CLYDE MUIRSHIEL PARK AUTHORITY

To:	Joint Committee			
On:	6 September 2019			
Repo	ort by: Audit Scotland			
Head	ling: Annual Audit Report 2018-19			
1.	Summary			
1.1	At the meeting of the Joint Committee on 21 June 2019 a report on the unaudited accounts for the year ended 31 March was noted.			
1.2	The audit certificate issued by Audit Scotland provides an unqualified opinion that the annual accounts presents a true and fair view of the financial position of the Joint Committee as at 31 March 2019, in accordance with the accounting policies detailed in the accounts.			
1.3	A member of the Audit Scotland will present this paper report and answer any questions.			
2	Recommendations			
2.1	It is recommended that members note the report by Audit Scotland.			

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Clyde Muirshiel Park Authority Joint Committee

6 September 2019

Clyde Muirshiel Park Authority Joint Committee

Audit of 2018/19 annual accounts

Independent auditor's report

Our audit work on the 2018/19 annual accounts is now substantially complete. Subject to receipt of a revised set of annual accounts for final review, we anticipate being able to issue unqualified audit opinions in the independent auditor's report on 10 September 2019 (the proposed report is attached at Appendix A).

Annual audit report

- 2. Under International Standards on Auditing in the UK, we report specific matters arising from the audit of the financial statements to those charged with governance of a body in sufficient time to enable appropriate action. We present for the Joint Committee's consideration our draft Annual Audit Report on the 2018/19 audit. The section headed "Significant findings from the audit in accordance with ISA 260" sets out the issues identified in respect of the annual accounts.
- 3. The report also sets out conclusions from our consideration of the four audit dimensions that frame the wider scope of public audit as set out in the Code of Audit Practice. As outlined within our Annual Audit Plan, due to the nature and size of Clyde Muirshiel Park Authority, we have assessed the extent of wider dimensions work and concluded that a reduced scope, as outlined in paragraph 53 of the Code of Audit Practice, can be applied.
- 4. This report will be issued in final form after the annual accounts have been certified.

Unadjusted misstatements

5. We also report to those charged with governance all unadjusted misstatements which we have identified during our audit, other than those of a trivial nature and request that these misstatements be corrected. We have no unadjusted misstatements to be corrected.

Fraud, subsequent events and compliance with laws and regulations

6. In presenting this report to the Joint Committee, we seek confirmation from those charged with governance of any instances of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud; any subsequent events that have occurred since the date of the financial statements; or material non-compliance with laws and regulations affecting the entity that should be brought to our attention.

Representations from Section 95 Officer

- 7. As part of the completion of our audit, we are seeking written representations from the Treasurer, as the Section 95 Officer, on aspects of the annual accounts, including the judgements and estimates made.
- 8. A draft letter of representation is attached at **Appendix B**. This should be signed and returned to us by the Treasurer with the signed annual accounts prior to the independent auditor's report being certified.

APPENDIX A: Proposed Independent Auditor's Report

Independent auditor's report to the members of Clyde Muirshiel Park Authority Joint Committee and the Accounts Commission

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion on financial statements

I certify that I have audited the financial statements in the annual accounts of Clyde Muirshiel Park Authority for the year ended 31 March 2019 under Part VII of the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973. The financial statements comprise the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement, Movement in Reserves Statement, Balance Sheet and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the European Union, and as interpreted and adapted by the Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2018/19 (the 2018/19 Code).

In my opinion the accompanying financial statements:

- give a true and fair view in accordance with applicable law and the 2018/19 Code of the state of affairs of the body as at 31 March 2019 and of its income and expenditure for the year then ended:
- have been properly prepared in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the European Union, as interpreted and adapted by the 2018/19 Code; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Local Government (Scotland)
 Act 1973, The Local Authority Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2014, and the Local Government in Scotland Act 2003.

Basis for opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)), as required by the Code of Audit Practice approved by the Accounts Commission for Scotland. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of my report. I was appointed under arrangements approved by the Accounts Commission on 10 April 2017. The period of total uninterrupted appointment is three years. I am independent of the body in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to my audit of the financial statements in the UK including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard, and I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. Non-audit services prohibited by the Ethical Standard were not provided to the body. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern basis of accounting

I have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require me to report to you where:

- the use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the Treasurer has not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties
 that may cast significant doubt about the body's ability to continue to adopt the going concern
 basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial
 statements are authorised for issue.

Risks of material misstatement

I have reported in a separate Annual Audit Report, which is available from the <u>Audit Scotland website</u>, the most significant assessed risks of material misstatement that I identified and my conclusions thereon.

Responsibilities of the Treasurer and the Joint Committee for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Statement of Responsibilities, the Treasurer is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the financial reporting framework, and for such internal control as the Treasurer determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Treasurer is responsible for assessing the body's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless deemed inappropriate.

The Joint Committee is responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. The capability of the audit to detect fraud and other irregularities depends on factors such as the skilfulness of the perpetrator, the frequency and extent of manipulation, the degree of collusion involved, the relative size of individual amounts manipulated, and the seniority of those individuals involved. I therefore design and perform audit procedures which respond to the assessed risks of material misstatement due to fraud.

