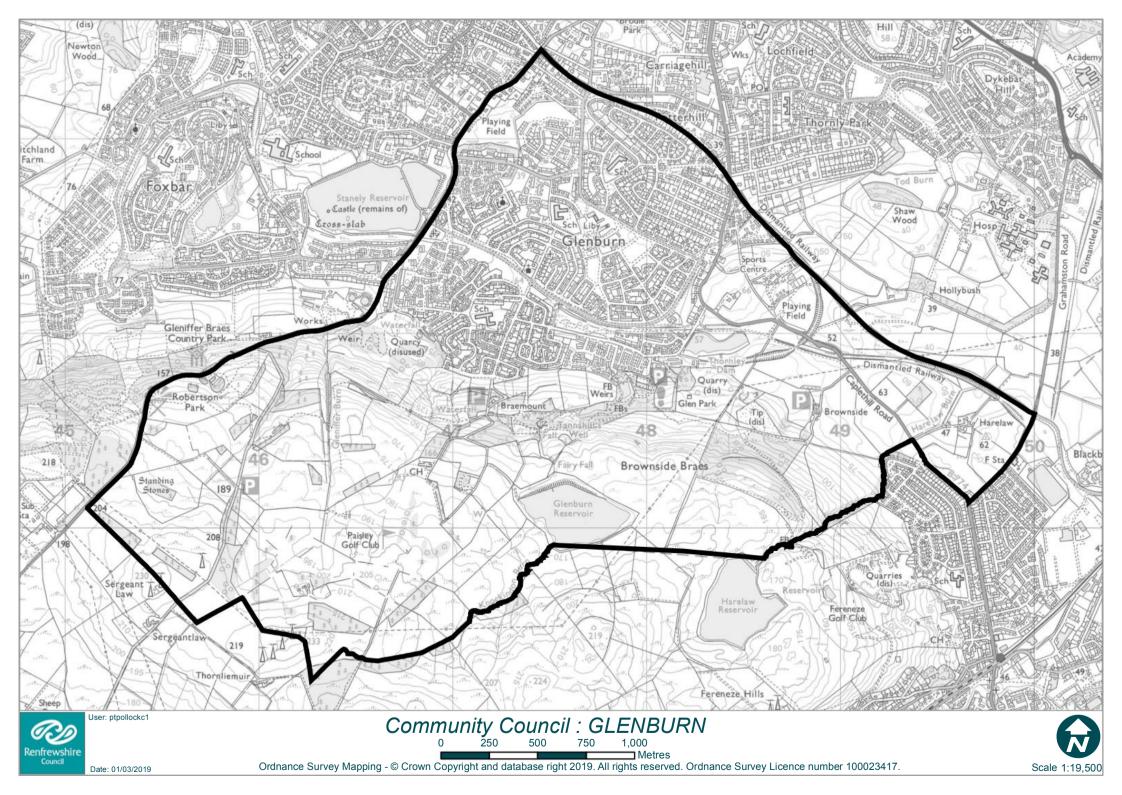


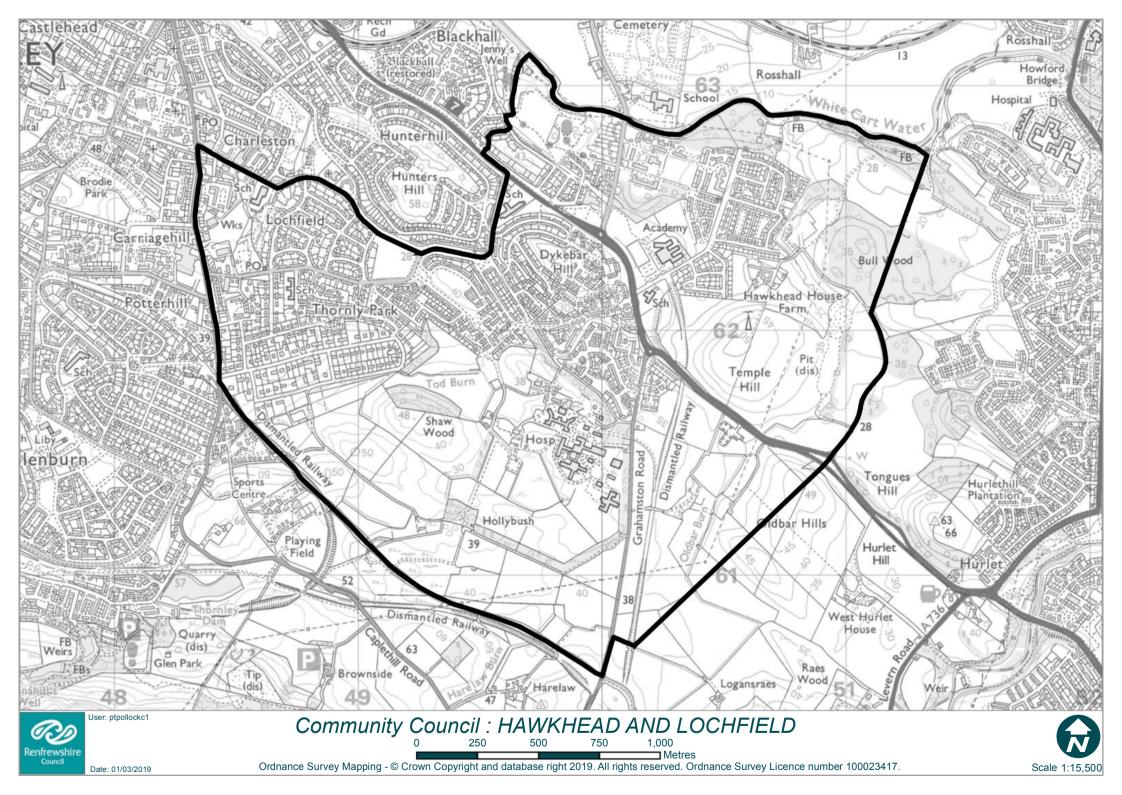


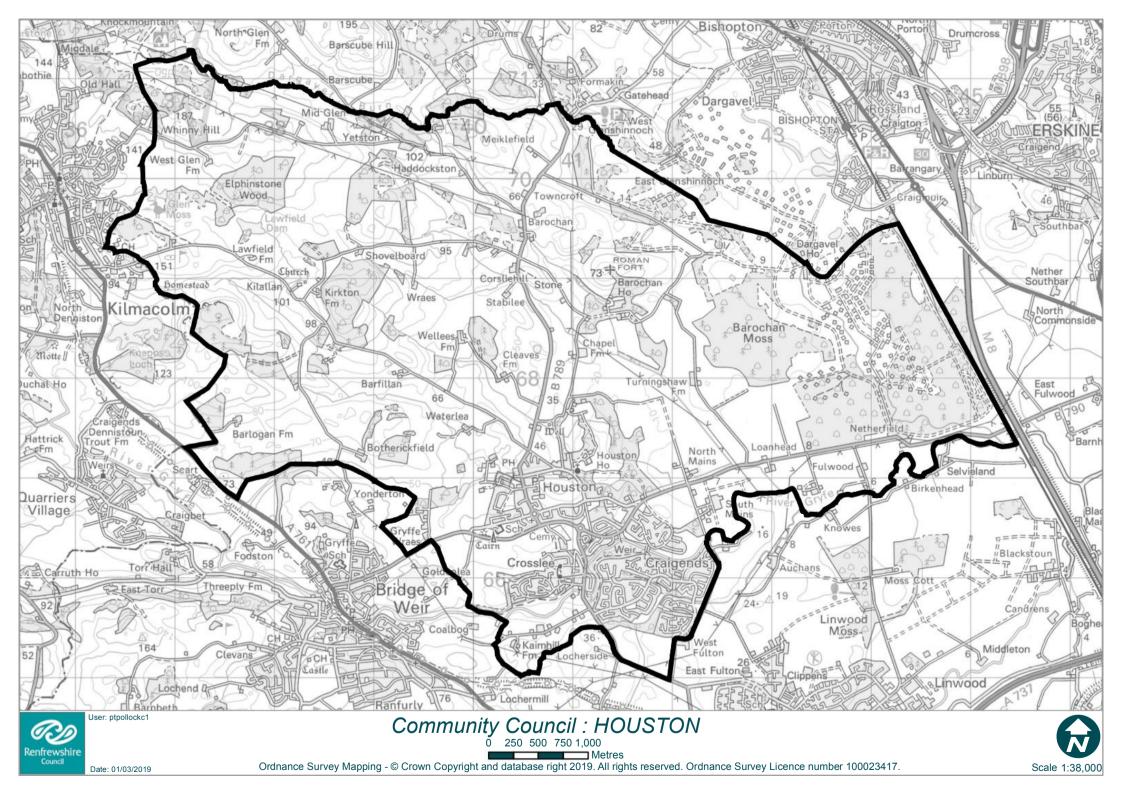


