# To: JOBS \& THE ECONOMY THEMATIC BOARD <br> On: 16 FEBRUARY 2017 

## Report by:

Bob Grant, Chief Executive, Renfrewshire Chamber of Commerce
TITLE:
RENFREWSHIRE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE - QUARTERLY ECONOMIC INDICATOR

## 1. Summary

1.1 Scottish Chambers of Commerce's Quarterly Economic Indicator engages with five of Scotland's key business sectors: Construction, Financial and Business Services, Manufacturing, Retail \& Wholesale and Tourism.
1.2 Appendix 1 details the findings, released in collaboration with the University of Strathclyde's Fraser of Allander Institute, and show the position of businesses for the third quarter of 2015.
2. Recommendations
2.1 It is recommended that the Jobs \& the Economy Thematic Board note the report.

RENFREWSHIRE
CHAMBER OF COMMERCE
The Ultimate Business Network

Quarter 42016

# Quarterly Economic Indicator 

Renfrewshire Chamber of Commerce

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## 1. What type of business do you represent?


Name Percent
Arts \& Creative ..... 0.0\%
Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing ..... 0.0\%
Business Services (including lawyers, IT consultants, marketing etc.) ..... 38.5\%
Construction (civil engineering, house builders, electrical installations etc.) ..... 3.8\%
Manufacturing (food \& drink, printing, motor vehicles etc.) ..... 23.1\%
Education ..... 3.8\%
Electricity, Gas, Steam and Air Conditioning Supply ..... 0.0\%
Financial and Insurance Activities ..... 3.8\%
Healthcare ..... 0.0\%
Hospitality (restaurants, hotels etc.) ..... 7.7\%
Oil \& Gas Engineering Services/Business Services ..... 3.8\%
Retail \& Wholesale (opticians, chemists, motor repairs etc.) ..... 0.0\%
Tourism (including recreation sites, football clubs etc.) ..... 0.0\%
Trades (plumbers, electricians, plasterers etc.) ..... 3.8\%
Transportation and Storage ..... 7.7\%
Water Supply; Sewerage, Wast Management and Remediation Activities ..... 3.8\%
N ..... 26

## 2. How does your current business optimism compare with...

## Last quarter?



| Name | Percent |
| :--- | :--- |
| Higher | $17.9 \%$ |
| Level | $50.0 \%$ |
| Lower | $32.1 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{N}$ | 28 |

## Last year?



| Name | Percent |
| :--- | :--- |
| Higher | $34.5 \%$ |
| Level | $24.1 \%$ |
| Lower | $41.4 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{N}$ | 29 |

## 3. Has your business successfully applied for credit this quarter?



| Name | Percent |
| :--- | :--- |
| Yes | $10.0 \%$ |
| Not successful | $3.3 \%$ |
| Not applied | $86.7 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{N}$ | 30 |

## 4. What was the main reason for increasing investment?



| Name | Percent |
| :--- | :--- |
| To increase efficiency | $20.0 \%$ |
| To replace existing resources | $40.0 \%$ |
| To expand capacity | $20.0 \%$ |
| For innovation reasons | $20.0 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{N}$ | 5 |

## 5. How have the following changed for your business since last quarter?

## Total revenue



Domestic revenue (Scotland)


| Name | Percent |
| :--- | :--- |
| Increased | $31.0 \%$ |
| No change | $27.6 \%$ |
| Decreased | $34.5 \%$ |
| N/A | $6.9 \%$ |
| N | 29 |

## Rest of UK revenue



| Name | Percent |
| :--- | :--- |
| Increased | $20.7 \%$ |
| No change | $24.1 \%$ |
| Decreased | $20.7 \%$ |
| N/A | $34.5 \%$ |
| N | 29 |

## Export revenue



| Name | Percent |
| :--- | :--- |
| Increased | $14.8 \%$ |
| No change | $11.1 \%$ |
| Decreased | $11.1 \%$ |
| N/A | $63.0 \%$ |
| N | 27 |

## Total Investment expenditure



| Name | Percent |
| :--- | :--- |
| Increased | $16.7 \%$ |
| No change | $50.0 \%$ |
| Decreased | $10.0 \%$ |
| N/A | $23.3 \%$ |
| N | 30 |

