



**To: Housing & Community Safety Policy Board
Renfrewshire Council**

On: 17th May 2016

Report by: Chief Superintendent Jim Downie, Police Scotland, 'K' Division

**Heading: Police and Fire Reform: Local Scrutiny and Engagement
Renfrewshire Local Policing Area
Performance Results 1st April 2015 – 29th February 2016**

1. Summary

- 1.1 The Police and Fire Reform (Scotland) Act 2012 sets out that the main purpose of policing is to improve the safety and well-being of persons, localities and communities in Scotland. It ensures an enhanced focus on local delivery of policing with a designated local commander for each local authority area accountable for local service provision.
- 1.2 Each local commander is required to prepare a local policing plan that meets the needs of the local area and is approved by the local authority. In response to this the local authority has a statutory power to monitor the delivery of police services and to provide feedback to the local commander.

2. Recommendations

- 2.1 The data within this report, which relates to the period 1st April 2015 to 29th February 2016, is extracted from Police Scotland internal systems and is correct as of 2nd March 2016. The data is a year to date comparison with the previous year. It includes both recorded and detected crime data and covers all priority areas as set out in the local police plan. Members are asked to scrutinise policing performance for the period outlined and provide feedback where appropriate.

Not Protectively Marked

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Produced by Police Scotland Analysis & Performance Unit on 21/03/2016.

All statistics are provisional and should be treated as management information. All data are sourced from Police Scotland internal systems and are correct as at 2nd February 2015.

3. Background

- 3.1 The local commander is required to provide reports at an agreed timescale for scrutiny by elected members. Formal scrutiny of the Renfrewshire Police Plan falls under the governance of the Renfrewshire Police and Fire Scrutiny Sub Committee under the auspices of the Housing and Community Safety Committee (HACS) which meets five times per year. The information is contained at Appendix 1.

Implications of the Report

1. **Financial - none**
2. **HR & Organisational Development - none**
3. **Community Planning – none**
4. **Legal - none**
5. **Property/Assets - none**
6. **Information Technology -**
7. **Equality & Human Rights** - The recommendations contained within this report have been assessed in relation to their impact on equalities and human rights. No negative impacts on equality groups or potential for infringement of individuals' human rights have been identified arising from the recommendations contained in the report. If required following implementation, the actual impact of the recommendations and the mitigating actions will be reviewed and monitored, and the results of the assessment will be published on the Council's website.
8. **Health & Safety - none**
9. **Procurement - none**
10. **Risk - none**
11. **Privacy Impact - none**

Author **Chief Superintendent Jim Downie, Police Scotland, 'K' Div**

LOCAL AUTHORITY SCRUTINY BOARD - Renfrewshire

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Violence, Disorder & Antisocial Behaviour					
		Apr 2015 - Feb 2016	Apr 2014 - Feb 2015	Victims	% Change
1	Total No Group1: Crimes of Violence	226	232	6 fewer	-2.6%
Crimes of violence have fallen from the same period last year. We implement a range of tactics to detect and deter these types of offences. We work along side partner agencies including Housing, Social Work and Education to ensure a co-ordinated, intelligence led proactivity to identify offenders and protect victims. Investigation and Scrutiny of Violent crimes is carried out by CID officers.					
2	Murder	2	2	same number	0.0%
There has been 2 murders committed in Renfrewshire within the last year, both of these have been detected. The Force Major Investigation Team carry out the investigation with local Community Impact Assessment being carried out and delivered locally to ensure that any risks are addressed.					
3	Attempted Murder	15	11	4 more	36.4%
There have been 4 more victims of attempted murder this year. We continue to look at every opportunity to detect serious offences and deter further escalation by conducting pro-active patrols and working closely with partner agencies. We use analytical tools to identify problematic area and utilise local and force assets to give concentrated attention to identified problematic areas and actively pursue offenders.					
4	Culpable Homicide (common law)	1	0	1 more	-
Culpable homicide refers to the intentional killing that is not murderous or unlawful where death was not intended or probable. There has been one offence committed within Renfrewshire which is detected.					
5	Culpable Homicide (other)	0	0	None	-
6	Serious Assault detection rate	78.5%	82.1%		-3.6%
The detection rate for serious assault in Renfrewshire remains high at 78.5%, all undetected serious assaults are subject to ongoing review by senior detective officers.					
7	Serious Assault	130	95	35 more	36.8%
The number of serious assault offences committed has increased. The definition of a serious assault has broadened this year meaning that crimes that were previously recorded as minor assaults are now classified as serious. Further to this a large number of these offences are committed within private space making prevention and intervention difficult. We work closely with Renfrewshire Council and other housing providers to challenge anti-social behaviour within dwelling homes through the use of anti-social behaviour legislation.					
8	Robbery detection rate	84.0%	74.7%		9.3%
The robbery detection rate is 84%. All undetected robberies are scrutinised and investigated by CID officers.					
9	Robbery	50	75	25 fewer	-33.3%
There have been 25 fewer victims of robbery this year, we continue to work on preventing these crimes with a partnership approach to prevention and intervention. Through joint information sharing and tasking additional officers from the police and warden services are deployed in the right place at the right to prevent such acts.					
10	Common assault detection rate	81.4%	78.6%		2.8%
The detection rate for common assault offences is 81.4%. Divisional officers are supported by our Alcohol and Violence Reduction Unit (AVRU) who assist with the investigation of these offences and pursue every opportunity to detect offenders.					