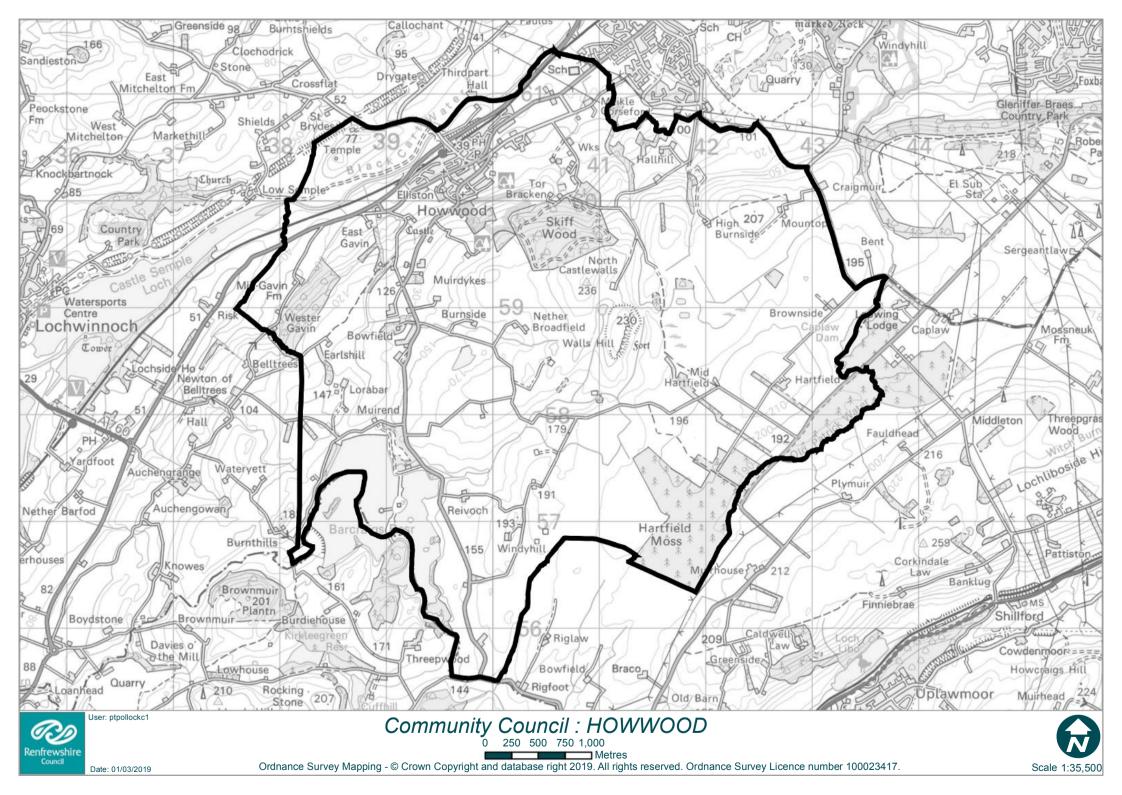


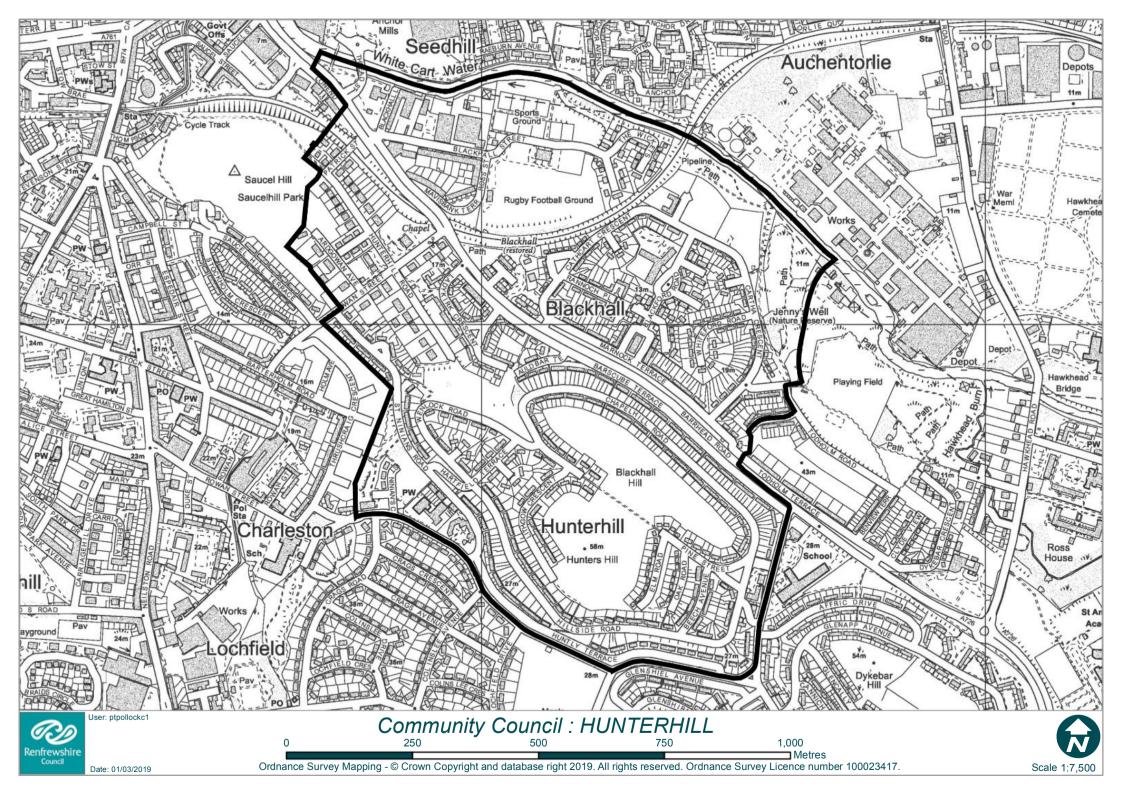


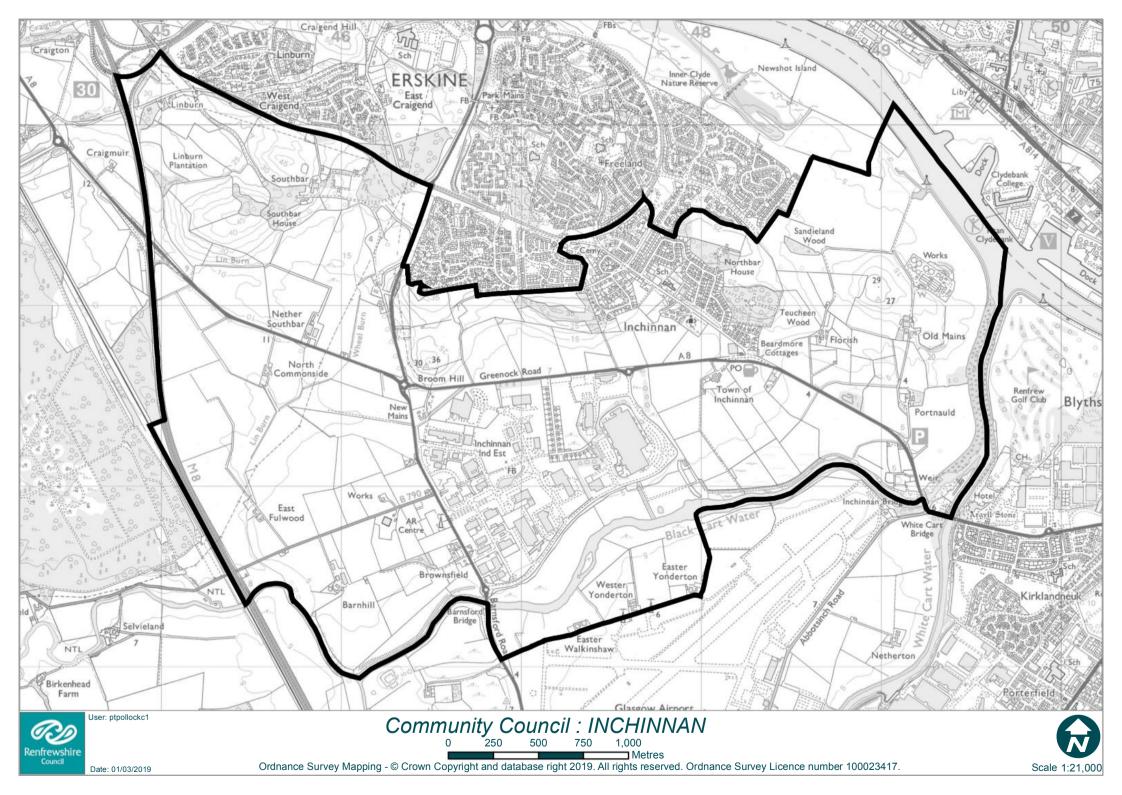