A further description of the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of my auditor's report.

Other information in the annual accounts

The Treasurer is responsible for the other information in the annual accounts. The other information comprises the information other than the financial statements, the audited part of the Remuneration Report, and my auditor's report thereon. My opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and I do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon except on matters prescribed by the Accounts Commission to the extent explicitly stated later in this report.

In connection with my audit of the financial statements, my responsibility is to read all the other information in the annual accounts and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or my knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If I identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, I am required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work I have performed, I conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, I am required to report that fact. I have nothing to report in this regard.

Report on other requirements

Opinions on matters prescribed by the Accounts Commission

In my opinion, the audited part of the Remuneration Report has been properly prepared in accordance with The Local Authority Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2014.

In my opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Management Commentary for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements and that report has been prepared in accordance with statutory guidance issued under the Local Government in Scotland Act 2003; and
- the information given in the Governance Statement for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements and that report has been prepared in accordance with the Delivering Good Governance in Local Government: Framework (2016).

Matters on which I am required to report by exception

I am required by the Accounts Commission to report to you if, in my opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept; or
- the financial statements and the audited part of the Remuneration Report are not in agreement with the accounting records; or
- I have not received all the information and explanations I require for my audit.

I have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

Conclusions on wider scope responsibilities

In addition to my responsibilities for the annual accounts, my conclusions on the wider scope responsibilities specified in the Code of Audit Practice, are set out in my Annual Audit Report.

Use of my report

This report is made solely to the parties to whom it is addressed in accordance with Part VII of the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973 and for no other purpose. In accordance with paragraph 120 of the Code of Audit Practice, I do not undertake to have responsibilities to members or officers, in their individual capacities, or to third parties.

Mark Ferris
Audit Scotland
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Glasgow
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September 2019

APPENDIX B: Letter of Representation (ISA 580)

Mark Ferris, Senior Audit Manager Audit Scotland 4th Floor 8 Nelson Mandela Place Glasgow G2 1BT

6 September 2019

Dear Mark

Clyde Muirshiel Park Authority Annual Accounts 2018/19

- 1. This representation letter is provided about your audit of the annual accounts of Clyde Muirshiel Park Authority for the year ended 31 March 2019 for the purpose of expressing an opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view in accordance with the financial reporting framework, and for expressing other opinions on the Remuneration Report, Management Commentary and Governance Statement.
- 2. I confirm to the best of my knowledge and belief and having made appropriate enquiries of the Lead Officer, the following representations given to you in connection with your audit of Clyde Muirshiel Park Authority's annual accounts for the year ended 31 March 2019.

General

3. The Joint Committee and I have fulfilled our statutory responsibilities for the preparation of the 2018/19 annual accounts. All the accounting records, documentation and other matters which I am aware are relevant to the preparation of the annual accounts have been made available to you for the purposes of your audit. All transactions undertaken by Clyde Muirshiel Park Authority have been recorded in the accounting records and are properly reflected in the financial statements.

Financial Reporting Framework

- 4. The annual accounts have been prepared in accordance with the Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2018/19 (2018/19 accounting code), and in accordance with the requirements of the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973, the Local Government in Scotland Act 2003 and The Local Authority Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2014.
- 5. In accordance with the 2014 regulations, I have ensured that the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of Clyde Muirshiel Park Authority at 31 March 2019 and the transactions for 2018/19.

Accounting Policies & Estimates

6. All significant accounting policies applied are as shown in the notes to the financial statements. The accounting policies are determined by the 2018/19 accounting code where applicable. Where the code does not specifically apply, I have used judgement in developing and applying an accounting policy that results in information that is relevant and reliable. All accounting

- policies applied are appropriate to Clyde Muirshiel Park Authority's circumstances and have been consistently applied.
- 7. The significant assumptions used in making accounting estimates are reasonable and properly reflected in the financial statements. Judgements used in making estimates have been based on the latest available, reliable information. Estimates have been revised where there are changes in the circumstances on which the original estimate was based or as a result of new information or experience.

Going Concern Basis of Accounting

8. I have assessed the Joint Committee's ability to continue to use the going concern basis of accounting and have concluded that it is appropriate. I am not aware of any material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt on Clyde Muirshiel Park Authority's ability to continue as a going concern.

Assets

- 9. All assets at 31 March 2019 of which I am aware have been recognised in the annual accounts.
- 10. I carried out an assessment at 31 March 2019 as to whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired and have recognised any impairment losses identified.
- 11. There are no plans or intentions that are likely to affect the carrying value or classification of the assets recognised within the financial statements.
- 12. Owned assets are free from any lien, encumbrance or charge except as disclosed in the financial statements.

Liabilities

- 13. All liabilities at 31 March 2019 of which I am aware have been recognised in the annual accounts.
- 14. The accrual recognised in the financial statements for holiday untaken by 31 March 2019 has been estimated on a reasonable basis.
- 15. The pension assumptions made by the actuary in the IAS 19 report for Clyde Muirshiel Park Authority have been considered and I confirm that they are consistent with management's own view.
- **16.** There are no plans or intentions that are likely to affect the carrying value or classification of the liabilities recognised in the financial statements.