11	Common assault	1,603	1,564	39 more	2.5%
There have been 39 more common assault. Officers continue to carry out daily offender management prevention activities to ensure known party flats are visited to prevent further acts. Intelligence led policing allows officers to focus activity on hot spot disorder locations which are informed by the local community and local intelligence gathering, as well as our continued commitment and focus on the responsible supply and sale of alcohol.					
12	Number of complaints regarding disorder	7,636	8,405	769 fewer	-9.1%
The number of complaints regarding disorder has reduced, all disorder related complaints are addressed at the daily Partnership Hub meeting and Youth Services and the wardens assist with these where applicable.					

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Violence, Disorder & Antisocial Behaviour (continued)					
		Apr 2015 - Feb 2016	Apr 2014 - Feb 2015	Victims	% Change
13	Number of Domestic Abuse Incidents Reported to the Police	1,941	2,041		-4.9%
The number of domestic incidents reported to police has fallen by 7.8%. All domestic incidents are thoroughly investigated ensuring the victim is supported and updated throughout the enquiry. We have a dedicated domestic abuse unit who carry out protracted enquiries. We also work closely with other agencies such as ASIST and Social Work to ensure victims are given appropriate advice and guidance.					
14	Total Crimes and offences in domestic abuse incidents	1,273	1,441		-11.7%
The number of crimes committed within domestic abuse incidents has reduced by 11.7%. Domestic abuse has been a high priority for Police Scotland for a number of years and in Renfrewshire we have conducted a number of high profile campaigns ensuring that victims know they have the full support of the police and have the confidence to report incidents early to prevent escalation.					
15	Percentage of Domestic Incidents that result in a crime being recorded	50.2%	50.6%		-0.4%
The percentage of domestic incidents that result in a crime being recorded has reduced by 0.4%					
16	Total crimes and offences in domestic abuse incidents detection rate	85.9%	79.6%		6.3%
The detection rate for domestic abuse cases remains high at 85.9%. Divisional officers who attend the scene of these incidents are supported by specialist departments who offer advice and support during the investigation. We work closely with other agencies to ensure all information which may assist in detecting these offences is shared.					
17	Total Detections for Domestic Bail Offences	143	170		-15.9%
The number of detections for domestic bail offences has fallen by 15.9%. Domestic bail conditions are issued by the court. We ensure these are being adhered to by carrying out offender warnings and intervention visits.					

18	Ensure 95% of domestic abuse initial bail checks are conducted within a prescribed timeframe (24hrs)	97.3%	-		-
97.3% of domestic abuse initial bail checks are conducted within the prescribed timeframe.					
19	Hate Crime and offences detection rate	80.5%	84.0%		-3.5%
The detection rate for hate crimes and offences is 80.5%. We continue to offer third party reporting and hate crimes inputs to staff in other agencies and to local residents to raise awareness and reassure the public.					
Violence, Disorder & Antisocial Behaviour - Stop and Searches					
		Jun 2015 - Feb 2016	Jun 2015 - Feb 2016 (Positive)	Victims	% Change
20	Number of stop and searches conducted (total)	3,163	821		
21	Number of statutory stop and searches conducted	2,671	784		
22	Number of consensual stop and searches conducted	492	37		
23	Number of consensual stop and searches refused	10	-		
24	Number of seizures made	993	-		
An enhanced version of the National Stop & Search Database commenced on 1 June 2015. The enhanced database brought significant changes in the process of data capture and the methodology for recording data items. No previous year to date figures are provided as it has been previously acknowledged this data is not 100% accurate, therefore comparisons will provide misleading results or invalid conclusions. Management Information and data in respect of stop and search can be found on the Police Scotland website via http://www.scotland.police.uk/about-us/police-scotland/stop-and-search-data-publication					