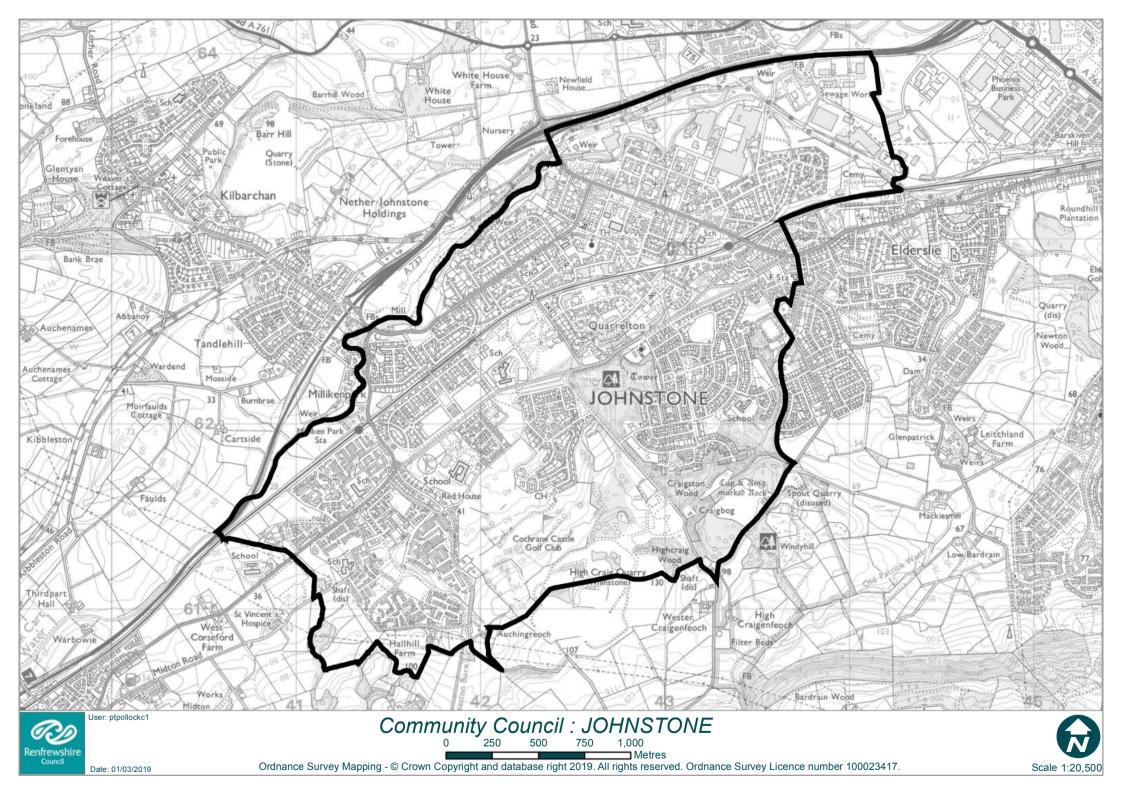


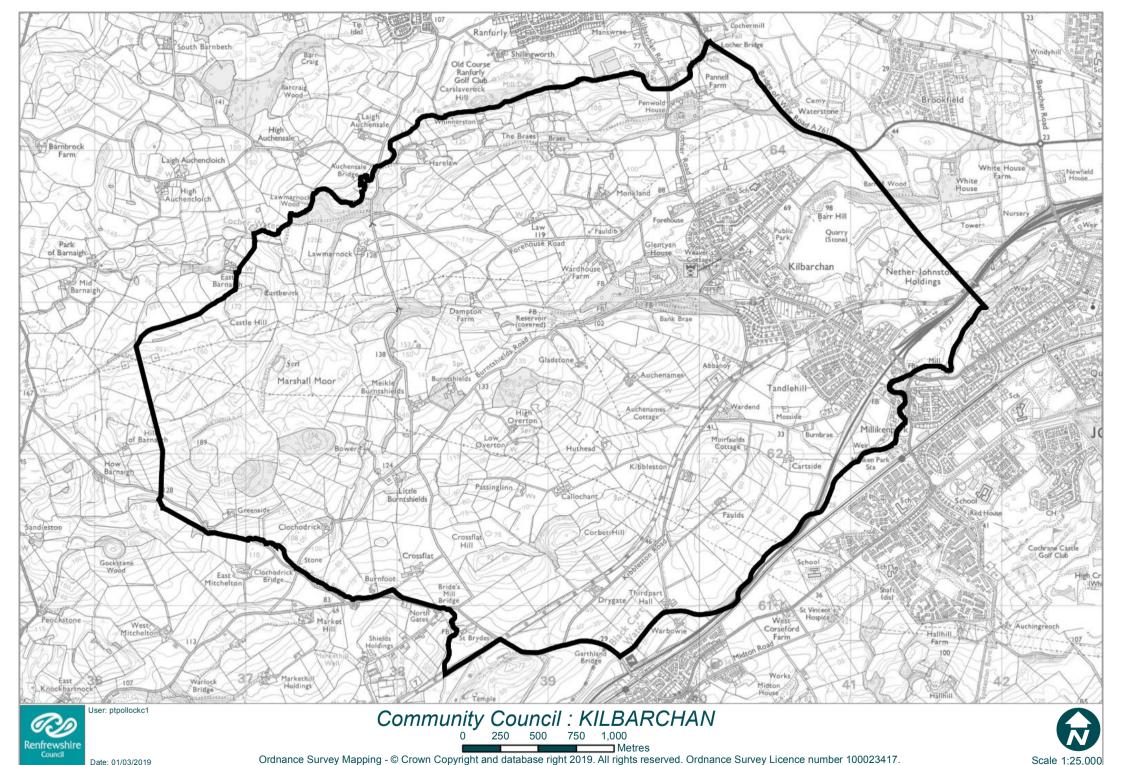


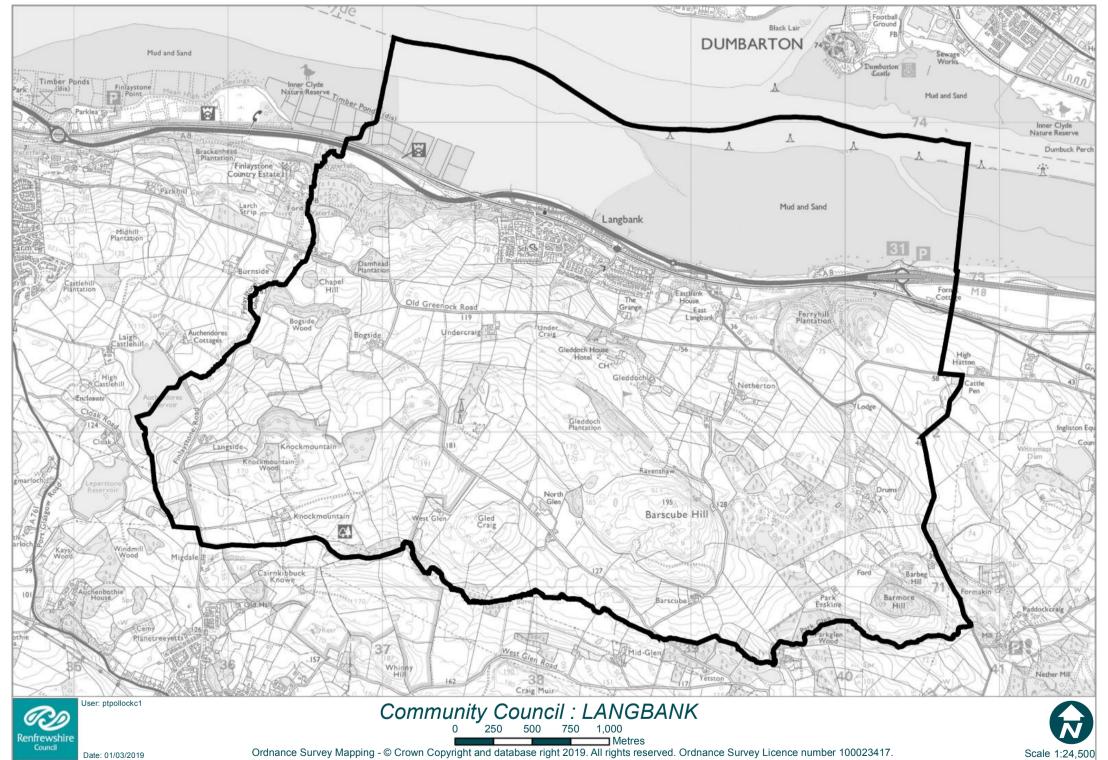