## Cashflow



| Name | Percent |
| :--- | :--- |
| Increased | $24.1 \%$ |
| Not changed | $41.4 \%$ |
| Decreased | $31.0 \%$ |
| N/A | $3.4 \%$ |
| N | 29 |

## Profits



| Name | Percent |
| :--- | :--- |
| Increased | $30.0 \%$ |
| Not changed | $30.0 \%$ |
| Decreased | $36.7 \%$ |
| N/A | $3.3 \%$ |
| N | 30 |

6. How does your current level of work in progress compare with last quarter?


| Name | Percent |
| :--- | :--- |
| Higher | $28.6 \%$ |
| No change | $42.9 \%$ |
| Lower | $28.6 \%$ |
| N | 7 |

## 7. How do you expect the following to change for your business in the next quarter?

## Total revenue



Domestic revenue (Scotland)


| Name | Percent |
| :--- | :--- |
| Increase | $21.4 \%$ |
| No change | $46.4 \%$ |
| Decrease | $25.0 \%$ |
| N/A | $7.1 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{N}$ | 28 |

## Rest of UK revenue



| Name | Percent |
| :--- | :--- |
| Increase | $17.2 \%$ |
| No change | $31.0 \%$ |
| Decrease | $13.8 \%$ |
| N/A | $37.9 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{N}$ | 29 |

## Export revenue



| Name | Percent |
| :--- | :--- |
| Increase | $17.9 \%$ |
| No change | $17.9 \%$ |
| Decrease | $7.1 \%$ |
| N/A | $57.1 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{N}$ | 28 |

Total Investment expenditure


| Name | Percent |
| :--- | :--- |
| Increase | $27.6 \%$ |
| No change | $37.9 \%$ |
| Decrease | $17.2 \%$ |
| N/A | $17.2 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{N}$ | 29 |

## 8. How have your employee numbers changed since last quarter?



|  | Increased | Not changed | Decreased | N/A | N |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Total employees | $10.0 \%$ | $73.3 \%$ | $16.7 \%$ | $3.3 \%$ | 40 |
| Graduates | $0.0 \%$ | $52.0 \%$ | $4.0 \%$ | $2.0 \%$ |  |
| Part time staff | $0.0 \%$ | $70.4 \%$ | $7.4 \%$ | $22.2 \%$ |  |
| Temporary staff | $11.5 \%$ | $46.2 \%$ | $3.8 \%$ | $38.5 \%$ | 27 |
| Under 25 year olds | $3.8 \%$ | $73.1 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $23.1 \%$ | 26 |

9. Have you had any difficulties in recruiting employees this quarter?


| Name | Percent |
| :--- | :--- |
| Yes | $21.4 \%$ |
| No | $14.3 \%$ |
| Not tried to recruit | $64.3 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{N}$ | 28 |

10. How do you expect your employee numbers to change next quarter?


| Name | Percent |
| :--- | :--- |
| Increase | $13.3 \%$ |
| Not change | $76.7 \%$ |
| Decrease | $10.0 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{N}$ | 30 |

11. How have your wage levels changed this quarter?


| Name | Percent |
| :--- | :--- |
| Increased | $26.7 \%$ |
| Not changed | $66.7 \%$ |
| Decreased | $6.7 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{N}$ | 30 |

13. How do you think the prices your business charges will change next quarter?


| Name | Percent |
| :--- | :--- |
| Increase | $46.4 \%$ |
| Not change | $39.3 \%$ |
| Decrease | $14.3 \%$ |
| N | 28 |

# Quarterly <br> Economic Indicator 

Scottish Chambers of Commerce


Scottish
Chambers of Commerce

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## Methodology

The Quarterly Economic Indicator is owned and produced by the Scottish Chambers of Commerce Economic Development Intelligence Unit, in collaboration with the Fraser of Allander Institute of the University of Strathclyde.

This survey was conducted between 07 November 2016 and 28 November 2016. 511 firms responded to the Q3 2016 edition of the Indicator.

Results are reported as the "net \% balance", calculated by deducting the \% of firms reporting a decrease from the \% of firms reporting an increase.
E.g. If $50 \%$ of firms report an increase in profits over the quarter (compared with the previous quarter) and 49\% report a decrease, the net \% balance of firms reporting an increase in profits is (50-49 = +1).

A negative net \% balance generally indicates contraction and a positive net \% balance expansion.