Contingent liabilities

17. There are no significant contingent liabilities, other than those disclosed in note 17 to the financial statements, arising either under formal agreement or through formal undertakings requiring disclosure in the accounts. All known contingent liabilities have been fully and properly disclosed, including any outstanding legal claims which have not been provided under the 2018/19 accounting code and IAS 37.

Fraud

- **18.** I have provided you with all information in relation to:
 - my assessment of the risk that the financial statements may be materially misstated because of fraud
 - any allegations of fraud or suspected fraud affecting the financial statements
 - fraud or suspected fraud that I am aware of involving management, employees who have a significant role in internal control, or others that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Laws and Regulations

19. I have disclosed to you all known instances of non-compliance or suspected non-compliance with laws and regulations whose effects should be considered when preparing financial statements.

Related Party Transactions

20. All material transactions with related parties have been appropriately accounted for and disclosed in the financial statements in accordance with the 2018/19 accounting code. I have made available to you the identity of all the Authority's related parties and all the related party relationships and transactions of which I am aware.

Remuneration Report

21. The Remuneration Report has been prepared in accordance with the Local Authority Accounts (Scotland) Amendment Regulations 2014, and all required information of which I am aware has been provided to you.

Management Commentary

22. I confirm that the Management Commentary has been prepared in accordance with the statutory guidance and the information is consistent with the financial statements.

Corporate Governance

- 23. I confirm that the Joint Committee has undertaken a review of the system of internal control during 2018/19 to establish the extent to which it complies with proper practices set out in the Delivering Good Governance in Local Government: Framework 2016. I have disclosed to you all deficiencies in internal control identified from this review or of which I am otherwise aware.
- 24. I confirm that the Governance Statement has been prepared in accordance with the Delivering Good Governance in Local Government: Framework 2016 and the information is consistent with the financial statements. There have been no changes in the corporate governance arrangements or issues identified, since 31 March 2019, which require to be reflected.

Events Subsequent to the Date of the Balance Sheet

25. All events subsequent to 31 March 2019 for which the 2018/19 accounting code requires adjustment or disclosure have been adjusted or disclosed.

Prior Period Restatements

26. I confirm the prior period restatements in respect of the accounting treatment for reserves in the Balance Sheet, Movement in Reserves Statement, and in the notes to the financial statements are accurate and in line with accounting records.
Yours sincerely
Treasurer

Clyde Muirshiel Park Authority

2018/19 Annual Audit Report - Proposed



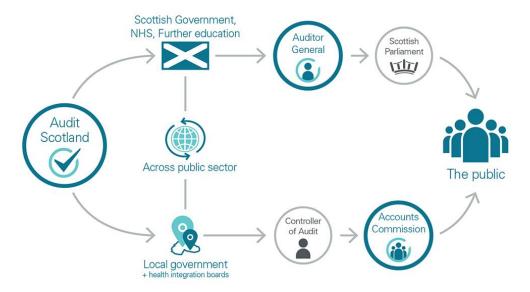


Prepared for the Members of Clyde Muirshiel Park Authority Joint Committee and the Controller of Audit
6 September 2019

Who we are

The Auditor General, the Accounts Commission and Audit Scotland work together to deliver public audit in Scotland:

- The Auditor General is an independent crown appointment, made on the recommendation of the Scottish Parliament, to audit the Scottish Government, NHS and other bodies and report to Parliament on their financial health and performance.
- The Accounts Commission is an independent public body appointed by Scottish ministers to hold local government to account. The Controller of Audit is an independent post established by statute, with powers to report directly to the Commission on the audit of local government.
- Audit Scotland is governed by a board, consisting of the Auditor General, the chair of the Accounts Commission, a non-executive board chair, and two non-executive members appointed by the Scottish Commission for Public Audit, a commission of the Scottish Parliament.



About us

Our vision is to be a world-class audit organisation that improves the use of public money.

Through our work for the Auditor General and the Accounts Commission, we provide independent assurance to the people of Scotland that public money is spent properly and provides value. We aim to achieve this by:

- carrying out relevant and timely audits of the way the public sector manages and spends money
- reporting our findings and conclusions in public
- identifying risks, making clear and relevant recommendations.

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Key messages

2018/19 annual report and accounts

- 1 Clyde Muirshiel Park Authority's financial statements give a true and fair view and were properly prepared.
- 2 An adjustment to pension disclosures and balances was required as a result of a legal judgement. This resulted in an increase of £66,000 to the pension fund liability reported in the Balance Sheet.
- 3 The Management Commentary, the Governance Statement and the audited part of the Remuneration Report, were all consistent with the financial statements and properly prepared in accordance with the applicable requirements.