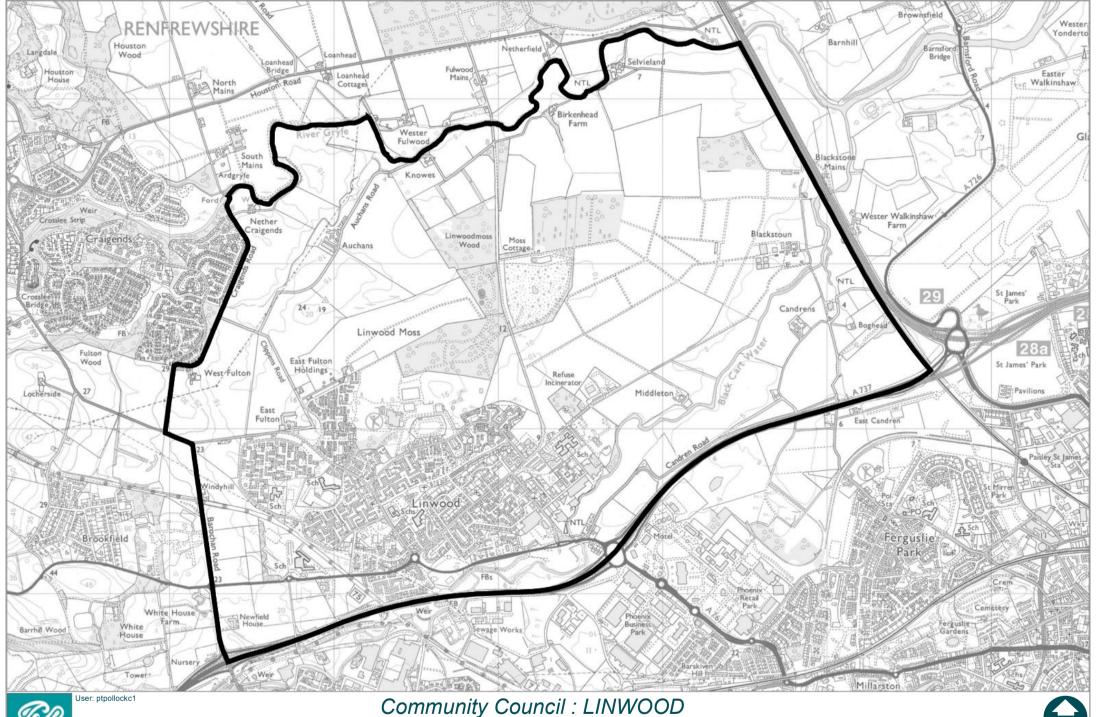




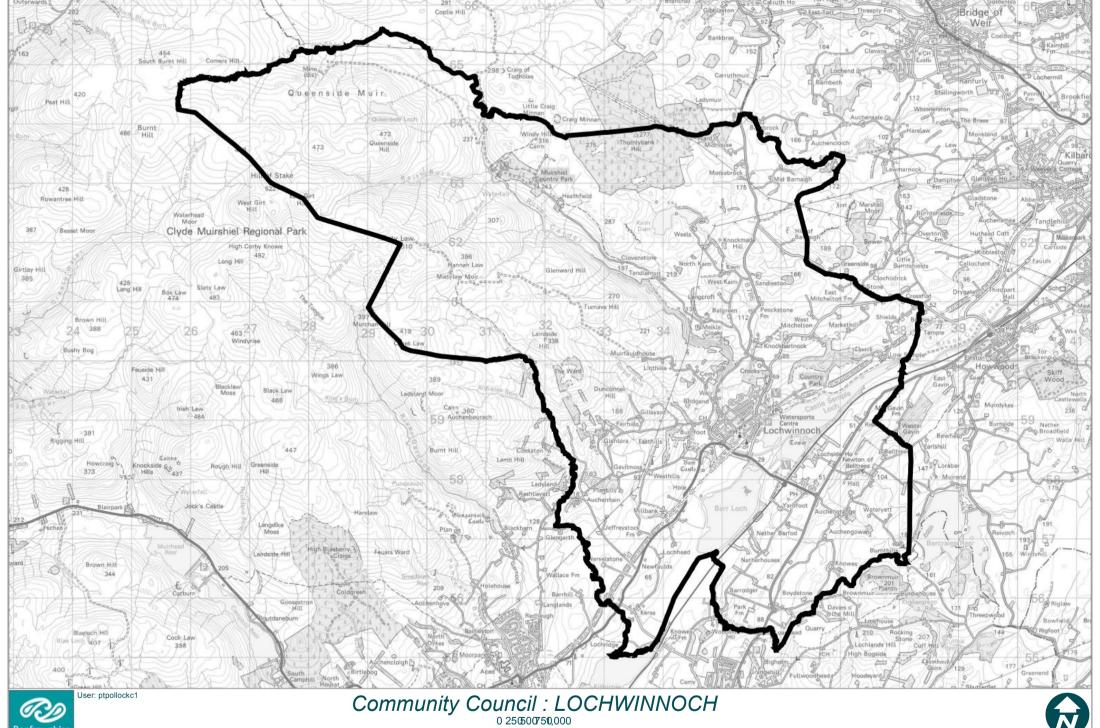








Community Council: LINWOOD