The Economic Development Intelligence Unit is available to be commissioned for a wide range of economic and business related research. For more information on the Unit, further information on the Quarterly Economic Indicator results, or details of sponsorship availability, please contact:

Garry Clark
Head of Economic Development Intelligence Unit
Scottish Chambers of Commerce
Office No. 01412048316
Mobile No. 07795158137
Email address: gclark@scottishchambers.org.uk

2 | P a g e

## Summary

In the fourth quarter of 2016, business optimism was finely balanced across all sectors and was marginally positive in all sectors other than Financial and Business Services. Broadly positive trends in recruitment remained but cash flow was tightening across most sectors.

The Construction sector reported a positive trend in both total contracts and sales revenue in Q4, led by growth in private commercial contracts. Employment continues to grow in the sector but there are expectations of a dip in investment.

Financial and Business Services saw a marginal growth in sales in Q4, whilst the pace of the increase in investment slowed. Expectations of a growth in employment in the sector in Q4 did not materialise.

Optimism returned to Manufacturing in Q4 as the sector reported its strongest trend in new orders since the second quarter of 2014. Export orders remained strong in Q4 but the trend was lower than expected.

The Retail sector also saw a return in optimism in Q4 as the growth in sales met expectations. Both export and online sales increased but a decline in sales is expected in Q1 2017. The majority of businesses expect price increases in 2017.

Tourism businesses reported higher optimism than in the same quarter of 2015. Visitor numbers were up, particularly from outside of the EU. Recruitment difficulties remain widespread in the sector but expectations in employment and sales are better than for the same period last year.

## Key Findings

## CONSTRUCTION

## Sales Revenue

Sales revenue was positive over the quarter across the sector with $35.8 \%$ of businesses reporting an increase in total sales revenue, giving a net \% balance of +8 . This increase can largely be attributed to domestic (Scotland) sales with just under one third (32.1\%) of firms reporting an increase in Q4 2016. Future expectations for sales revenue are encouraging, with $75.9 \%$ of respondents indicating that sales revenue will either be maintained or increased. Despite positive results for total sales revenue, sales from the rest of the UK returned to negative territory with a net $\%$ balance of -2 .

## Investment

Investment expenditure was positive during Q4 2016, with $83.3 \%$ of businesses reporting that total investment expenditure increased or remained the same, giving a net \% balance of +22. Growth was recorded for both capital and training investment with a net $\%$ balances of +20 recorded for both. However, investment expectations for Q1 of 2017 were negative, potentially as a result of Brexit uncertainty.

## FINANCIAL \& BUSINESS SERVICES

## Employment

Over the fourth quarter of last year financial \& business services firms reported a decline in employment levels, reflected by a net \% balance of -7. However, with 37.6\% of businesses in the sector recruiting and a positive net \% balance of +12 in terms of expected employment, employment levels may increase in Q1 2017.

## Investment

Investment levels did increase overall with a net \% balance of +7 recorded, this growth level is much higher than the negative net \% balance of -10 reported at the same time in 2015 and investment is expected to remain largely unchanged in Q1 2017, with $50 \%$ of firms anticipating no change in investment expenditure.

## Overall

Results for the financial \& business services sector were mixed over the final quarter of 2016. However, in comparison to the same quarter a year earlier, the decline in growth has eased. Additionally, expectations for future performance are more promising with positive trend balances for sales revenue (+16).

## Key Findings

## MANUFACTURING

## Business Optimism

A net \% balance of $+\mathbf{2}$ was recorded overall for optimism, this marks a return to positive territory after a negative net \% balance of -9 was reported in Q3 2016. This increased optimism may be explained by positive trend balances reported for total sales revenue (+22), total new orders (+24) and total investment expenditure (+16). Trend balances for sales revenue and investment expenditure were the highest recorded net \% balances in 2016.

## Expectations

The sector has largely experienced growth in the final quarter of 2016. Expectations for next quarter's sales revenue, employment levels and expenditure on investment are positive among firms in the manufacturing industry. Positive net \% balances were recorded for expected sales revenue (+15), investment (+13), export revenue (+21) and employment (+18).