Financial sustainability

- 4 A deficit of £2,276 was delivered against a budgeted breakeven position which was funded by the use of reserves.
- 5 The 2019/20 financial plan is projecting a funding gap of £20,000. To achieve a balanced budget, management intend to mitigate this through the planned use of reserves. Any additional redundancy costs will be met through additional funding from the member authorities.
- Future financial planning indicates budget gaps in 2020/21 and 2021/22 of £44,000 and £50,800 respectively. These are also expected to be addressed through efficiency savings.
- In our 2016/17 Annual Audit Report, a recommendation was made regarding the policies and procedures within the Governance Framework and their need to be reviewed and updated. This review was not undertaken in 2017/18 and at the time of our 2018/19 audit remained outstanding. Management should make it a priority to complete this review as the current policies and procedures remain out of date and may not reflect the current legislative requirements and CMPA's current situation.

- **1.** This report summarises the findings from our 2018/19 audit of Clyde Muirshiel Park Authority (CMPA).
- **2.** The scope of our audit was set out in our <u>Annual Audit Plan</u> presented to the 15 February 2019 meeting of the Joint Committee. This report comprises the findings from:
 - · an audit of CMPA annual report and accounts
 - consideration of the financial sustainability and Governance Statement.

Adding value through the audit

- 3. We add value to the CMPA through the audit by:
 - identifying and providing insight on significant risks, and making clear and relevant recommendations for improvements
 - reporting our findings and conclusions in public
 - sharing intelligence and good practice through our national reports (Appendix 3) and good practice guides
 - providing clear conclusions on the appropriateness, effectiveness and impact of corporate governance and financial sustainability.
- **4.** In so doing, we aim to help CMPA promote improved standards of governance, better management and decision making and more effective use of resources.

Responsibilities and reporting

- **5.** CMPA has primary responsibility for ensuring the proper financial stewardship of public funds. This includes preparing annual accounts that are in accordance with proper accounting practices. CMPA is also responsible for compliance with legislation putting arrangements in place for governance, propriety and regularity that enable it to successfully deliver its objectives.
- **6.** Our responsibilities as independent auditor appointed by the Accounts Commission are established by the Local Government in Scotland Act 1973, the *Code of Audit Practice (2016)* and supplementary guidance and International Standards on Auditing in the UK.
- **7.** As public-sector auditors we give independent opinions on the annual report and accounts and conclude on securing financial sustainability and appropriateness of the annual governance statement disclosures. In doing this, we aim to support improvement and accountability.
- **8.** The <u>Code of Audit Practice 2016</u> (the Code) includes provisions relating to the audit of small bodies. Where the application of the full wider audit scope is judged by auditors not to be appropriate to an audited body then the annual audit work can focus on the appropriateness of the disclosures in the governance statement and the financial sustainability of the body and its services. As highlighted in our 2018/19 Annual Audit Plan, due to the volume and lack of complexity of the

financial transactions, we applied the small body provisions of the Code to the 2018/19 audit.

- **9.** The weaknesses or risks identified are only those which have come to our attention during our normal audit work and may not be all that exist. Communicating these does not absolve management from its responsibility to address the issues we raise and to maintain adequate systems of control.
- **10.** Our annual audit report contains an agreed action plan at <u>Appendix 1</u> setting out specific recommendations, responsible officers and dates for implementation.
- **11.** We confirm that we comply with the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard. We have not undertaken any non-audit related services and therefore the 2018/19 audit fee of £1,804 as set out in our Annual Audit Plan, remains unchanged. We are not aware of any relationships that could compromise our objectivity and independence.
- **12.** This report is addressed to both the Joint Committee and the Controller of Audit and will be published on Audit Scotland's website www.audit-scotland.gov.uk in due course.
- **13.** We would like to thank the management and staff for their cooperation and assistance during the audit.

Part 1

Audit of 2018/19 annual report and accounts



Main judgements

CMPA's financial statements give a true and fair view and were properly prepared.

An adjustment to pensions disclosures and balances was required as a result of a legal judgement. This resulted in an increase of £66,000 to the pension fund liability reported in the Balance Sheet.

The Management Commentary, the Governance Statement and the audited part of the Remuneration Report, were all consistent with the financial statements and properly prepared in accordance with the applicable requirements.

The annual report and accounts are the principal means of accounting for the stewardship of its resources and its performance in the use of those resources.

Audit opinions on the annual report and accounts

- **14.** The annual report and accounts for the year ended 31 March 2019 were approved by the Joint Committee on 6 September 2019. We reported, within the independent auditor's report that:
 - the financial statements give a true and fair view and were properly prepared
 - the management commentary, the governance statement and the audited part of the remuneration report, were all consistent with the financial statements and properly prepared in accordance with the applicable requirements
 - we have nothing to report in respect of those matters which we are required by the Accounts Commission to report by exception.

Submission of annual report and accounts for audit

- **15.** We received the unaudited annual report and accounts on 21 June 2019 in line with our agreed audit timetable.
- **16.** The unaudited annual report and accounts provided for audit were complete and of a good standard and finance staff provided good support to the audit team which helped ensure the final accounts audit process ran smoothly.
- **17.** The Local Authority Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2014 required CMPA to give public notice for inspection and objection of the 2018/19 unaudited annual report and accounts by 17 June 2019. The public notice was published on the CMPA website on 26 June 2019 and in a newspaper on 28 June 2019, meaning this deadline was not met.