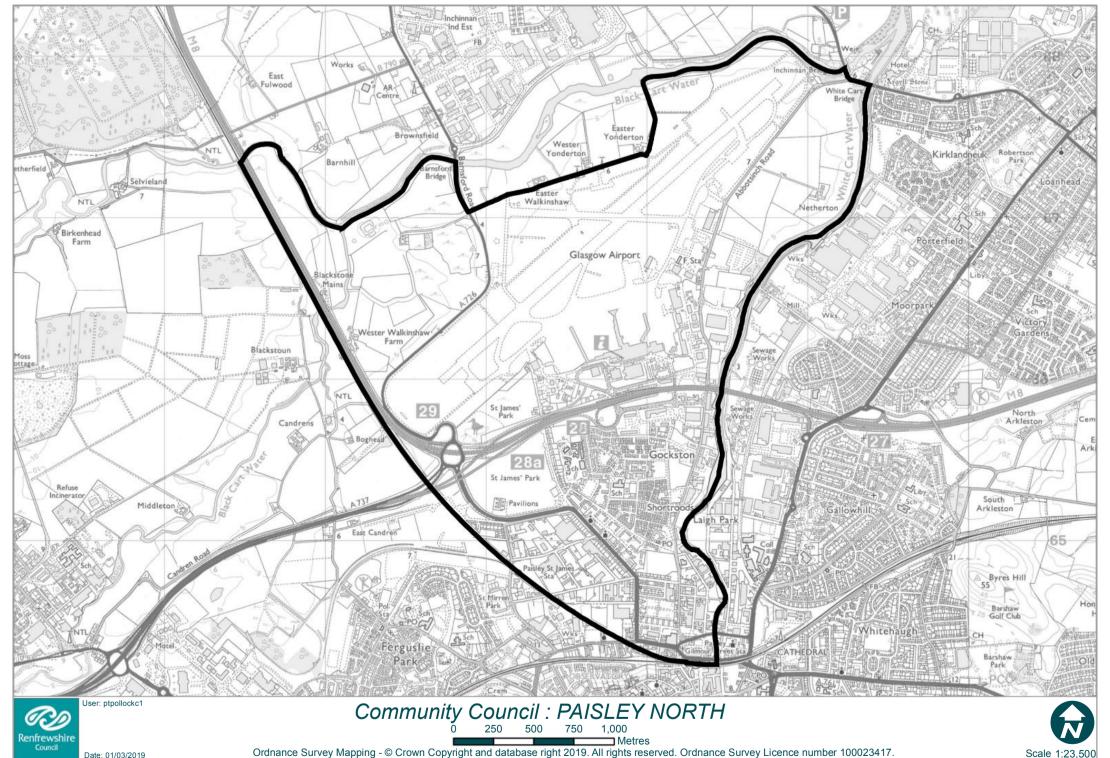


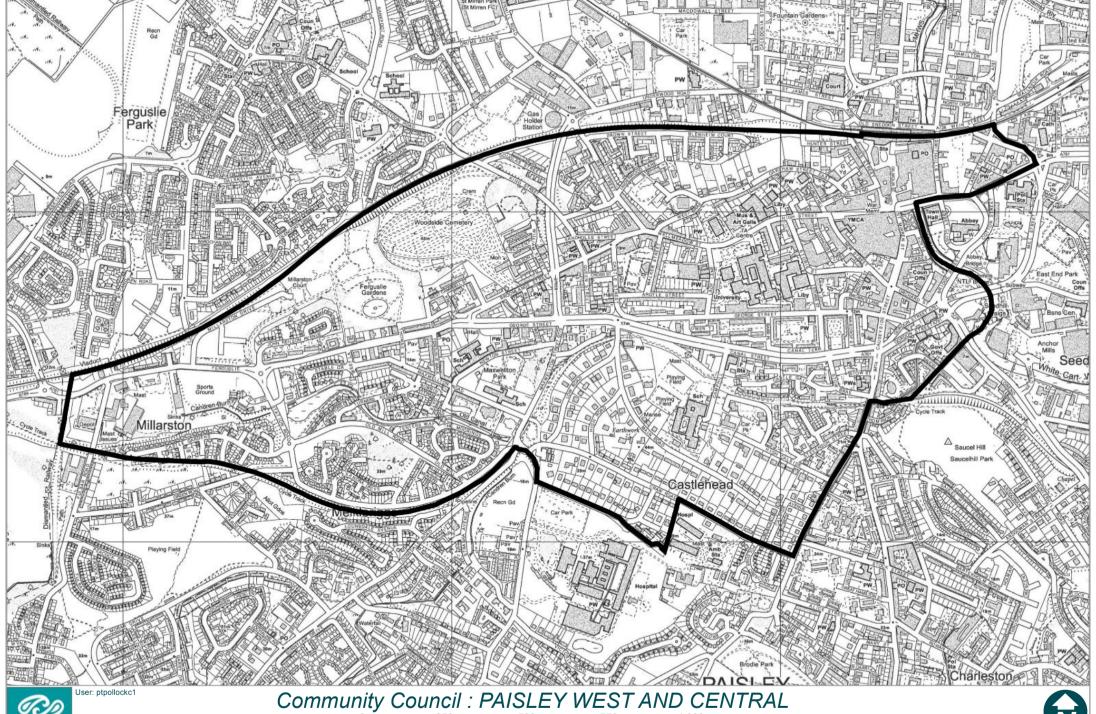


Community Council : PAISLEY EAST AND WHITEHAUGH

Ordnance Survey Mapping - © Crown Copyright and database right 2019. All rights reserved. Ordnance Survey Licence number 100023417.