## RETAIL \& WHOLESALE

## Profits

Over one third of respondents experienced a fall in profitability in Q4 2016, giving a negative net \% balance of -2 and marking the fifth consecutive quarter that the trend balance for profit was in negative territory. Although the balance over the quarter was only marginally negative it suggests an overall decline in the industry, and may explain the negative net \% balance of -6 reported for cash-flow.

## Employment

The majority of businesses (62\%) in the retail \& wholesale sector indicated that their employment levels remained unchanged over the quarter. This trend is expected to continue as $62 \%$ of businesses in the industry to do not expect their employment levels to change in the first quarter of 2017.

## Optimism

Optimism in the sector grew in Q4 of 2016 as more than one third of businesses reported an increase in their level of business optimism- giving a net \% balance of +2. Although the balance is only marginally positive, it is encouraging when compared to the net \% balance of -17 in the same quarter of 2015.

## Key Findings

## TOURISM

## Sales Revenue

Despite tourism firms reporting a positive trend balance of $\mathbf{+ 2 4}$ for total guest/customers versus the same period of the previous year, sales revenue was down over the quarter, with more businesses in the sector indicating that total sales revenue had decreased, which was reflected in the net $\%$ balance of -4 recorded. This can be attributed to negative trend balances from domestic (Scotland), sales from the rest of the UK and online sales of $-4,-1$ and -7 respectively. Declining levels of sales revenue is expected to continue in Q1 2017 for a net $\%$ balance of -12 firms.

## Recruitment Difficulties

55\% of businesses stated that they were currently recruiting. Of these, $58 \%$ indicated that they were currently facing difficulties recruiting. More specifically, chefs and trained waiting/bar staff were the most commonly cited by respondents as difficult to recruit. These difficulties in recruiting certain occupations may explain why a negative net $\%$ balance of -3 was recorded for employment over the last three months.

## Expectations

Expectations for the first quarter of 2017 are largely negative as more businesses in the tourism sector expect a fall in sales revenue and investment expenditure in Q1 2017 than those that expect a rise. Negative net \% balances of -12 and -1 were recorded for expected sales revenue and investment expenditure respectively. These figures highlight the possibility of a decline in growth over the next three months, though this may be seasonal in nature.

## Total New Contracts

## Construction

## BUSINESS OPTIMISM

Business optimism remained in positive territory with a net \% balance of +4 . Despite remaining positive, this remains the lowest level of optimism recorded for firms in the construction sector since Q3 2014.

## CONTRACTS

$33.3 \%$ of all respondents reported an increase in total new contracts, giving a net $\%$ balance of +9 . This was largely driven by an increase in private commercial contracts for which a net $\%$ balance of +9 was recorded- the highest net \% balance recoded since Q3 2015. Conversely, public sector contracts and domestic/house build contracts returned to negative territory with net \% balances of -7 and -2 respectively.

## /NVESTMENT

Last quarter construction firms generally said they expected investment to remain the same or increase in Q4 2016. These expectations were broadly realised with a net $\%$ balance of +22 recorded for total investment expenditure.

## CASH-FLOW

A negative net \% balance of -4 was recorded as more businesses reported a decline in cash-flow over the quarter than an increase- this is the lowest net \% balance recorded since Q1 2015.

## PRICE CHANGE

The majority (63.0\%) of businesses in the construction sector expect their prices to remain the same in the first quarter of 2017. However just over one third of firms (35.2\%) anticipate an increase in their prices resulting in a net $\%$ balance of +33 .