Risks of material misstatement

- **18.** Appendix 2 provides a description of those assessed risks of material misstatement in the annual report and accounts and any wider audit dimension risks that were identified during the audit planning process. It also summarises the work we have done to gain assurance over the outcome of these risks.
- **19.** We have no issues to report from our work on the risks of material misstatement highlighted in our 2018/19 Annual Audit Plan.

Materiality

- **20.** Misstatements are material if they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken based on the financial statements. When deciding on what is material, we consider both the amount and nature of the misstatement.
- **21.** Our initial assessment of materiality for the annual report and accounts was carried out during the planning phase of the audit and is summarised in Exhibit 1. With regards to the annual accounts, we assess the materiality of uncorrected misstatements both individually and collectively.
- **22.** On receipt of the unaudited annual report and accounts we reviewed our materiality calculations as detailed in <u>Exhibit 1</u>.

Exhibit 1 Materiality values

Materiality level	Amount	
Overall materiality	£11,200	
Performance materiality	£6,700	
Reporting threshold	£1,000	
Source: Audit Scotland		

Significant findings from the audit (ISA 260)

- **23.** International Standard on Auditing (UK) 260 requires us to communicate significant findings from the audit to those charged with governance, including our view about the qualitative aspects of the body's accounting practices covering accounting policies, accounting estimates and financial statements disclosures.
- **24.** The significant findings are summarised in Exhibit 2.
- **25.** We have no significant findings to report around the qualitative aspects of the 2018/19 accounting practices.

Finding Resolution

1. Capital accounting

We recommended in our <u>2017/18 Annual Audit Report</u> that management review how capital expenditure is reflected in the financial statements. This was discussed further with management as part of the 2018/19 audit and it was agreed that capital expenditure would be reflected in the financial statements to reflect the substance of arrangements rather than just their legal form.

This change resulted in new accounting policies for property, plant, and equipment (PPE) and intangible assets being included in the financial statements.

From our work, we concluded that CMPA do not have any PPE or intangible assets which require capitalisation. However, it can be noted that the 2018/19 accounts have been fully updated to reflect this

change in accounting policy.

2. Reserves accounting

We recommended in our 2017/18 Annual Audit Report that management review how reserves are reflected in the financial statements. This was discussed further with management as part of the 2018/19 audit and it was agreed that the accounting treatment for reserves would be updated to reflect the substance of arrangements rather than just their legal form.

This change resulted in a revenue reserve balance being recognised in the financial statements at the year end. Prior year comparatives were also restated to reflect the updated accounting treatment. The revenue reserve balance reflects accumulated surpluses that have been generated in previous years which are available to CMPA.

The audit recommendation has been fully implemented by management within the 2018/19 financial statements.

3. Pension fund liability legal judgement

Legal cases were brought against the UK government regarding the transition arrangements made in each of the pensions schemes for judges and firefighters. These arrangements came into effect as part of the move from a Final Salary Pension Scheme to a Career Average Pension Scheme in 2015 and included certain protections for active members of the schemes.

The claimants successfully argued, in the resultant Employment Tribunal hearing, that some elements of the protection measures were unlawful on the grounds of age discrimination. The Employment Tribunal's ruling on this matter was upheld by the Supreme Court in June 2019.

As this would have an impact on the transition arrangements of all government backed pension schemes, the council instructed, on behalf of CMPA, the actuary to the Strathclyde Pension Fund to quantify the impact on CMPA's pension fund liability. The actuary estimated that the impact from this case is to increase CMPA's pension fund liability by £66,000.

The impact of this adjustment resulted in a £66,000 increase to the pension fund liability reported in the Balance Sheet from £0.527 million to £0.593 million, with a matching increase in the unusable pension reserve. This also results in a £65,000 increase in the pension cost charge incorporated within the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure

The financial statements were updated to reflect the impact of the legal judgement on the pension fund liability.

Finding Resolution

Statement in the accounts. As these adjustments are fully mitigated by a statutory adjustment, they have no impact on the £2,676 deficit reported in the general fund reserve balance in the unaudited accounts.

4. Cashflow Statement

As part of audit work during the year, we had discussions with management on the presentation of the financial statements and the requirement for a Cashflow Statement. CMPA does not have a bank account and all income and expenditure transactions are processed through Renfrewshire Council's (as the administering authority) bank account. The only cash held by CMPA is petty cash which amounted to £1,700 at the year end.

As a result, it was agreed that the Cashflow Statement could be removed as the cash held by CMPA was not significant and the Cashflow Statement should only reflect cash transactions processed by CMPA, of which there were none. The financial statements were updated to remove the Cashflow Statement.

Source: Audit Scotland

How we evaluate misstatements

26. It is our responsibility to request that all misstatements, other than those below the reporting threshold, are corrected. The final decision on this lies with those charged with governance considering advice from senior officers and materiality. There was one material adjustment to the unaudited financial statements which is outlined in Exhibit 2. There were no other errors above the reporting threshold.