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Additional Identified Local Priorities					
		Apr 2015 - Feb 2016	Apr 2014 - Feb 2015	Victims	% Change
25	Number of detections for drugs supply, drugs productions, drugs cultivation	199	206		-3.4%
Community Policing Teams attend local Community Council meetings and other public events in order to gather intelligence relating to these offences. This in turn has assisted our Violence Reduction Unit in successfully obtaining and executing warrants and detecting drugs offences. Following successful convictions, we work with colleagues in housing and the Social Protection Team to disrupt drug dealers by examining opportunities around ASBO's and tenancies.					
26	Theft by housebreaking (including attempts) detection rate	20.1%	17.1%		3.0%
The detection rate for housebreaking (including attempts, garden sheds, garages) has increased by 3%. Our dedicated housebreaking team continue to examine every opportunity to investigate this crime type making use of scenes of crime, media and neighbourhood officers where appropriate					
27	Theft by housebreaking (including attempts)	497	537	40 fewer	-7.4%
There have been 40 fewer victims of housebreaking. We use media and campaigns to raise awareness about protecting property and offer crime prevention advice where required.					

28	Theft by shoplifting detection rate	77.9%	77.8%		0.1%
The detection rate for theft by shoplifting remains high at 77.9%.					
29	Theft by shoplifting	729	773	44 fewer	-5.7%
The number of shoplifting offences committed has decreased. This can be attributed to our dedicated officers within Town Centres and Shopping Malls, these officers build up a local knowledge of known offenders and build relationships with the local businesses providing them with preventative and security advice.					
30	Vandalism & Malicious Mischief detection rate	19.0%	17.9%		1.1%
The detection rate for vandalism and malicious mischief is 19%.					
31	Vandalism & Malicious Mischief	1,335	1,286	49 more	3.8%
We work within our schools to educate children about the effect of vandalism on the victim and within our community.					
32	Number of detections for Consuming Alcohol in a designated place (where appropriate byelaws exist)	1383	1627		-15.0%
The number of person consuming alcohol in a public place has decreased by 15%. We continue to patrol in public places particularly in peak holiday and summer periods and work with our licenced traders to encourage responsible drinking and reduce anti-social behaviour associated with drinking in public.					
Public Protection					
		Apr 2015 - Feb 2016	Apr 2014 - Feb 2015	Victims	% Change
33	Number of Sexual Crimes	236	248	12 fewer	-4.8%
The number of sexual crimes committed has reduced by 4.8%, with 12 fewer victims. In the majority of offences the perpetrator is known to the victim – the number of offences carried out by strangers is very low. Investigation of all sexual crimes are investigated with the same thoroughness regardless of when they were committed. The Public Protection Unit are dedicated to these investigations and all sexual crimes are scrutinised daily to ensure investigations are progressed.					
34	Sexual Crimes detection rate	63.1%	72.6%		-9.5%
The detection rate for sexual crime is 63.1%. Enquiries into sexual crimes can often be protracted and complex, with detections often relying on forensic results.					
35	Rape detection rate	34.0%	76.7%		-42.7%
The detection rate for rape is 34%. We have a dedicated divisional rape investigation unit to ensure all lines of enquiry are thoroughly investigated and the victim is supported throughout.					

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Road Traffic Casualty Statistics				
	Apr 2015 - Feb 2016	Apr 2014 - Feb 2015	Victims	% Change
People Killed	2	5	3 fewer	-60.0%

People Seriously injured	35	30	5 more	16.7%
People Slightly Injured	223	255	32 fewer	-12.5%
(Context)				
Children (aged<16) Killed	0	0	None	-
Children (aged<16) Seriously Injured	4	4	same number	0.0%
<p>There have been 2 people killed and 35 people seriously injured on Renfrewshire roads since April 2015. The number of people slightly injured has reduced by 12.5%</p> <p>We use analytical data to highlight roads which may present a risk and then produce a plan to prevent this risk. We work with colleagues in Renfrewshire Council Roads Department and TRANSERV. Plans may include high visibility patrols, static speeding checks or media publication to enhance driver behaviour. Our Divisional Roads Policing Department has hosted a number of events in Renfrewshire this year offering safety advice and checks on vehicles which have been well attended by the public and our schools liaison officer and neighbourhood teams have incorporated road safety into their inputs to schools children.</p>				

Road Safety & Road Crime					
		Apr 2015 - Feb 2016	Apr 2014 - Feb 2015	Victims	% Change
36	Dangerous driving	66	48		37.5%
37	Speeding	1,233	1,888		-34.7%
38	Disqualified driving	22	16		37.5%
39	Driving Licence	189	176		7.4%
40	Insurance	473	401		18.0%
41	Seat Belts	184	329		-44.1%
42	Mobile Phone	246	469		-47.5%
<p>Road Policing Officers conduct high visibility patrols and static road checks to ensure all offences committed on our roads are dealt with appropriately. We also utilise the media to enhance driver behaviour.</p>					

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Public Confidence			
		Apr 2015 - Feb 2016	
		Number of Complaints about the Police	Number of Complaints per 10,000 Police Incidents