| (blank space indicates data not av ailable) |  |  |  | (rounded up to nearest \%) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (balances may not add up to $100 \%$ due to N/A responses) |  |  |  | Q4/16 | Q3/16 | Q4/15 |
| (figures given as \% of respondents) | Up | Level | Down | Net \% Balance | Last Quarter | Last Year |
| Business Optimism | 25.9 | 51.9 | 22.2 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Sales Revenue |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 35.8 | 34.0 | 28.3 | 8 | 23 | 38 |
| Domestic (Scotland) | 32.1 | 37.7 | 26.4 | 6 | 19 | 33 |
| Rest of UK | 7.5 | 17.0 | 9.4 | -2 | 10 | 5 |
| Contracts |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 33.3 | 37.8 | 24.4 | 9 | 21 | 7 |
| Public Sector | 15.6 | 40.0 | 22.2 | -7 | 5 | -9 |
| Private Commercial | 28.3 | 45.7 | 19.6 | 9 | 3 | 7 |
| House Building | 11.1 | 35.6 | 13.3 | -2 | 11 | 2 |
| Work In Progress | 33.3 | 37.8 | 28.9 | 4 | 33 | 5 |
| Investment |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 38.9 | 44.4 | 16.7 | 22 | 13 | 30 |
| Capital | 35.2 | 46.3 | 14.8 | 20 | 16 | 22 |
| Training | 31.5 | 51.9 | 11.1 | 20 | 27 | 40 |
| Cashflow | 24.1 | 48.1 | 27.8 | -4 | 11 | 20 |
| Applied for Credit? |  |  |  | 24 | 24 | 28 |
| Profits | 29.6 | 44.4 | 24.1 | 6 | 13 | 24 |
| Capacity Used ( Ave. \%) |  |  |  | 83 | 82 | 86 |
| Employment |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 24.5 | 67.9 | 7.5 | 17 | 20 | 34 |
| Recruiting Staff |  |  | (yes) | 56 | 59 | 69 |
| Recruitment Difficulties |  |  | (yes) | 43 | 48 | 65 |
| Increased Wages? |  |  | (yes) | 31 | 22 | 46 |
| Average Pay Increase (\%) |  |  |  | 7.0 | 4 | 6 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Expectations Next Quarter |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Price Change | 35.2 | 63.0 | 1.9 | 33 | 20 | 34 |
| Sales Revenue | 29.6 | 46.3 | 24.1 | 6 | 24 | 17 |
| Investment | 24.1 | 50.0 | 25.9 | -2 | 11 | 23 |
| Employees | 24.1 | 59.3 | 16.7 | 7 | 11 | 34 |

## Financial \& <br> Business Services

## BUSINESS OPTIMISM

In Q3 2016, financial \& business services firms reported a positive trend balance for business optimism for the first time since Q2 2015. However, business optimism levels in the sector returned to negative territory in Q4 with a net \% balance of -4. This was largely a result of the high number of firms in the oil \& gas sector reporting a fall in business optimism.

## PROFITS

Lower levels of business optimism may be because of declining profit as more than one third (35.4\%) of respondents reported a fall in profit levels over the quarter. Despite business optimism falling, sales and cash-flow returning to positive territory over the quarter, $43.5 \%$ of respondents experienced a decline in profits over the quarter.

## SALES REVENUE

Although negative net \% balances in sales revenue from Scotland (-3), rest of UK $(-7)$ and exports ( -1 ), total sales revenue was marginally positive with a net $\%$ balance of +1 .

## EXPECTATIONS

Future expectations in the financial and business services sector are promising, a net $\%$ balance of +16 expect sales revenue to increase in the first quarter of 2017. Trends for future investment are also encouraging with a net $\%$ balance of +4 expecting investment expenditure to increase. Additionally, employment levels are expected to remain the same or increase in Q1 2017 as reported by $87.9 \%$. However, a note of caution may be needed as many expectations from the previous quarter were not realised in Q4.

Profits


| (blank space indicates data not av ailable) |  |  |  | (rounded up to nearest \%) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (balances may not add up to $100 \%$ due to N/A responses) |  |  |  | Q4/16 | Q3/16 | Q4/15 |
| (figures given as \% of respondents) | Up | Level | Down | Net \% Balance | Last Quarter | Last Year |
| Business Optimism | 23.6 | 48.9 | 27.5 | -4 | 3 | -12 |
| Sales Revenue |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 34.1 | 30.8 | 33.5 | 1 | 3 | -16 |
| Domestic (Scotland) | 30.2 | 31.8 | 33.5 | -3 | -6 | -22 |
| Rest of UK | 13.6 | 28.2 | 20.9 | -7 | -8 | -19 |
| Exports | 11.9 | 17.6 | 13.1 | -1 | -5 | -13 |
| Online | 10.8 | 18.8 | 9.1 | 2 | 2 | -8 |
| Investment |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 27.6 | 38.1 | 21.0 | 7 | 6 | -10 |
| Capital | 22.1 | 39.2 | 22.7 | -1 | 3 | -7 |
| Training | 23.3 | 44.4 | 18.3 | 5 | 10 | 1 |
| Cashflow | 23.9 | 44.4 | 31.1 | -7 | 1 | -23 |
| Applied for credit? |  |  | (yes) | 9 | 10 | 12 |
| Profits | 29.3 | 33.7 | 35.4 | -6 | -18 | -25 |
| Capacity Used (Ave. \%) |  |  |  | 68 | 68 | 70 |
| Employment |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 11.0 | 68.7 | 17.6 | -7 | 0 | -12 |
| Recruiting Staff |  |  | (yes) | 38 | 44 | 41 |
| Recruitment Difficulties |  |  | (yes) | 28 | 33 | 29 |
| Increased Wages? |  |  | (yes) | 16 | 17 | 22 |
| $\qquad$ |  |  |  | 5.2 | 5 | 5 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Expectations Next Quarter |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Price Change | 30.7 | 57.0 | 12.3 | 18 | 10 | 6 |
| Sales Revenue | 39.2 | 37.6 | 23.2 | 16 | 20 | 1 |
| Investment | 21.9 | 50.0 | 18.0 | 4 | 11 | -3 |
| Employ ees | 23.6 | 64.3 | 12.1 | 12 | 14 | 7 |