Follow up of prior year recommendations

- **27.** We have followed up actions previously reported and assessed progress. Two agreed actions were raised in 2017/18 and both have been fully actioned.
- **28.** As detailed in Exhibit 2, during the 2017/18 audit, we noted that CMPA had incurred expenditure which was capital in nature. The financial statements disclosed that CMPA did not have the power to hold assets, therefore any capital expenditure was treated as revenue expenditure.
- **29.** A similar disclosure issue was identified in respect of CMPA's reserves. The financial statements outlined that the Joint Committee had no specific powers to hold reserves, therefore reserves were transferred to creditors. Any reserves that have been built up will ultimately be returned to the member councils upon the cessation of CMPA or when the Joint Committee decides to reimburse the reserves to member councils.
- **30.** The Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom states that for financial statements to be useful, they must provide a faithful representation of financial information with the substance of a transaction/process being reported as opposed to its legal form.
- **31.** We recommended that management should review how capital expenditure and reserves were disclosed within the financial statements.
- **32.** For the 2018/19 financial statements, management have revised their accounting treatment and now recognise assets and reserves within the financial statements. As detailed in Exhibit 2, we concluded that CMPA do not have any PPE or intangible assets which required capitalisation, However, management have implemented a policy that will result in capital expenditure being capitalised in

future if requirements are met. The Balance Sheet has been restated to reflect the impact of the change in the reserves accounting treatment.

- **33.** We also recommended that management review the inventories disclosure in the financial statements as this had little detail and only the total balance was reported. Additional information should be disclosed on material balances. While this was not material based on our materiality levels, management had made additional disclosures for other balances with a smaller value. Therefore, to be consistent, management should enhance the inventories disclosure.
- 34. A more detailed note on inventories has been included within the 2018/19 financial statements. This was tested and concluded as being appropriate.
- 35. Two agreed actions from our 2016/17 audit remained outstanding during our 2017/18 audit. We reviewed progress made by management in addressing these outstanding recommendations as part of our 2018/19 audit. One recommendation remains outstanding as detailed at Appendix 1.

Part 2

Financial sustainability



Main judgements

CMPA incurred a deficit of £2,276 in 2018/19 which is slightly above the budgeted breakeven position. The deficit was managed through the planned use of reserves.

The 2019/20 financial plan is projecting a funding gap of £20,000. To achieve a balanced budget, management intend to mitigate this through the planned use of reserves. Any additional redundancy costs will be met through additional funding from the member authorities.

Future financial planning indicates budget gaps in 2020/21 and 2021/22 of £44,000 and £50,800 respectively. These are also expected to be addressed through efficiency savings.

We made an initial and follow up recommendation in our 2016/17 and 2017/18 Annual Audit Reports respectively, highlighting the need to review and update the Governance Framework. Despite management setting target dates of 31 March 2018 and 31 March 2019 respectively, this review has yet to be completed.

Financial sustainability looks forward to the medium and longer term to consider whether the body is planning effectively to continue to deliver its services or the way in which they should be delivered.

Financial performance in 2018/19

- **36.** The Joint Committee approved the 2018/19 budget in February 2018. Total budgeted expenditure was £1.023 million and total budgeted income was £0.963 million. This resulted in a budget gap of £60,000 that management planned to meet through efficiency savings.
- **37.** Actual outturn in 2018/19 was total expenditure of £1.024 million and total income of £1.022 million. This resulted in a deficit of £2,276 for the year compared to a budgeted breakeven position

Short term financial planning

- **38.** The largest source of income for CMPA is requisitions from members of the Joint Committee. Requisition income decreased from £0.693 million in 2017/18 to £0.576 million in 2018/19. Other sources of income include grant funding from external bodies and agencies, income generated through services provided to the public and income generated from sales at its cafes and shop.
- **39.** The Joint Committee approved the 2019/20 budget in February 2019. However, it was noted within the report that in agreeing the prior 2018/19 budget and associated requisitions, the Joint Committee had agreed that options be developed to address the financial outlook for CMPA due to the reduction in requisition income.
- **40.** At February 2019, as the ongoing service review and associated voluntary redundancy exercise remained in progress and would materially impact the

2019/20 budget position for CMPA, it was proposed that a revised budget be presented to the Joint Committee in June 2019.

41. In June 2019 the Joint committee approved the revised 2019/20 budget. Total budgeted expenditure was £0.944 million and total budgeted income was £0.924 million. This resulted in a budget gap of £20,000 that is to be addressed through the use of reserves. This funding gap is due to anticipated voluntary redundancy costs with any additional redundancy costs incurred being met through additional funding from the member authorities.