43	Complaints received about the Police	160		32.0	
(Context)					
		On Duty Allegations	Off Duty Allegations	Quality of Service Allegations	Total Number of Allegations
44	Total Allegations Recorded	195	0	50	245
(Context)					

Scottish Crime Recording Standard Quarter 1/2 Audit 2015/16 <i>(not available at Local Authority level but detailed at Divisional and Force level for information purposes)</i>								
45	Audit 1 - Crime Related Incidents and Associated Recorded Crime Audit 2015/16 - Quarters 1/2 (April to September)	Test 1 - Incidents			Test 2 - Recorded Crime			
		Incidents Audited	No. of errors	SCRS Compliance	Crimes Audited	No. of Recording Errors	SCRS Compliance	
		K Division	150	8	94.67%	95	6	93.68%
		Force	2,372	146	93.84%	1,543	80	94.82%
Details of the methodology for Audit 1 can be found in Appendix A								
46	Audit 2 - Divisional Crime Audit 2015/16 - Quarter 2 (July to September)				Crimes Audited	No. of Recording Errors	SCRS Compliance	
	K Division				227	17	92.51%	
	Force				3,171	201	93.66%	
Details of the methodology for Audit 2 can be found in Appendix A								
47	Audit 3 - "No Crime" Audit 2015/16 - Quarters 1/2 (April to September)				No. of "No Crimes Audited"	No. of Errors	SCRS Compliance	
	K Division				52	1	98.08%	
	Force				999	39	96.10%	
Details of the methodology for Audit 3 can be found in Appendix A								

APPENDIX "A" - AUDIT METHODOLOGY

Audit 1 - Crime Related Incidents and Associated Recorded Crime

The audit sample was selected from Command and Control incidents over a specific four day period with initial call types CR-60 to CR-79 within the Crime category, and incidents with initial call types AB-57 Communications, AB-58 Hate Crime, PW-40 Domestic Incident and PW-76 Child Protection. The incident sample selected for audit ensured, working to a 95% confidence level with a confidence interval of +/-3%, that the sample audited was statistically representative of all incidents of this type recorded during the four day audit period. A formula was applied to the total number of incidents per Command Area and apportioned out between Divisions in that Command Area in order to obtain sample sizes. These were subject to a minimum of 150 and a maximum of 300 per Division.

Compliance in each of the two Tests is achieved with a result of **95%** or above.

The audit tested:

Test 1 – Crime Related Incidents

- That incidents initially inferring a crime or apparent criminal activity and closed as a non-crime contained a satisfactory narrative to eliminate any inference of criminality and fully justify a non-crime disposal.
- That each incident clearly indicated a crime or non-crime as a disposal on the incident text.
- Where an incident was closed as a crime, the corresponding crime record was traced.

Test 2 – Recorded Crime

- The correct application of SCRS on recorded crimes in respect of the Scottish Government Counting Rules and the correct classification of crimes. In terms of compliance with SCRS each individual crime over or under-recorded, or incorrectly classified was counted as having failed the audit.

Audit 2 - Recording of Specific Crime Types (Divisional Crime Audit)

To ensure that a number of different areas of crime recording are represented by Audit 2, samples were obtained from the following categories:

- Assault (Common Assault only)
- Group 1 Crime (Crimes of violence)
- Group 2 Crime (Sexual offences)
- Group 3 Crime (Crimes of dishonesty)
- Group 4 Crime (Damage to property)
- Other Crimes from Groups 5, 6 and 7

While not as statistically representative of all records within the audit period as Audit 1, the sample sizes in Audit 2 were weighted to take into account higher volumes of crime being recorded in some Divisions subject to a minimum of 100 records and a maximum of 300 records.

The audit tested the correct application of SCRS on recorded crimes in respect of the Scottish Government Counting Rules and the correct classification of crimes. In terms of compliance with

SCRS each individual crime over or under-recorded, or incorrectly classified was counted as having failed the audit.

Compliance in this audit is achieved with a result of **95%** or above.

Audit 3 - Crime Records Reclassified to "No Crime"

The third principle of SCRS states "once recorded, a crime will remain recorded unless there is credible evidence to disprove that a crime had occurred".

The audit tested the correct application of this principle in respect of recorded crime which was reclassified to "No Crime" following Police enquiry into the reported circumstances. In terms of compliance with SCRS each individual crime reclassified incorrectly was counted as having failed the audit.

The sample sizes in Audit 3 were weighted to take into account the higher number of records reclassified to "No Crime" in some Divisions subject to a minimum of 50 and a maximum of 100.

Compliance in this audit is achieved with a result of **95%** or above.

In order to allow Divisions a reasonable period of time to ensure that records are complete and compliant with SCRS, audits are generally undertaken once a period of three months from the date of the incident/crime has elapsed. Any record incomplete at the time of audit will be audited based on the information available at the time.