## Manufacturing

## ORDERS

43.6\% of manufacturing firms experienced an increase in total new orders, giving a net $\%$ balance of +24 the highest trend balance recorded since Q2 2015. While there was growth in orders from the rest of the UK and exports over the quarter, with net $\%$ balances of +6 and +15 respectively; orders from Scotland have declined further over the fourth quarter of 2016 with a negative net $\%$ balance of -7 .

## WORK IN PROGRESS

An increased number of orders within the manufacturing sector is reflected in higher levels of capacity utilisation and work in progress. $39.6 \%$ of firms reported an increase in their level of work in progress, giving a net $\%$ balance of +19 - the highest net $\%$ balance recorded since Q4 2015. Additionally, the average capacity used by respondents was $76 \%$ in Q4 2016, the highest level of capacity utilisation in 2016.

## PROFIT

The same number of businesses reported a decrease in profit levels over the quarter as those that reported an increase: a net \% balance of 0 . However, this is not as low as the net $\%$ balances recorded in each of the previous quarters in 2016, which were all negative.

## EMPLOYMENT

Employment levels have increased on balance across the sector with a net \% balance of +15 recorded. Employment levels are expected to either increase or remain the same over the next three months with fewer than 8\% of firms anticipating a fall in employment.

Employment


| (blank space indicates data not av ailable) |  |  |  | (rounded up to nearest \%) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (balances may not add up to 100\% due to N/A responses) |  |  |  | Q4/16 | Q3/16 | Q4/15 |
| (figures given as \% of respondents) | Up | Level | Down | Net \% Balance | Last Quarter | Last Year |
| Business Optimism | 25.5 | 50.9 | 23.6 | 2 | -9 | 14 |
| Sales Revenue |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 38.9 | 44.4 | 16.7 | 22 | 7 | 14 |
| Domestic (Scotland) | 21.8 | 52.7 | 20.0 | 2 | 2 | 8 |
| Rest of UK | 18.5 | 50.0 | 18.5 | 0 | -2 | 16 |
| Exports | 37.0 | 31.5 | 9.3 | 28 | 16 | 8 |
| Orders |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 43.6 | 34.5 | 20.0 | 24 | 6 | 18 |
| Domestic (Scotland) | 20.4 | 44.4 | 27.8 | -7 | -4 | 6 |
| Rest of UK | 24.1 | 48.1 | 18.5 | 6 | -11 | 14 |
| Exports | 23.6 | 34.5 | 9.1 | 15 | 13 | 12 |
| Work in Progress | 39.6 | 39.6 | 20.8 | 19 | -11 | 29 |
| Investment |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 30.9 | 50.9 | 14.5 | 16 | 13 | 33 |
| Capital | 29.6 | 53.7 | 14.8 | 15 | 0 | 18 |
| Training | 18.2 | 69.1 | 5.5 | 13 | 9 | 25 |
| Cashflow | 18.2 | 49.1 | 32.7 | -15 | -17 | 0 |
| Applied for Credit? |  |  | (yes) | 22 | 18 | 18 |
| Profits | 31.5 | 37.0 | 31.5 | 0 | -6 | 16 |
| Capacity Used ( Ave. \%) |  |  |  | 76 | 73 | 80 |
| Employment |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 27.8 | 59.3 | 13.0 | 15 | 13 | 24 |
| Recruiting Staff |  |  | (yes) | 62 | 55 | 67 |
| Recruitment Difficulties |  |  | (yes) | 38 | 42 | 30 |
| Increased Wages? |  |  | (yes) | 24 | 30 | 22 |
| Average Pay Increase (\%) |  |  |  | 4.5 | 3 | 3 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Expectations Next Quarter |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Price Change | 53.8 | 44.2 | 1.9 | 52 | 19 | 33 |
| Sales Revenue | 38.9 | 35.2 | 24.1 | 15 | 28 | 14 |
| Inv estment | 27.3 | 54.5 | 14.5 | 13 | -6 | 10 |
| Employees | 25.5 | 67.3 | 7.3 | 18 | 13 | 24 |