Medium to long term financial planning

- **42.** We reviewed the financial planning systems and assessed how effective they are in identifying and addressing risks to financial sustainability across the medium and long term.
- 43. As part of the budget setting process, revenue estimates are prepared for a three year period. This allows management and members to identify pressures and take early actions to mitigate against these pressures.
- 44. As part of the service review detailed above revised requisitions are proposed as per the financial principles agreed by the Joint Committee in February 2019 as detailed below:
 - the one-off costs of the early release of staff will be funded from reserves in the first instance; with a minimum level of reserves equivalent to 8% of turnover (broadly £75,000) being held in order to mitigate against future financial risks
 - early release costs over and above this level are to be funded by each authority in proportion to their requisition level in 2017/18
 - reduced costs from the early release of staff will be utilised to address the recurring deficit currently being incurred.
 - any opportunity for further reductions in requisition as a result of the voluntary release exercise will be allocated between Invercive Council (30%) and Renfrewshire Council (70%) (those proportions being based on 2019/20 requisition). No further requisition reduction will be allocated to North Ayrshire Council on the basis that a 60% reduction in requisition was agreed in 2018/19, with Inverclyde and Renfrewshire Council's reduction being 9.5% respectively.
- **45.** As outlined in paragraph 41, the 2019/20 budget identifies a budget gap of £20,000. The budget also forecasts a budget gap in 2020/21 and 2021/22 of £44,000 and £50,800 respectively. These are also expected to be addressed through efficiency savings.
- **46.** From the work carried out, we have concluded that CMPA has adequate financial planning arrangements in place. Cost and revenue pressures are expected to continue in the medium term. However, the financial planning arrangements in place have allowed management to plan for these pressures and ensure necessary actions are taken when required.

Governance Statement

47. Our review of the Governance Statement assessed the assurances which are provided to the Interim Park Manager and Lead Officer regarding the adequacy and effectiveness of the committee's system of internal control which operated in the financial year. The statement also summarises internal audit findings with the Chief Internal Auditor's annual assurance statement concluding 'that a reasonable level of assurance can be placed upon the adequacy and effectiveness of the Joint Committee's governance framework, risk management and internal control'.

- **48.** We concluded that the information in the Governance Statement is consistent with the financial statements and complies with the guidance issued by the Scottish Ministers.
- **49.** The statement outlines the Minute of Agreement, Procedural Standing Orders, Scheme of Delegation and Financial Regulations are some of the main features of the governance arrangements. In our <u>2016/17 Annual Audit Report</u>, a recommendation was made regarding the policies and procedures within the Governance Framework and their need to be reviewed and updated. This was followed up in our 2017/18 Annual Audit Report and it was confirmed this review was outstanding.



Management should make it a priority to complete this review as the current policies and procedures remain out of date and may not reflect the current legislative requirements and CMPA's current situation.

EU Withdrawal

- **50.** There remains significant uncertainty surrounding the terms of the UK's withdrawal from the European Union (EU). EU withdrawal will inevitably have implications for devolved government in Scotland and for audited bodies. It is critical that public sector bodies are working to understand, assess and prepare for the impact on their business in three broad areas:
 - workforce the extent to which potential changes to migration are likely to affect the availability of the people and skills needed to deliver services
 - funding the extent to which potential changes to existing EU funding programmes are likely to affect the finances of public bodies and the activity that such funding supports
 - regulation the extent to which potential changes to EU regulations are likely to affect the activities of some public bodies.
- **51.** Renfrewshire Council is the lead authority for CMPA. As a result, CMPA is expected to follow and reflect the work done by the council in preparation for EU withdrawal. As such, assurance can be taken over the work being done at Renfrewshire Council which was considered to be appropriate.

Appendix 1

Action plan 2018/19



No. I

2016/17

Issue/risk

1 Governance policies and b/f procedures

A review of governance policies and procedures was carried out and a number of polices require to be updated. These include the:

- scheme of delegation
- contract standing orders
- financial regulations and financial codes
- minute of agreement

Without up to date policies and procedures there is a risk that functions are not delivered effectively and failures in governance could occur.

Recommendation

2016/17 recommendation

It is recommended that these policies and procedures are reviewed and updated to reflect the current situation of CMPA.

Agreed management action/timing

2016/17 management response

The following will be reviewed and updated as appropriate:

- scheme of delegation
- contract standing orders
- financial regulations and financial codes
- minute of agreement

Responsible officer: Regional Park Manager

Target date: 31 March 2018

2017/18 recommendation

A review of Joint Committee papers and attendance at meetings has identified these policies and procedures have still not been reviewed and updated. The risk identified in 2016/17 has not been addressed.

2018/19 recommendation

Management should make it a priority to complete this review as the current policies and procedures remain out of date and may not reflect the current legislative requirements and CMPA's current situation.

2017/18 management response

The policies and procedures will be reviewed and updated as appropriate.

Responsible officer: New Interim Park Manager

Revised date: 31 March 2019

2018/19 management response

The revised documents will be presented to the three member Council Boards between September and December 2019 and then to the Joint Committee for approval by March 2020.

Responsible officer: Interim Park Manager / Lead Officer

Appendix 2

Significant audit risks identified during planning

The table below sets out the audit risks we identified during our planning of the audit and how we addressed each risk in arriving at our conclusion. The risks are categorised between those where there is a risk of material misstatement in the annual report and accounts and those relating our wider responsibility under the *Code of Audit Practice 2016*.