Scale 1:14,000



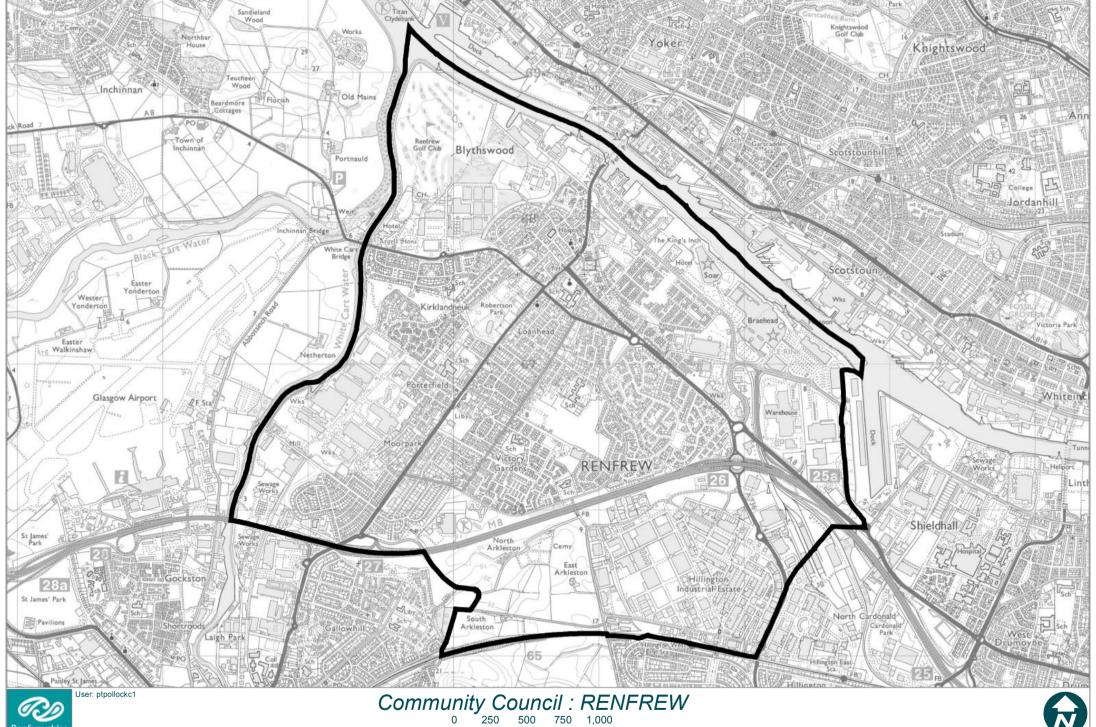


Ordnance Survey Mapping - © Crown Copyright and database right 2019. All rights reserved. Ordnance Survey Licence number 100023417.

Scale 1:11,500



Community Council: RALSTON 1,000



Scale 1:26,000

SUMMARY OF EXPECTATIONS

Community Councils are expected:

- to comply with the requirements of this Scheme and the community council Constitution and Standing Orders;
- to ensure all community council members adhere to the Code of Conduct;
- to be representative of all sectors of the community within their area;
- to organise and conduct meetings in accordance with the Scheme, Constitution and Standing Orders;
- to conduct at least 6 ordinary meetings and an AGM each year;
- to produce and distribute an agenda together with a minute of the last meeting at least 7 days prior to each meeting;
- to prepare and publish annual accounts that have been independently examined:
- to hold Public Liability insurance;
- to register, in terms of the Data Protection Act, as a Data Controller with the Information Commissioner's Office each year;
- to hold elections to the community council in liaison with Renfrewshire Council;
- to identify and employ consultation methods that promote engagement with the community;
- to be non-sectarian, non-Party political and ensure equality of opportunity for all residents; and
- to immediately advise Renfrewshire Council of any changes to membership.

Community Councils that comply fully with this Scheme can expect:

- to be consulted and make representations on planning applications;
- to be recognised as a competent body to comment on licensing applications;
- to be recognised as a member of the appropriate Local Partnership taking forward the aims of Renfrewshire Community Planning Partnership/Community Empowerment Act (or equivalent Council structure);
- to obtain information, advice, training and support from Renfrewshire Council;
- to receive an annual administration allowance on submission of independently examined annual accounts (due in October each year);
- to be recognised as an appropriate body to apply for other Renfrewshire Council funding and to be signposted to sources of funding available from other organisations; and
- to receive acknowledgment (within 5 working days) and reply (within 10 working days, in general) to enquiries about Council services.

Renfrewshire Council

Community Council Complaints Process

Complaints Procedure

This Procedure is for making complaints against Community Councils or its members and can be used by members of the public, Community Councillors or elected members.

What is a Community Council complaint?

A Community Council complaint is an expression of dissatisfaction or concern relating to the actions of a Community Council or its members. This may be about the conduct, standard of service, actions or lack of action by a Community Council or its members.

Who can complain?

Anyone who is affected by a Community Council or its decisions can make a complaint.

Anonymous Complaints will not be accepted.

What can I complain about?

You can complain about matters such as:

- Treatment by, or attitude of, a Community Councillor when dealing with a Community Council issue;
- Breaches of the Scheme for the Establishment of Community Councils;
- Breaches in confidentiality;
- Misuse of social media, email or letters for the purpose of personal and/or financial gain; or
- Bringing the Community Council into disrepute.

What can't I complain about?

There are some matters Community Councils can't deal with, these being:

- Decisions of Renfrewshire Council;
- Complaints regarding Renfrewshire Council services or officers
- A request for compensation on a decision the Community Council has made

How long do I have to make a complaint?

You must make your complaint within three months of the incident you want to complain about.

Complaint received regarding an individual Community Councillor

When there is a complaint made that a member of a Community Council is in breach of the Community Councillors' Code of Conduct or has otherwise brought the Community Council into disrepute then the following procedure must be followed. (flow chart also provided as Appendix 1)

Stage 1

The complaint should be made in writing and submitted to the Community Council Chairperson or another appointed person.