## Retail \&

## Sales Revenue

## Wholesale

## SALES REVENUE

Total sales revenue was up over the quarter with $44.4 \%$ of businesses experiencing an increase, giving a net $\%$ balance of 14.This is the highest net $\%$ balance reported for sales revenue in the retail \& wholesale sector since Q3 2015. However, slightly more businesses anticipate a fall in sales revenue in Q1 2017 than those that expect an increase,
resulting in a net $\%$ balance of -2 .

## CASH-FLOW

Despite a positive net \% balance recorded for sales revenue, more business reported a decrease in cash-flow than those reporting an increase, resulting in a net \% balance of -6 . This marks the fifth consecutive quarter that respondents in the retail \& wholesale sector reported a negative trend balance.

## PRICE CHANGE

A decline in cash-flow levels over the quarter may explain why no respondents plan to decrease their price levels over the next three months resulting in a net \% balance of +56 . This is the highest net $\%$ balance recorded since Q2 2013.

## INVESTMENT

Investment expenditure was negative during Q4 2016 for the second consecutive quarter with a net $\%$ balance of -2 reporting a decrease in total investment expenditure.

| Sales Revenue |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 40 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | U <br> C <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br>  <br> 2 |
| Quarter $\quad-80$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (blank space indicates data not av ailable) |  |  |  | (rounded up to nearest \%) |  |  |
| (balances may not add up to 100\% due to N/A responses) |  |  |  | Q4/16 | Q3/16 | Q4/15 |
| (figures given as \% of respondents) | Up | Level | Down | Net \% <br> Balance | Last Quarter | Last Year |
| Business Optimism | 34.0 | 34.0 | 32.0 | 2 | -23 | -17 |
| Sales Revenue |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 44.0 | 26.0 | 30.0 | 14 | -12 | -23 |
| Domestic (Scotland) | 39.6 | 25.0 | 27.1 | 13 | -24 | -12 |
| Rest of UK | 16.7 | 27.1 | 16.7 | 0 | -3 | 5 |
| Exports | 13.0 | 6.5 | 2.2 | 11 | 0 | 0 |
| Online | 16.3 | 26.5 | 12.2 | 4 | 11 | 5 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Investment |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 22.4 | 40.8 | 24.5 | -2 | -9 | -2 |
| Capital | 20.4 | 46.9 | 20.4 | 0 | -6 | 0 |
| Training | 22.4 | 53.1 | 14.3 | 8 | -6 | 0 |
|        |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cashflow | 24.0 | 40.0 | 30.0 | -6 | -20 | -30 |
| Applied for Credit? |  |  | (yes) | 21 | 17 | 23 |
| Profits | 34.7 | 24.5 | 36.7 | -2 | -23 | -26 |
| Capacity Used (Ave. \%) |  |  |  | 75 | 73 | 73 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Employment |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 20.0 | 62.0 | 16.0 | 4 | 6 | -5 |
| Recruiting Staff |  |  | (yes) | 65 | 54 | 42 |
| Recruitment Difficulties |  |  | (yes) | 41 | 21 | 33 |
| Increased Wages? |  |  | (yes) | 30 | 17 | 19 |
| Average Pay Increase (\%) |  |  |  | 4 | 5 | 3 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Expectations Next Quarter |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Price Change | 56.0 | 44.0 | 0.0 | 56 | 34 | 30 |
| Sales Revenue | 38.8 | 20.4 | 40.8 | -2 | 14 | 19 |
| Investment | 26.0 | 40.0 | 24.0 | 2 - | -11 | 12 |
| Employees | 24.0 | 62.0 | 14.0 | 10 | 3 | 9 |
| 10 \| P a g e |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Total Guests/Customers vs Last Year

## Tourism

## GUESTS

45.9\% of respondents in the tourism sector experienced growth in the total number of Guests/ Customers in comparison with the same time last year, giving a net \% balance of +24 . The highest net \% balances were recorded for customers from outside of the EU (+18) and from Scotland $(+8)$. Positive trend balances were also recorded for guests/customers from the UK and the rest of the EU of +4 and +1 respectively.