A	udit risk	Assurance procedure	Results and conclusions			
Ri	Risks of material misstatement in the financial statements					
1	Risk of management override of controls ISA 240 requires that audit work is planned to consider the risk of fraud, which is presumed to be a significant risk in any audit. This includes consideration of the risk of management override of controls to change the position disclosed in the financial statements.	Detailed testing of journal entries. Review of accounting estimates. Focused testing of accruals and prepayments.	No unusual or inappropriate transactions were identified as part of our detailed journal testing.			
work risk o to be audit. consi mana contro			A review of accounting estimates did not show any evidence of bias.			
		Evaluation of significant transactions that are outside the normal course of business.	Focused testing of accruals and prepayments did not identify any balances that were incorrectly held on the Balance Sheet.			
			Focused testing on a sample of transactions outside the normal course of business did not show any evidence of management override of controls.			
			Conclusion: no evidence of management override of controls.			
2	Risk of fraud over income Clyde Muirshiel Park Authority receives a significant amount of income from several sources including, income generated from sales, fees and charges. The extent and complexity of income means that, in accordance with ISA240, there is an inherent risk of fraud.	Analytical procedures on income streams.	Analytical procedures were			
		Detailed testing of income transactions focusing on the areas of greatest risk.	carried out over all income streams and satisfactory responses were provided for all significant variances.			
			Detailed testing of revenue transactions confirmed these were normal business transactions and had been accounted for in the correct year.			
			Conclusion: no evidence of fraud over income.			
3	expenditure expenditure streams. carried out streams and personal therefore the risk of fraud is more likely to occur in expenditure. expenditure streams. Detailed testing of expenditure transactions focusing on the areas of greatest risk. Detailed testing of expenditure streams and responses significant or transactions focusing on the areas of greatest risk. Detailed testing of expenditure streams and responses significant or transaction focusing on the areas of greatest risk.	Analytical procedures were carried out over all expenditure				
		transactions focusing on the	streams and satisfactory responses were provided for all significant variances.			
			Detailed testing of expenditure transactions confirmed these			

were normal business

into a single integrated application.

The implementation of Business World during the 2018/19 financial year means that the annual accounts will be prepared using information recorded both before and after the change in system, under two different control environments.

This introduces additional risks:

- The new control environment may be less robust
- Data may not be correctly transferred to the new system
- Differences in the new system may make accounts preparation more challenging

The overall impact of the move to Business World is an

forward balances.

Review of account/cost code mapping from legacy system to Business World.

The work outlined above will be completed as part of the Renfrewshire Council audit and the CMPA audit team will take assurances from that work

Renfrewshire Council.

Detailed testing of transactions processed during the change period and rolled forward balances did not identify any issues.

A review of account code/cost code mapping from the legacy system to Business World did not identify any issues.

Conclusion: audit work carried out did not identify any issues in the roll forward of balances and mapping of account codes/cost centres to the new system.

Audit risk Assurance procedure Results and conclusions increased risk of material misstatement in the annual accounts. This affects CMPA as Renfrewshire Council is the

6 Going concern

Levels of requisition income have decreased significantly over the last few years. At the same time, there have been increasing cost pressures and limitations on increasing income from other sources. These issues raise concerns around the use of the going concern assumption to prepare the financial statements. This was reflected in CMPA's annual accounts 2017/18 which highlighted uncertainties in the use of the going concern assumption to prepare the financial statements.

host authority and CMPA uses

its accounting system.

Due to these pressures, management indicated a review of future operations and governance arrangements would be carried out and reported back to the Joint Committee. This work is ongoing and will be reported back to the Joint Committee to decide what actions should be taken.

The uncertainties in future operations and governance arrangements represent an increased risk of material misstatement in the financial statements.

Review of updates to members and committee papers.

Review of the use of the going concern assumption in the 2018/19 annual accounts and provide an opinion in the independent auditor's report.

From our attendance at Joint Committee meetings and review of minutes, we noted clear revenue estimates are prepared for a three year period. These highlight the financial pressures affecting CMPA and the need to achieve efficiency savings in future years.

Action has been taken by management to mitigate the impact of the financial pressures. In addition, there is greater certainty of funding in the shorter term. This provides assurances over the continuation of services and the use of the going concern assumption to prepare the financial statements.

Conclusion: while there are financial pressures affecting CMPA, the use of the going concern assumption to prepare the accounts is appropriate.

Risks identified from the auditor's wider responsibility under the Code of Audit Practice

7 Financial sustainability

The 2018/19 Revenue Estimates and finance reports to members throughout the year highlight uncertainties in future funding and increasing pressures on available resources. It is likely future savings will need to be made to achieve a breakeven position and maintain reserves at an appropriate level.

Review of budget monitoring reports during the year and comment on the financial position within the annual audit report.

A review of budget monitoring reports and the financial statements highlight higher than planned use of reserves in 2018/19. Going forward, £20,000 of reserves are expected to be used in 2019/20 and efficiency savings are required in 2020/21 and 2021/22 to allow reserves to be maintained at the recommended level of 8% of turnover.

Conclusion: CMPA continues to operate in a challenging financial climate, with

Audit risk	Assurance procedure	Results and conclusions
		difficulties in delivering existing services with the current levels of resources. Management continues to review future savings options.

Appendix 3

Summary of national performance reports 2018/19



Clyde Muirshiel Park Authority

2018/19 Annual Audit Report - Proposed

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