The Chairperson or another Office Bearer of the Community Council should:-

- 1. Acknowledge receipt of the complaint by letter or e-mail as soon as possible.
- 2. Make the subject of the complaint aware of the complaint by letter or e-mail and provide them with a copy of the complaint.
- 3. Make contact with the complainant and the person being complained about to discuss the nature of the complaint to see if it is possible to resolve the complaint without progressing further.
- 4. Resolution should be taken to the satisfaction of the complainant which may result in withdrawal of the complaint or an agreed action put in place. Any such agreement should be recorded in writing and retained for 12 months then destroyed securely.
- 5. Advise the Democratic Services Manager, Renfrewshire Council, for monitoring purposes of the complaint and the action taken.

Chairperson or Office Bearer Permitted Actions		
Breach	Ask the member to apologise	
	 Advise that Training would be beneficial to prevent similar incidents in the future 	
	 Advise that for a period of 3 months, contact should be restricted between the parties 	
	 Advise behaviour would be monitored for a period of 3 months 	
Serious Breach	Refer to Stage 2	

If no resolution can be found or the complaint relates to a serious breach, the complaint should be considered using the Stage 2 process.

Complaint against the whole Community Council

When a complaint relates to the whole Community Council, these should be submitted in writing to the Democratic Services Manager, Renfrewshire Council,. If a Community Council receives the complaint they should forward it to the Democratic Services Manager, Renfrewshire Council, as a matter of urgency.

Stage 2

Stage 2 deals with two types of complaints:

- those that have not been resolved at stage 1; and
- complaints relating to the whole Community Council.

Stage 2 complaints will be referred to a Panel of five Community Councillors drawn from other Community Councils who do not have a neighbouring boundary with the Community Council.

Not resolved at Stage 1

Where the complaint has not been resolved at stage 1, the person who dealt with the complaint shall within seven days of identifying that the complaint cannot be resolved informally must:-

- 1. Advise both parties that the matter will have to be heard by the Complaints Panel.
- 2. Advise both parties that they have up to seven days to provide a written statement to support their position and that the written statements would form part of the information provided to the Complaints Panel.
- 3. Notify the Democratic Services Manager, Renfrewshire Council, so that a Panel can be convened.
- 4. On receipt of written statements submit these to the Democratic Services Manager.

Community Council as a whole

Where the complaint relates to the whole Community Council, the Democratic Services Manager, Renfrewshire Council, shall within seven days of receipt of the complaint:-

- 1. Acknowledge the complaint
- 2. Inform the Community Council of the complaint
- 3. Convene the Complaints Panel.

Complaints Panel Process

The Panel must appoint a Chairperson and a note taker. The note taker may be a representative of the Democratic Services Manager.

The Panel needs to consider whether the complaint has merit and whether the Panel is required to make any further decision. If the Panel determines that there is no merit, then the process ceases, and the parties must be informed.

If the complaint does have merit, then the Panel must determine if they are able to make a decision based on the information before them. If there is enough information then the panel will make its decision and notify both parties.

If the Panel are unable to make a decision and require additional information then they must:

- 1. Seek supporting information from both parties and any witnesses
- 2. Consider the complaint and any supporting information provided

- 3. If necessary, undertake interviews to aid the investigation of the complaint;
- 4. Determine whether a breach has occurred, and if so, what course of action is required and inform all parties of their decision in writing (letter or e-mail) within 28 days from the date of receipt of the complaint.
- 5. Provide a written note of the complaint, the panel process and the outcome to the Democratic Services Manager, Renfrewshire Council, for monitoring purposes and to undertake any training that may be required.

The Panel can determine the following sanctions:

Complaints against and Individual Community Councillor				
Degree Of Breach	Possible Sanctions	Requirement		
No Breach	No sanction	None		
Breach	 Apology Training (exact nature to be identified) Mentoring Restriction of communication between parties (to be clearly specified) Written undertaking to behave within the Code of Conduct 	At least three members of the Panel must be in agreement		
Serious Breach	 Suspension for a set period up to six months. Instruction to stand down from an Office Bearer position. Expulsion. This must be a unanimous decision of the Panel. 	At least four members of the Panel must be in agreement		
		Г		
Complaints agains				
Degree of Breach	Requirement			
No Breach	No sanction	None		
Breach Serious Breach	 Apology Training (exact nature to be identified) Mentoring Written undertaking to behave within the Code of Conduct 	At least three members of the Panel must be in agreement At least four		
Serious Breach	 Recommend that the Community Council goes into supported status i.e equivalent to the suspension of a community council by the Head of Corporate Governance 	members of the Panel must be in agreement		

The decision by the panel will be the final decision in respect of the complaint. If further clarification if required, the Chair of the Panel can be contacted via the Democratic Services Manager.

Appendix 1 - Complaints Flowchart

COMPLAINT RECEIVED STAGE 1

IMMEDIATELY

- Acknowledge complaint
- Make subject aware of the complaint and provide a copy

NEXT

Contact complainant to discus the complaint and see if it is possible to find an acceptable solution

WITHIN 7 DAYS

If no solution available

Inform both parties:

- that the matter will be heard by the Complaints Panel.
- that they have up to seven days to provide, a written statement to support their position which would be submitted to the Panel.

Solution Agreeable to both parties

- Inform both parties of the outcome and ensure any actions are undertaken
- Retain a copy of the complaint and correspondence
- Notify the Democratic Services Manager, Renfrewshire Council,
- NO FURTHER ACTION

NEXT

- Provide Democratic Services
 Manager with the complaint and a note of actions taken to date
- Submit written documentation to the Democratic Services Manager, Renfrewshire Council,

STAGE 2

COMPLAINTS PANEL

 To be convened by the Democratic Services Manager, Renfrewshire Council,

Neither the Democratic Services Manager or their team plays any part in the Panel meeting or decisions

- Appoint a Chairperson and note taker
- Review the documentation available
- Request additional information where required
- Undertake interviews, where required
- Make a decision based on the evidence
- Communicate decision within 28 days on receipt of complaint unless otherwise advised more time was required.
- Submit a written note of the complaint, process and outcome to the Democratic Services Manager, Renfrewshire Council,

END OF PROCESS (NO RIGHT TO APPEAL)