## PROFIT

39.4\% of firms reported a decrease in profit levels over the quarter, resulting in a negative net $\%$ balance of -18 . This is the lowest net \% balance recorded since Q4/2014. Falling profit levels may explain why almost half (49.3\%) of businesses expect to increase their prices over the next quarter.

## CASH-FLOW

A net \% balance of - 15 was recorded as more businesses reported a fall in cash-flow over the quarter than a rise. This marks a return to negative territory, therefore making Q3 the only quarter in 2016 in which a positive net \% balance was reported.

## EMPLOYMENT

Last quarter tourism firms generally stated that they expected employment to remain the same or decrease in Q4. This is reflected in a negative trend balance of -3 recorded in Q4 2016. Recruitment difficulties continue to be an issue for many firms (58\%) currently recruiting.


Q4/14 Q1/15 Q2/15 Q3/15 Q4/15 Q1/16 Q2/16 Q3/16 Q4/16 Quarter

| (blank space indicates data not av ailable) |  |  |  | (rounded up to nearest \%) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (balances may not add up to $100 \%$ due to N/A responses) |  |  |  | Q4/16 | Q3/16 | Q4/15 |
| (figures given as \% of respondents) | Up | Level | Down | Net \% Balance | Last Quarter | Last Year |
| Business Optimism (vs last quarter) | 30.1 | 42.5 | 27.4 | 3 | 5 | -25 |
| Sales Revenue |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 33.8 | 23.0 | 37.8 | -4 | 11 | 0 |
| Domestic (Scotland) | 25.4 | 25.4 | 29.6 | -4 | 11 | 9 |
| Rest of UK | 21.7 | 20.3 | 23.2 | -1 | 8 | -11 |
| Online | 14.9 | 21.6 | 21.6 | -7 | 11 | 2 |
| Investment |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 28.0 | 44.0 | 12.0 | 16 | 11 | 25 |
| Capital | 22.5 | 46.5 | 8.5 | 14 | 8 | 29 |
| Training | 23.9 | 39.4 | 7.0 | 17 | 27 | 17 |
| Cashflow | 17.6 | 41.9 | 32.4 | -15 | 16 | -4 |
| Applied for credit? |  |  | (yes) | 8 | 3 | 29 |
| Profits | 21.1 | 35.2 | 39.4 | -18 | 16 | -15 |
| Employment |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 17.6 | 50.0 | 20.3 | -3 | 8 | -21 |
| Recruiting Staff |  |  | (yes) | 55 | 73 | 81 |
| Recruitment Difficulties |  |  | (yes) | 58 | 59 | 53 |
| Increased Wages? |  |  | (yes) | 29 | 35 | 55 |
| Average Pay Increase (\%) |  |  |  | 4.3 | 8 | 4 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Guests/Customers (vs last year) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 45.9 | 28.4 | 21.6 | 24 | 25 | 26 |
| From Scotland | 29.7 | 39.2 | 21.6 | 8 | 8 | 15 |
| From Rest of UK | 26.0 | 38.4 | 21.9 | 4 | 8 | 15 |
| From Rest of EU | 23.3 | 32.9 | 21.9 | 1 | 16 | -4 |
| From Outside the EU | 32.4 | 27.0 | 14.9 | 18 | 24 | -11 |
| Expectations Next Quarter |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Price Change | 49.3 | 46.7 | 4.0 | 45 | 22 | 45 |
| Sales Revenue | 24.0 | 33.3 | 36.0 | -12 | 0 | -21 |
| Investment | 17.6 | 51.4 | 18.9 | -1 | -5 | 17 |
| Employees | 16.2 | 74.3 | 9.5 | 7 | -5 | -9 |

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